# Installation and service instructions



for contractors

Vitodens 100-W
Type BPJA, 6.5 to 25.0 kW
Wall mounted gas condensing boiler
Natural gas and LPG version
Gas Council no.: 41-819-30, 25 kW; 41-819-31, 29 kW

For applicability, see the last page



### **VITODENS 100-W**



5609 913 GB 1/2012 **Please keep safe.** 

### Safety instructions



Please follow these safety instructions closely to prevent accidents and material losses.

#### Safety instructions explained



#### Danger

This symbol warns against the risk of injury.



#### Please note

This symbol warns against the risk of material losses and environmental pollution.

#### Note

Details identified by the word "Note" contain additional information

#### **Target group**

These instructions are exclusively designed for qualified personnel.

- Work on gas equipment must only be carried out by a qualified gas fitter.
- Work on electrical equipment must only be carried out by a qualified electrician
- The system must be commissioned by the system installer or a qualified person authorised by the installer.

### Regulations

Observe the following when working on this system

- all legal instructions regarding the prevention of accidents,
- all legal instructions regarding environmental protection,
- the Code of Practice of relevant trade associations,

- all current safety regulations as defined by DIN, EN, DVGW, TRGI, TRF, VDE and all locally applicable standards.
- Gas Safety (Installation & Use) Regulations
  - the appropriate Building Regulation either the Building regulations, the Building Regulation (Scotland), Building Regulations (Northern Ireland).
  - the Water Fittings Regulation or Water Bylaws in Scotland,
  - the current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations.

### If you smell gas



### Danger

Escaping gas can lead to explosions which may result in serious injury.

- Never smoke. Prevent naked flames and sparks. Never switch lights or electrical appliances ON or OFF.
- Close the gas shut-off valve.
- Open windows and doors.
- Remove all people from the danger zone.
- Notify your gas or electricity supplier from outside the building.
- Shut off the electricity supply to the building from a safe place (outside the building).

### Safety instructions (cont.)

#### If you smell flue gas



#### Danger

Flue gas can lead to life-threatening poisoning.

- Shut down the heating system.
- Ventilate the boiler room.
- Close all doors leading to the living space.

#### Working on the system

- When using gas as fuel, also close the main gas shut-off valve and safeguard against unauthorised reopening.
- Isolate the system from the power supply and check that it is no longer 'live', e.g. by removing a separate fuse or by means of a main isolator.
- Safeguard the system against unauthorised reconnection.

#### Please note

Electronic modules can be damaged by electro-static discharges.

Touch earthed objects, such as heating or water pipes, to discharge static loads.

### Repair work

### Please note

parts.

Repairing components which fulfil a safety function can compromise the safe operation of your heating system. Replace faulty components only with original Viessmann spare

# Ancillary components, spare and wearing parts

#### Please note

Spare and wearing parts which have not been tested together with the heating system can compromise its function. Installing non-authorised components and non-approved modifications/conversion can compromise safety and may invalidate our warranty. For replacements, use only original spare parts from Viessmann or those which are approved by Viessmann.

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#### **Product information**

### Vitodens 100-W, type BPJA

Preset for operation with natural gas. Conversion to LPG P requires a gas conversion kit

#### Conversion for other countries

The Vitodens 100-W should generally only be delivered to those countries specified on the type plate. For deliveries to alternative countries, an approved contractor, on his own initiative, must arrange individual approval in accordance with the law of the country in question.

#### **Product description**

The Vitodens 100-W is available as a gas condensing combi boiler with integral plate heat exchanger for DHW heating. For the connection of heating circuits and the DHW line, see from page 9. The Vitodens 100-W is set up for operation with constant boiler water temperature.

The following are integrated: one sealed unvented hydraulic system with 2 connections for heating flow and return and 2 connections for DHW heating. If the Vitodens 100-W is installed in an S plan or Y plan system, both of the internal connections must be sealed off, as they are not required.

The following components are integrated into the hydraulic system:

- Circulation pump
- 3-way diverter valve
- Safety valve
- Diaphragm expansion vessel
- Plate heat exchanger for DHW heating

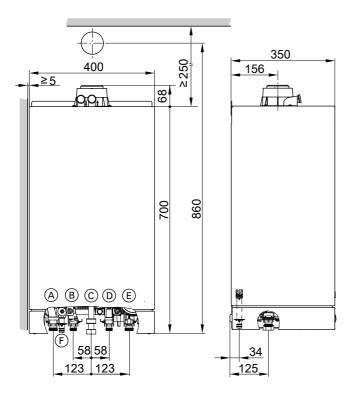
#### Connection accessories

A time switch is connected with low voltage to the control unit.

# **Preparing for installation**

## Preparing for the boiler installation

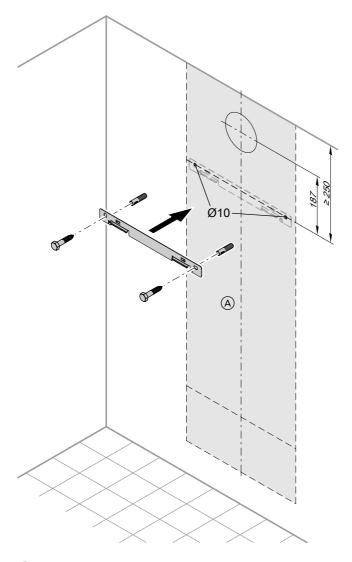
#### **Dimensions and connections**



- A Heating flow Ø 22 mm compression fitting
- B Hot water Ø 15 mm compression fitting
- © Gas connection Ø 22 mm
- Cold water Ø 15 mm compression fitting
- E Heating return Ø 22 mm compression fitting
- F Condensate drain/safety valve drain: Plastic hose Ø 22 mm

# **Preparing for installation** (cont.)

### Fitting the wall mounting bracket



(A) Vitodens installation template

### **Preparing for installation** (cont.)

- **1.** Align the supplied installation template on the wall.
- 2. Mark out the rawl plug holes.
- **3.** Drill Ø 10 mm holes and insert the supplied rawl plugs.
- **4.** Fit wall mounting bracket with screws supplied.

#### Fit installation aid or mounting frame

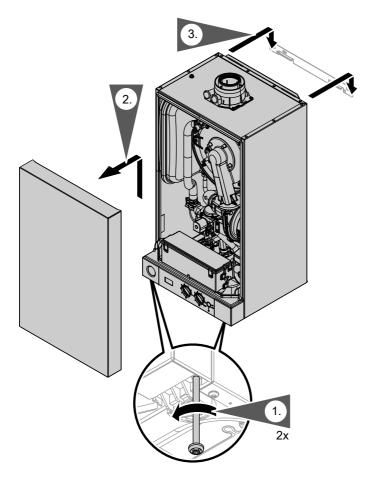


Installation aid or mounting frame installation instructions

#### Preparing the connections

- Please note
- To prevent equipment damage, install all pipework free of load and torque stresses.
- **1.** Prepare the water connections. Flush the heating system.
- 2. Prepare the gas connection.
- **3.** Prepare the electrical connections.
  - Power cable NYM-J 3 x 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup>.
  - Accessory cables: NYM-O 2-core min. 0.5 mm².

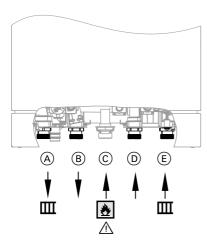
# Removing the front panel and mounting the boiler



- **1.** Undo screws at the bottom of the boiler; do not remove completely.
- 2. Remove front panel.

**3.** Hook the boiler into the wall mounting bracket.

### Making connections on the water side



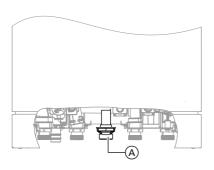
- © Gas connection G3/4
- © Cold water G½
- E Heating return G¾



For fittings on the heating water side and DHW side, see separate installation instructions.

- A Heating flow G3/4
- (B) Hot water G½

### **Gas** connection



**1.** Connect gas shut-off valve to connection (A).



2. Carry out a tightness test.

#### Note

For the tightness test, use only suitable and approved leak detecting agents (EN 14291) and devices. Leak detecting agents with unsuitable contents (e.g. nitrites, sulphides) can result in material losses. Remove residues of the leak detecting agent after testing.

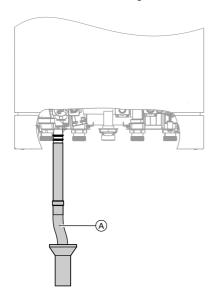
#### Please note

Excessive test pressure may damage the boiler and the gas valve.

Max. test pressure 150 mbar. Where higher pressure is required for tightness tests, separate the boiler and the gas valves from the gas supply pipe (undo the fitting).

**3.** Vent the gas line.

### Connection, safety valve and condensate drain



- The condensate line is connected with the safety valve discharge pipe. The condensate hose supplied meets the temperature requirements that are part of the CE certification.
- Connecting the condensate hose internally to the domestic waste water system, either directly or via a drip water funnel (tundish) is recommended.

■ If the condensate line is routed outside the building, use a pipe of at least Ø 30 mm and insulate it against frost. Avoid long external pipelines.

### Pl€

### Please note

A frozen condensate pipe can result in faults and boiler damage.

Always insulate condensate lines against frost.

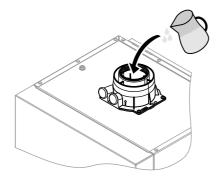
■ Observe the local building regulations. Connect condensate line (A) with a constant fall and a pipe vent to the public sewage system.

Observe the local waste water regulations.

#### Note

Fill the siphon with water before commissioning.

### Filling the siphon with water



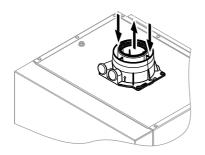
Fill a minimum of 0.3 I of water into the flue outlet.

#### Please note

At commissioning, flue gas may be emitted from the condensate drain.

Fill the siphon with water before commissioning.

### **Balanced flue connection**



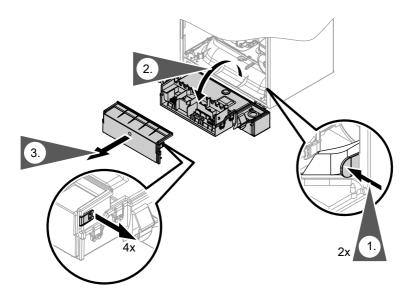
Connect the balanced flue.

During installation and positioning of the flue system, observe Part L and BS 5440 building regulations.



Flue system installation instructions.

# Opening the control unit casing

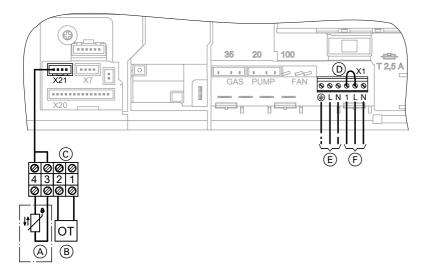


#### Please note

Electronic assemblies can be damaged by electrostatic discharge.

Before beginning work, touch earthed objects, such as heating or water pipes, to discharge static loads.

### **Electrical connections**



- A Only for weather-compensated mode:
  - Outside temperature sensor (accessory)
- (B) OpenTherm device
- © Connecting cable (accessory)
- D Jumper
- E Power supply (230 V, 50 Hz). See page 17.
- F Vitotrol 100 or on-site room temperature controller (230 V switched input)

Remove jumper ① when making this connection.



Separate installation instructions

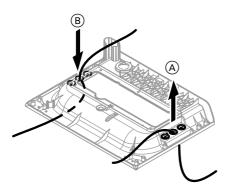


# Information on connecting accessories

For this connection, observe the separate installation instructions provided with the accessories.

### Electrical connections (cont.)

### Cable entry



- A Power cable, remote control connecting cable
- (B) LV leads (sensor leads)

### **Power supply**

#### **Regulations and Directives**



### Danger

Incorrect electrical installations can result in injuries from electrical current and in appliance damage.

Connect the power supply and implement all safety measures (e.g. RCD circuit) in accordance with the following regulations:

- IEC 60364-4-41
- VDE regulations [IEE or local regulations]
- Connection requirements specified by your local power supply utility

Install an isolator in the power supply line that simultaneously isolates all nonearthed conductors from the mains with at least 3 mm contact separation. We additionally recommend installing an AC/DC-sensitive RCD (RCD class B occur with energy efficient equipment. Protect the power cable with an external 3 A fuse to BS 1362.



### Danger

Incorrect core allocation can result in serious injury and damage to the appliance.

Take care **not** to interchange wires "L1" and "N".

### **Electrical connections** (cont.)



#### **Danger**

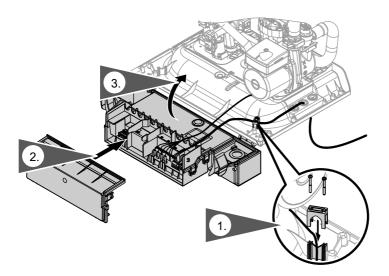
The absence of component earthing in the system can lead to serious injury from electrical current if an electrical fault occurs.

Connect the appliance and pipework to the equipotential bonding of the building in question.

### Routing connecting cables and closing the control unit

#### Please note

Power cables will be damaged if they contact hot components. When routing and securing cables/leads on site, ensure that the maximum permissible temperatures for these cables/leads are not exceeded.



# Steps - commissioning, inspection and maintenance

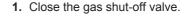
For further information regarding the individual steps, see the page indicated

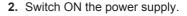
		<ul> <li>Commissioning steps</li> </ul>	
		Inspection steps	
		Maintenance steps	Page
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	•		Maintenance steps  1. Filling the heating system

### Filling the heating system

- Please note
  - Unsuitable fill water increases the level of deposits and corrosion and may lead to boiler damage.
  - Thoroughly flush the entire heating system prior to filling it.
  - Only fill with water of potable quality.

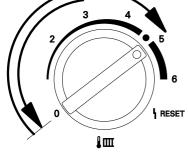
- Soften fill water harder than 300 ppm.
- An antifreeze additive suitable for heating systems can be added to the fill water.



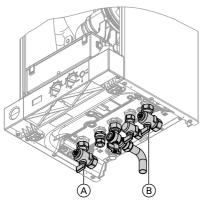


3. Turn rotary selector "IIII I fully anticlockwise for less than 2 s and then clockwise back to the control range. The display shows "SERV", "IIII" and "I". The filling function has been activated.

This function will end automatically after 20 min or after the ON/OFF switch has been turned off.

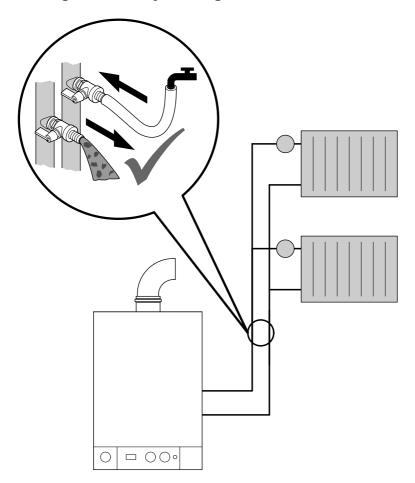






5. Fill heating system. (System pressure 0.8 to 1.2 bar). The system can be filled using a separate filling point fitted at a convenient position on the heating circuit. The connection must be removed when filling is completed. Where local Water Authority regulation does not allow temporary connection, a sealed system filler pump with break tank must be used. The heating system will not be filled automatically from the domestic hot water side. Alternative methods of filling sealed systems are given in BS 5449.

### Venting the boiler by flushing



# Changing to operation with LPG

In the delivered condition, the boiler is set up for operation with natural gas. For operation with LPG, change the gas nozzle and convert the gas type in the control unit.

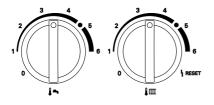


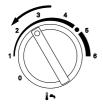
Separate installation instructions.

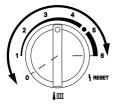
Changing from LPG to natural gas - see page 51.

## Matching the burner output to the flue system

To match the burner output to the system's flue pipe length, a correction factor can be set







- 1. Turn ON/OFF switch on.
- Turn both rotary selectors "
   "
   "
   "
   "
   "
   "
   "
   "
   SERV" appears on the display.
- Refer to the following table for the correction factor required for the connected flue system.
- 4. Within 2 s, turn rotary selector "♣¬" to the top left range.
  The display then shows "∭", "¬¬",
  "|¬ and the selected correction factor begins to flash.
  In the delivered condition, factor 0 has been set.
- 5. Within 15 s, set rotary selector "IIII" to the required correction factor.
- **6.** The set correction factor is saved when the value stops flashing, and the control unit returns to standard mode.

Correction factor			2	3	4	5	6
Flue system	Rated heating output (kW)		Max	c. run	length	(m)	
Open flue operation ∅ 60 mm	21	4	10	16	22	_	_
	25	2	8	13.5	18.5	22	25

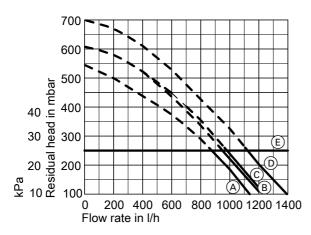


Correction factor			2	3	4	5	6
Balanced flue operation	21	2	6	10	13	16	19
∅ 60/100 mm coaxial	25	1	4	7	10	12	13.5

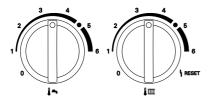
Observe max. flue lengths. A calculated performance verification is required if the max. flue lengths in the table are exceeded.

### Adjusting the circulation pump to the heating system

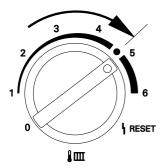
In the delivered condition, the circulation pump in heating mode is set to stage 1. If necessary to suit the heating system, the circulation pump can be changed over to stage 2.



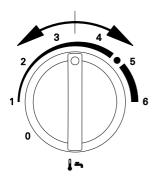
- (A) Gas condensing combi boiler 26 kW, pump stage 1
- (B) Gas condensing combi boiler 30 and 35 kW, pump stage 1
- © Gas condensing combi boiler 26 kW, pump stage 2
- (D) Gas condensing combi boiler 30 and 35 kW, pump stage 2
- **E** Upper operational limit
- 1. Turn ON/OFF switch on.



- Turn both rotary selectors "
   "
   "
   "
   im" simultaneously into their centre position.
  - "SERV" appears on the display.



- 3. Within 2 s, turn rotary selector "" to the top right range.
  - "III" is displayed and the set value flashes.



- 4. Adjust the control unit to stage 1 or 2 by turning rotary selector "\$\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\]. The display shows:
  - "1" for operation with stage 1
  - "2" for operation with stage 2.
- The set operating mode is saved when the value stops flashing, and the control unit returns to standard mode.

### Checking the static and supply pressure

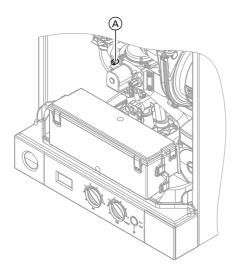


### Danger

CO build-up as a result of incorrect burner adjustment can have serious health implications.
Carry out a CO test before and after work on gas appliances.

### Operation with LPG

Flush the LPG tank twice during commissioning or replacement. Vent the tank and gas supply line thoroughly after flushing.



- 1. Close the gas shut-off valve.
- 2. Undo screw (A) inside test nipple "IN" on the gas train but do not remove it, and connect the pressure gauge.
- 3. Open the gas shut-off valve.
- **4.** Check the static pressure. Set value: max. 57.5 mbar
- 5. Start the boiler.

#### Note

During commissioning, the boiler can enter a fault state because of airlocks in the gas line. After approx. 5 s press **RESET** to reset the burner.

**6.** Check the supply (flow) pressure.

Set value:

Natural gas: 20 mbarLPG: 37 mbar

#### Note

Use a suitable measuring device with a resolution of at least 0.1 mbar to check the supply pressure.

**7.** Record the actual value in the report on page.

Take the action shown in the following table.

- 8. Shut down the boiler, close the gas shut-off valve, remove the pressure gauge and close test nipple (A) with the screw.
- **9.** Open the gas shut-off valve and start the appliance.



#### Danger

Gas escaping from the test nipple leads to a risk of explosion.

Check gas tightness at test nipple  $\widehat{A}$ .

Supply pressure (fl	ow pressure)	Action			
for natural gas	for LPG				
Below 17.4 mbar	Below 25 mbar	Do not start the boiler. Notify your gas supply utility or LPG supplier.			
17.4 to 25 mbar	25 to 47 mbar	Start the boiler.			
Above 25 mbar	Above 47 mbar	Install a separate gas pressure governor upstream of the system and regulate the pre-charge pressure to 20 mbar for natural gas or 37 mbar for LPG. Notify your gas supply utility or LPG supplier.			

### Checking the CO<sub>2</sub> content

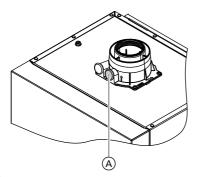
Vitodens 100-W is factory-set for natural gas. During commissioning or maintenance, the  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  and  $\mathrm{CO}$  have to be measured at the boiler flue adaptor test point to check the flue integrity. Subject to the Wobbe index, the  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  content fluctuates between 7.4 % and 10.5 %.  $\mathrm{CO}$  of up to 500 ppm is acceptable during start-up.

We recommend measuring  $O_2$  as the value is unmistakable regarding lambda (air/gas). The  $O_2$  content fluctuates between 7.5 % and 3.2 %. The  $CO/CO_2$  ratio has to be less than 0.004.

If the actual  $\mathrm{CO}_2$  or  $\mathrm{O}_2$  and  $\mathrm{CO}$  values deviate from the stated range, check the balanced flue systems for leaks. If flue installation is o.k., change the gas valve.

#### Note

Operate the appliance with uncontaminated combustion air to prevent operating faults and damage.



- Connect a flue gas analyser to flue gas port (A) on the boiler flue connection.
- **2.** Start the boiler and check for leaks.

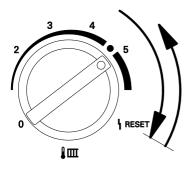


#### Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion.

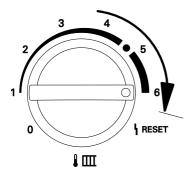
Check gas equipment for tightness.



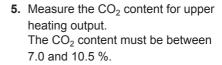


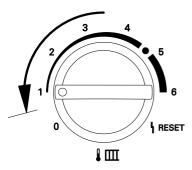
3. Turn rotary selector "IIIII" fully clockwise for less than 2 s and then back to the control range on the right.

The display shows "SERV", ">" and the boiler water temperature is shown.



4. Adjust the upper heating output: Turn rotary selector "JIIII" to the control range on the right until the display shows 5 bars for the upper heating output.





- 6. Adjust the lower heating output:

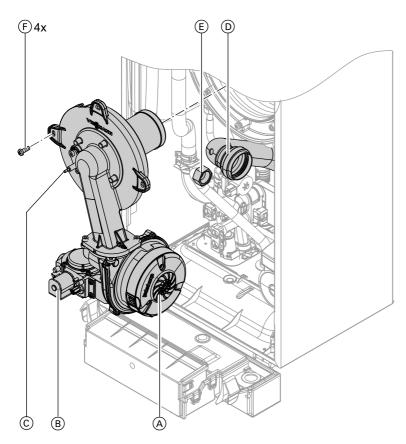
  Turn rotary selector "IIIII" to the
  control range on the left until the display shows 1 bar for the lower heating output.
- Test the CO<sub>2</sub> content for lower heating output.
   The CO<sub>2</sub> content must be between

The  $\rm CO_2$  content must be between 0.3 and 0.9 % below the value for the upper heating output.

- 8. If the CO<sub>2</sub> content is within the given range, continue with point 10.
  - If the CO<sub>2</sub> content is **outside** the given range, check the flue gas/ ventilation air system for tightness; remove any leaks. Replace gas train if required.
- **9.** Test the CO<sub>2</sub> content for upper and lower heating output again.
- Shut the boiler down, remove flue gas analyser and close flue gas port

   A.
- **11.** Turn both rotary selectors "♣≒" and "IIII ♣" simultaneously into their original positions.

### **Burner removal**



- 1. Switch off the power.
- **2.** Shut off the gas supply.
- Pull power cables from fan motor

   A, gas valve
   and electrodes
   c
- **4.** Pull the venturi extension ① from the fan.

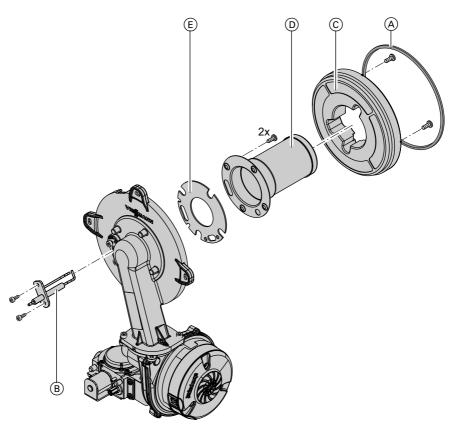
- **5.** Undo gas supply pipe fitting **(E)**.
- **6.** Undo four screws (F) and remove the burner.
  - Please note
  - Prevent damage.

    Never rest the burner on the burner gauze assembly.

## Checking the burner gasket and burner gauze assembly

Check burner gasket (A) for damage and replace if required.

Replace the burner gauze assembly if it is damaged.

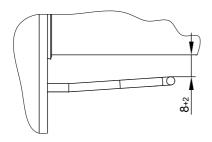


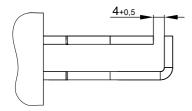
- 1. Remove electrode (B).
- **2.** Undo two Torx screws and remove thermal insulating ring ©.
- 3. Undo two Torx screws and remove burner gauze assembly (D) with its gasket (E).
- **4.** Insert a new gasket (E) into the new burner gauze assembly (D) and secure.
  - Please note

Tighten screws far enough to prevent damage to components and to ensure the function is guaranteed.

- **5.** Fit thermal insulation ring ©.
  - Please note
    Tighten screws far enough
    to prevent damage to components and to ensure the function is guaranteed.
- **6.** Fit electrode (B).
  - Please note
    Tighten screws far enough to prevent damage to components and to ensure the function is guaranteed.

### Checking and adjusting electrodes





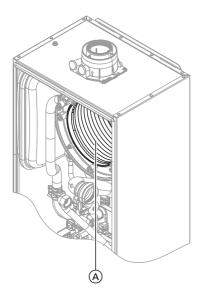
**1.** Check the electrode for wear and contamination.

- Clean the electrode with a small brush (not with a wire brush) or sandpaper.
- Check the electrode gaps. If the gaps are not as specified or the electrode is damaged, replace and align the electrode together with a new gasket. Tighten electrode fixing screws.

### Please note

Tighten screws far enough to prevent damage to components and to ensure the function is guaranteed.

## Cleaning the heat exchanger



#### 1. Please note

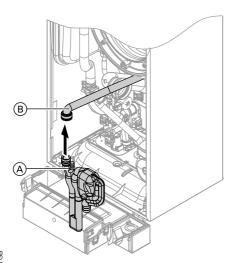
Scratches on parts that are in contact with flue gas can lead to corrosion.

Never use brushes to clean the heat exchanger.

Use a vacuum cleaner to remove residues from heat exchanger (A) inside the combustion chamber.

- 2. If required, spray slightly acidic, chloride-free cleaning agents based on phosphoric acid onto heat exchanger (A) and let the solution soak in for at least 20 min.
- Thoroughly flush heat exchanger A with water.

# Checking the condensate drain and cleaning the siphon

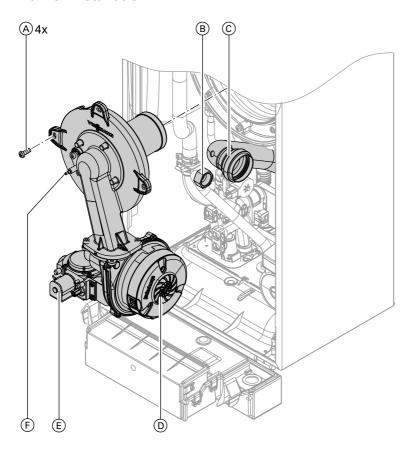


- **1.** Pull siphon (A) upwards out of the drain connection.
- **3.** Clean siphon (A).
- **4.** Reconnect supply hose (B).
- **5.** Refit siphon (A) to the drain connection.
- Fill siphon (A) with water by pouring about 0.3 I of water into the combustion chamber.



7. Check that condensate can drain freely and that the connections are tight.

### **Burner** installation



- Fit the burner and tighten four screws

   A across.
  - Please note
    Tighten screws far enough
    to prevent damage to components and to ensure the func-
- 2. Insert new gasket and tighten the fittings on gas supply pipe (B).

tion is quaranteed.

- **3.** Plug the venturi extension © into the fan.
- **4.** Fit electrical cables to fan motor ①, gas valve (E) and ignition unit (F).
- **5.** Reopen gas supply and switch on power supply.

Check the gas connections for tightness.



#### Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion.

Check all fittings for gas tightness.

### Please note

The use of leak detection spray can result in incorrect functions.

Leak detection spray must not reach electrical contacts or seal diaphragm openings on the gas valve.

### Checking the diaphragm expansion vessel and system pressure

#### Note

The diaphragm expansion vessel can lose some charge pressure over a time in use. When the boiler heats up, the pressure gauge will indicate a higher pressure of 2 or 3 bar. The safety valve too can respond and discharge excess pressure.

Check whether the installed diaphragm expansion vessel is adequate for the system water volume.

Carry out this test on a cold system.

 Drain the system or close the cap valve on the diaphragm expansion vessel and reduce the pressure until the pressure gauge indicates "0".

- 2. If the pre-charge pressure of the diaphragm expansion vessel is lower than the static system pressure, top up with nitrogen until the pre-charge pressure is raised by 0.1 to 0.2 bar.
- 3. Top up with water until the charge pressure of the cooled system is at least 1.0 bar and 0.1 to 0.2 bar higher than the pre-charge pressure of the diaphragm expansion vessel. Permiss. operating pressure: 3 bar

## Checking gas equipment for tightness at operating pressure



#### **Danger**

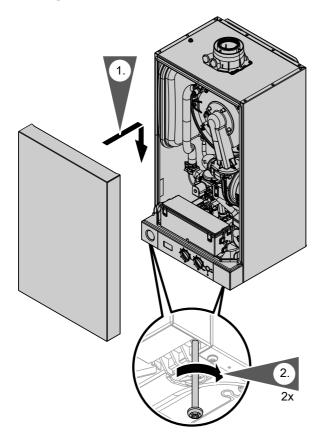
Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion.

Check gas equipment for tightness.

### Please note

The use of leak detection spray can result in incorrect functions. Leak detection spray must not reach electrical contacts or seal diaphragm openings on the gas valve.

# Fitting the front panel



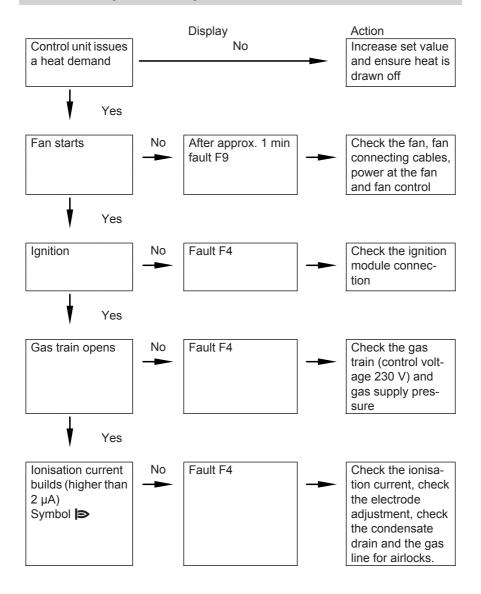
- **1.** Hook the front panel into place.
- 2. Tighten screws at the bottom.

#### Further details regarding the individual steps (cont.)

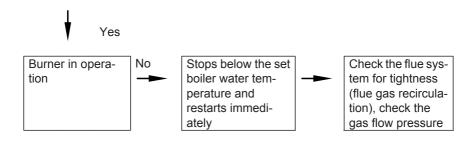
#### Instructing the system user

The system installer must hand the operating instructions to the system user and instruct the user in the operation of the system.

#### Function sequence and possible faults



#### Function sequence and possible faults (cont.)



#### Fault messages on the display



Faults are indicated by a flashing fault code with fault symbol "\"\" on the display.

For fault code explanations see the following table.

Displayed fault code	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
30	Burner blocked	Short circuit, boiler water temperature sensor	Check the boiler water temperature sensor (see page 44).
38	Burner blocked	Lead break, boiler water temperature sensor	Check the boiler water temperature sensor (see page 44).
51	No DHW heating	Short circuit, outlet temperature sensor	Check the sensor (see page 46).
52	Burner blocked	Short circuit, flow sensor	Check connections and lead; replace sensor if required.
59	No DHW heating	Lead break, outlet temperature sensor	Check the sensor (see page 46).
5A	Burner blocked	Lead break, flow sensor	Check connections and lead; replace sensor if required.

0.000

# Fault messages on the display (cont.)

Displayed fault code	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
b0	Burner blocked	Short circuit, flue gas temperature sensor	Check the sensor (see page 47).
b8	Burner blocked	Lead break, flue gas temperature sensor	Check the sensor (see page 47).
E3	Burner in a fault state	Fault in safety chain.	Check the temperature limiter and connecting leads (see page 45). Check the control unit, and replace if required.
E5	Burner blocked	Internal fault	Check the ionisation electrode and connecting cables. Press "Reset" (see page 42).
F0	Burner blocked	Internal fault	Replace control unit.
F1	Burner in a fault state	Max. flue gas tem- perature exceeded	Check heating system fill level. Check circulation pump. Vent the system. Press "Reset" (see page 42).
F2	Burner in a fault state	The temperature limiter has responded	Check heating system fill level. Check circulation pump. Vent the system. Check the temperature limiter and connecting leads (see page 45). Press "Reset" (see page 42).
F3	Burner in a fault state	Flame signal is already present at burner start	Check ionisation electrode and connecting cable. Press "Reset" (see page 42).

# Fault messages on the display (cont.)

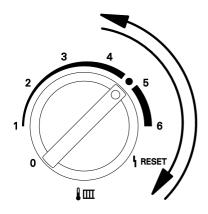
Displayed fault code	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
F4	Burner in a fault state	No flame signal detected	Check the ionisation electrode and cables, check the gas pressure, check the gas train, ignition, ignition module and condensate drain.  Press "Reset" (see page 42).
F8	Burner in a fault state	Fuel valve closes too late	Check gas train. Check both control paths. Press "Reset" (see page 42).
F9	Burner in a fault state	Fan speed too low during burner start	Check fan, fan connecting cables and power supply; check fan control. Press "Reset" (see page 42).
FA	Burner in a fault state	Fan not at stand- still	Check fan, fan connecting cables and fan control. Press "Reset" (see page 42).
FC	Burner blocked	Electrical fan control (control unit) faulty	Check fan connecting cable; if required, replace or replace control unit



# Fault messages on the display (cont.)

Displayed fault code	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
Fd	Burner blocked	Fault, burner control unit	Check ignition electrodes and connecting cables. Check whether a strong interference (EMC) field exists near the appliance.  Press "Reset" (see
			page 42). Replace control unit if fault persists.
FF	Burner blocked	Fault, burner control unit	Check ignition electrodes and connecting cables. Check whether a strong interference (EMC) field exists near the appliance.
			Press "Reset" (see page 42). Replace control unit if fault persists.

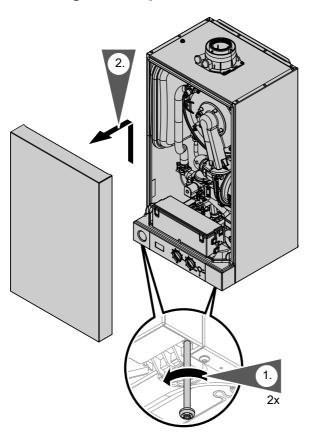
#### **Press reset**



Turn rotary selector " $\coprod \$  less than 2 s to " $\$ RESET", then back to the control range.

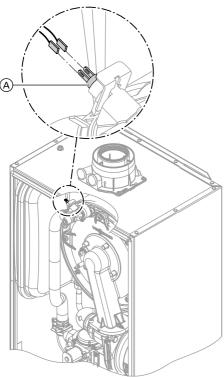
# Repairs

# Removing the front panel

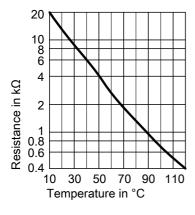


- **1.** Release screws at the bottom of the boiler; do not remove completely.
- 2. Remove front panel.

## Boiler water temperature sensor



1. Pull the leads off boiler water temperature sensor (A) and check the resistance.



- **2.** Check the sensor resistance and compare it with the curve.
- In the case of severe deviation, drain boiler on the heating water side and replace the sensor.

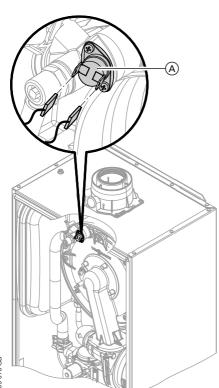


#### Danger

The boiler water temperature sensor is immersed in the heating water (risk of scalding).

Drain the boiler before replacing the sensor.

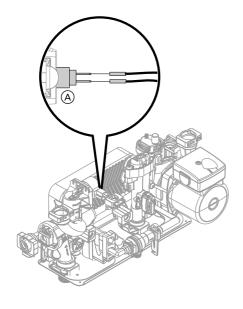
#### Checking the temperature limiter



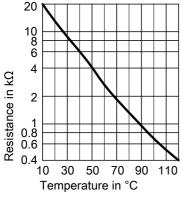
If the burner control unit cannot be reset after a fault shutdown, although the boiler water temperature is below approx. 95 °C, check the temperature limiter.

- **1.** Pull the leads from temperature limiter (A).
- **2.** Check the continuity of the temperature limiter with a multimeter.
- **3.** Remove the faulty temperature limiter.
- 4. Install a new temperature limiter.
- **5.** Press "Reset" at the control unit (see page 42).

#### Checking the outlet temperature sensor



- 1. Pull the leads from outlet temperature sensor  $\widehat{\mathbb{A}}$  .
- **2.** Check the sensor resistance and compare it with the curve.

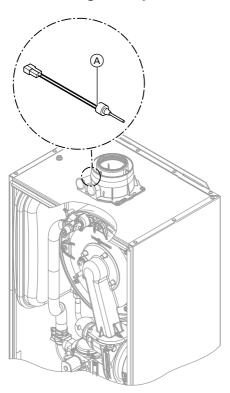


**3.** Replace the sensor in the case of severe deviation.

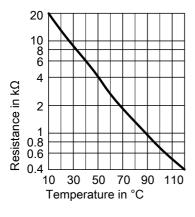
#### Note

Water can leak when replacing the outlet temperature sensor. Shut off the cold water supply. Drain the DHW line and the plate heat exchanger (DHW side).

## Check flue gas temperature sensor

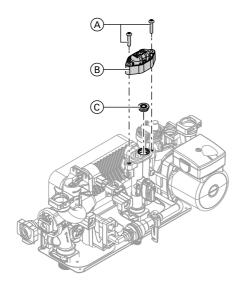


- 1. Pull leads from flue gas temperature sensor  $\stackrel{\frown}{\mathbb{A}}$  .
- **2.** Check the sensor resistance and compare it with the curve.



**3.** Replace the sensor in the case of severe deviation.

## **Replacing flow limiter**

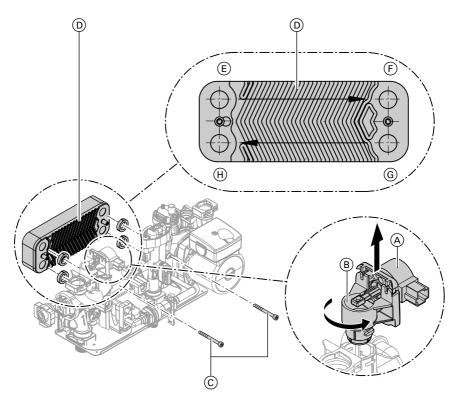


- 1. Drain the boiler from the DHW side.
- 2. Pivot the control unit downwards.
- 3. Undo screws (A).
- 4. Remove cap (B).
- **5.** Remove faulty flow limiter ©.
- **6.** Select a new flow limiter © from the following table.

Flow rate I/min		Colour	
	12		Red

- 7. Insert new flow limiter ©.
- 8. Fit new cap (B) supplied.

#### Checking or replacing the plate heat exchanger



- (E) Heating water flow
- F Heating water return
- **1.** Shut off and drain the boiler on the heating water and the DHW side.
- 2. Flip down control unit.
- **3.** Push servomotor (A) slightly upwards.
- **4.** Turn adaptor (B) with servomotor (A) 1/8 of a turn anticlockwise and remove.

- G Cold water
- H DHW
- **5.** Remove two screws © from the plate heat exchanger and remove plate heat exchanger D with gaskets.

#### Note

During removal, small amounts of water may trickle out and escape from the plate heat exchanger.

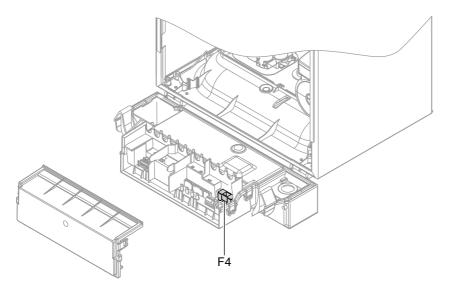


- **6.** Check the DHW side for scaling and if required clean or replace the plate heat exchanger.
- 7. Check the heating water side for contamination and if required clean or replace the plate heat exchanger.
- Install in reverse order with new gaskets.

#### Note

During installation, ensure that fixing holes are aligned and gaskets seated correctly. Install the plate heat exchanger with the correct orientation.

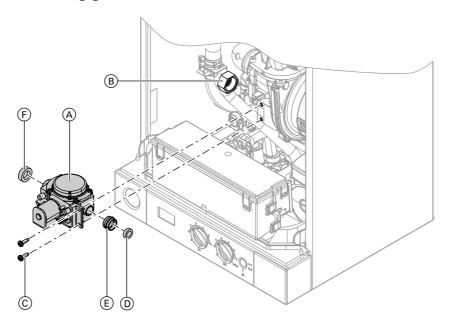
#### Checking the fuse



- 1. Switch off the power.
- **2.** Open control unit casing (see page 15).
- 3. Check fuse F4.

#### Converting from LPG to natural gas

#### Removing gas restrictor



- **1.** Pull power cable from gas train (A).
- 2. Undo union nut (B).
- **3.** Undo two screws © and remove gas train (A).
- **4.** Remove gas restrictor ① from gas train ②.
- **5.** Fit gas train (A) with new gaskets (E) and (F).
  - Please note
  - Tighten screws far enough to prevent damage to components and to ensure the function is guaranteed.

- **6.** Remove or void gas type sticker on the top of the boiler (next to the type plate).
- 7. Start the boiler and check for leaks.



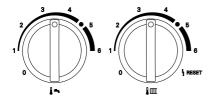
#### Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion.

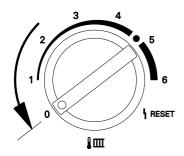
Check gas equipment for tightness.

#### **Converting from LPG to natural gas** (cont.)

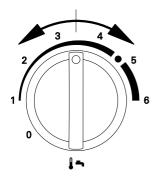
#### Changing the gas type at the control unit



- 1. Turn ON/OFF switch on.
- - "SERV" appears on the display.



- 3. Turn rotary selector "↓ IIII" fully anticlockwise within 2 s.
  - "and the new selected value flash on the display.



4. Adjust the control unit to natural gas or LPG by turning the rotary selector

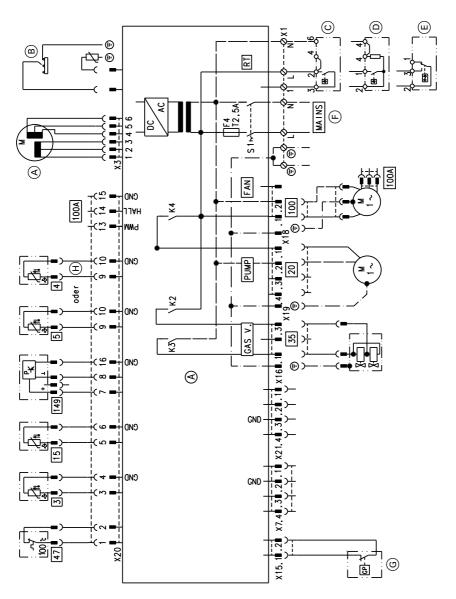
The display shows:

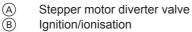
- "0" for operation with natural gas or
- "1" for operation with LPG.
- The set operating mode is saved when the value stops flashing, and the control unit returns to standard mode.

#### Checking the CO<sub>2</sub> content

See page.

#### Connection and wiring diagram





© Vitotrol 100, type UTA or on-site room temperature controller (switched 230 V input)



#### **Connection and wiring diagram** (cont.)

- (D) Vitotrol 100, type RT or on-site room temperature controller (switched 230 V input)
- (E) Vitotrol 100, type UTDB or on-site room temperature controller (switched 230 V input)
- Power input 230 V/50 Hz
- (F) (G) Gas pressure switch (Open-Therm appliance)
- (H)PCB inside the control unit
- Χ... Electrical interface

- 3 Boiler water temperature sensor 4 Outlet temperature sensor
- 5 No function
- Flue gas temperature sensor 15
- 20 Circulation pump 230 V~
- 35 Gas solenoid valve
- 47 Temperature limiter
- 100 Fan motor 230 V~
- 100 A Fan control
- 149 Flow sensor

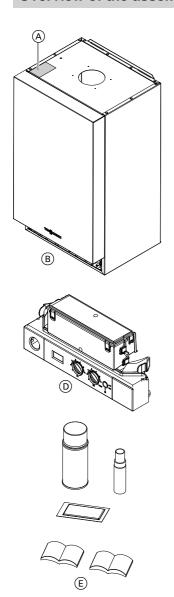
#### **Ordering parts**

The following information is required:

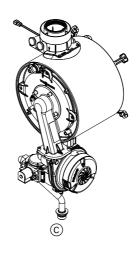
- Serial no. (see type plate (A))
- Assembly (from this parts list)
- Position number of the individual part within the assembly (from this parts list)

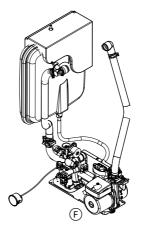
Standard parts are available from your local supplier.

#### Overview of the assemblies



- A Type plate
- B Sheet metal parts assembly
- © Heat cell assembly





- O Control unit assembly
- E Miscellaneous assembly
- F Hydraulic assembly

## Sheet metal parts assembly

0001 Front panel 0002 Profiled seal

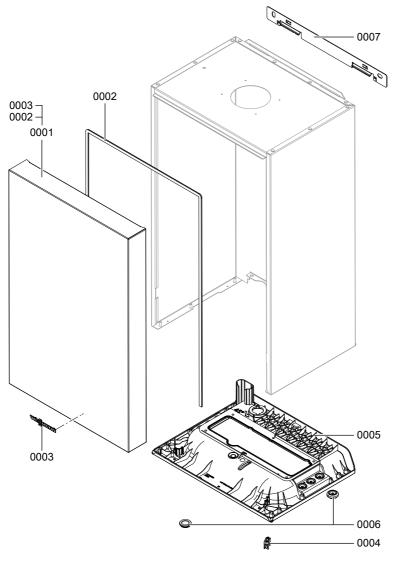
0003 Logo

0004 Strain relief upper part

0005 Air box floor

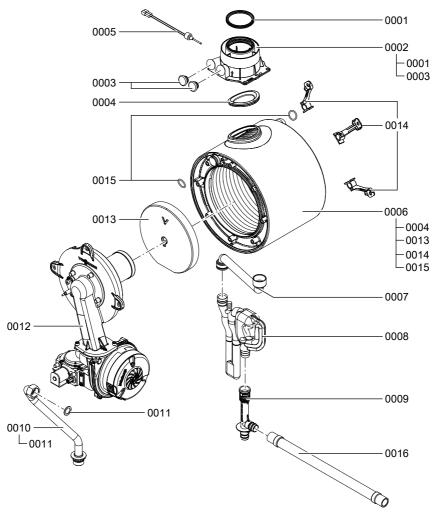
0006 Diaphragm grommets (set)

0007 Wall mounting bracket



# Heat cell assembly

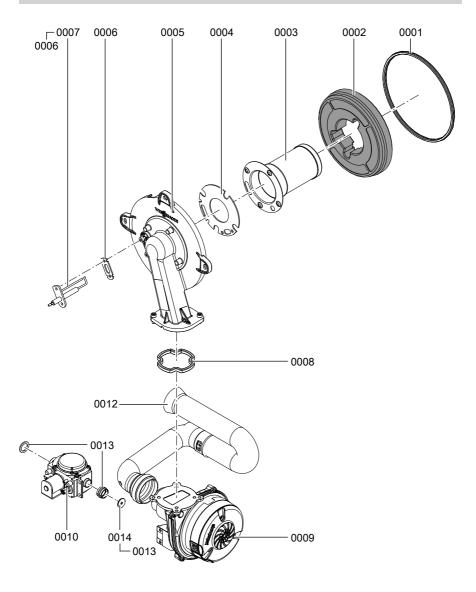
0001	Gasket DN 60	0009	Tee
0002	Boiler flue connection	0010	Gas pipe
0003	Boiler flue connection plug	0011	Gasket 17 x 24 x 2 (set)
0004	Flue gas gasket	0012	Burner
0005	Flue gas temperature sensor	0013	Thermal insulation block
0006	Heat exchanger	0014	Heat exchanger mounting (set)
0007	Condensate hose	0015	O-ring gasket set 20.6 x 2.6
8000	Siphon	0016	Condensate hose 400 mm long



# **Burner assembly**

0001	Burner gasket	8000	Burner door flange gasket
0002	Thermal insulation ring	0009	Radial fan
0003	Cylinder burner gauze assembly	0010	Gas valve
0004	Burner gauze assembly gasket	0012	Venturi extension
0005	Burner door	0013	Gasket set
0006	Ionisation electrode gasket	0014	Conversion kit G2.350/G27
0007	Ignition and ionisation electrode		

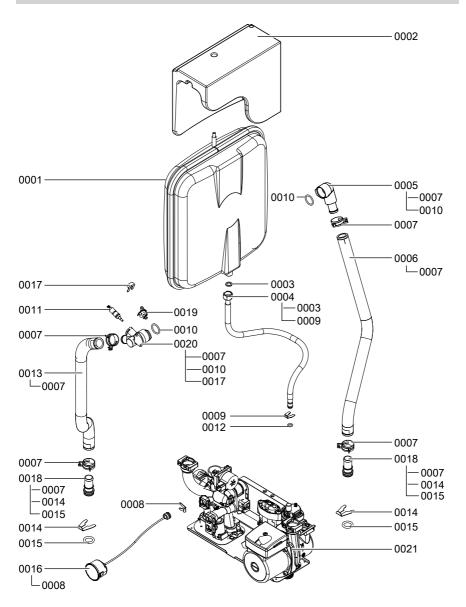
# Burner assembly (cont.)



# Hydraulic assembly

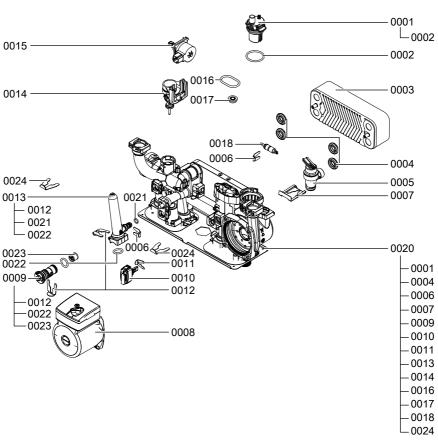
0001	Diaphragm expansion vessel	0010	O-ring gasket set 20.6 x 2.6
0002	Support block, diaphragm expan-	0011	Temperature sensor
	sion vessel	0012	Round sealing ring 8 x 2 (5 pce)
0003	Gasket A 10 x 15 x 1.5 (set)	0013	Moulded hose heating water flow
0004	Connection line; diaphragm	0014	Clip Ø 18 (5 pce)
	expansion vessel	0015	O-ring 17 x 4 (5 pce)
0005	Heating water return connection	0016	Pressure gauge
	elbow	0017	Clip Ø 8 (5 pce)
0006	Moulded hose heating water	0018	Hose connector adaptor
	return	0019	Thermal circuit breaker
0007	Hose clip DN 25	0020	Heating water flow connection
8000	Clip Ø 10 (5 pce)		elbow
0009	Clip Ø 8 (5 pce)	0021	Hydraulics

## Hydraulic assembly (cont.)



# Combi hydraulic assembly

0004	A in your to you have	0042	Evannian tools
0001	Air vent valve		Expansion tank
0002	O-ring 34 x 3 (5 pce)	0014	Stepper motor adaptor
0003	Plate heat exchanger	0015	Linear stepper motor
0004	Gasket set, plate heat exchanger	0016	Oval cap seal (5 pce)
0005	Safety valve	0017	Water volume controller
0006	Clip Ø 8 (5 pce)	0018	Temperature sensor
0007	Safety valve clip (5 pce)	0020	Hydraulics
8000	Pump motor	0021	Round sealing ring 8 x 2 (5 pce)
0009	Bypass cartridge	0022	O-ring 16 x 3 (5 pce)
0010	Flow sensor	0023	Check valve
0011	Clip Ø 10 (5 pce)	0024	Clip Ø 18 (5 pce)
0012	Clip Ø 16 (5 pce)		
		~ =	



## **Control unit assembly**

0001 Cover, wiring chamber

0002 Clip hinge

0003 Profiled seal

0004 Control unit

0005 Cable harness X20

0006 Ignition cable with angle plug

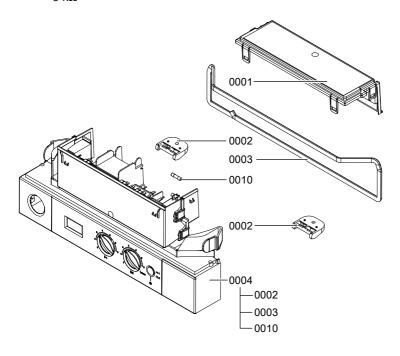
5 kΩ

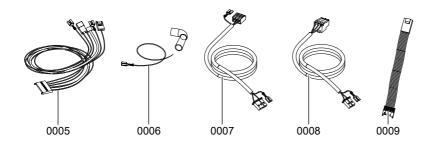
0007 Gas valve connecting cable

0008 Fan connecting cable

0009 Cable harness stepper motor

0010 Fuse 2.5 A (slow) 250 V





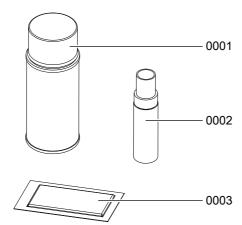
## Miscellaneous assembly

0001 Touch-up spray paint, white0002 Touch-up paint stick, white

0003 Special grease

0004 Operating instructions

0005 Installation and service instructions





#### **Specification**

Rated voltage: 230 V~ Temperature limiter

Rated frequency: 50Hz setting: 100 °C (fixed)

Rated current: 2.0 A~ Backup fuse (power

Safety category: 3A supply):

IP rating: IP X4 to EN 60529

#### Permissible ambient temperature

during operation: 0 to +40 °C

■ during storage and

-20 to +65 °C transport:

#### Gas boiler, category II 2H3P

Rated heating output range in heating mode			
T <sub>V</sub> /T <sub>R</sub> 50/30 °C	kW	6.5 – 21	6.5 – 25
T <sub>V</sub> /T <sub>R</sub> 80/60 °C	kW	5.9 – 19.1	5.9 - 22.8
Rated heating output range for DHW heating	kW	5.9 – 25	5.9 – 29
Rated heat input range	kW	6.1 – 19.6	6.1 – 23.4
Connection values *1			
relative to the max. load with:			
- Natural gas E	m³/h	2.1	2.5
- LPG P	kg/h	1.5	1.8
Power consumption (max.)	W	97	97
DHW heating			
Permissible operating pressure	bar	10	10
Rated water volume	l/min	10.2	11.3
at ΔT 35 K (to EN 13203)			
Set flow rate (max.)	l/min	12	12
Product ID		<b>C€</b> -0085	BT0029

<sup>\*1</sup> The connection values are only for documentation purposes (e.g. in the gas con-The connection values are only for documentation purposes (e.g. in the gas tract application) or to estimate a supplementary volumetric settings check. Due to the factory settings, the gas pressure must not be altered from these values. Reference: 15 °C 1013 mbar.

#### **Declaration of conformity**

#### **Declaration of Conformity for the Vitodens 100-W**

We, Viessmann Werke GmbH & Co KG, D-35107 Allendorf, confirm as sole responsible body that the product **Vitodens100-W** complies with the following standards:

EN 297	EN 55 014-2
EN 483	EN 60 335-1
EN 625	EN 60 332-2-102
EN 677	EN 61 000-3-2
EN 806	EN 61 000-3-3
EN 12 897	EN 62 223
EN 55 014-1	

In accordance with the following Directives, this product is designated with **C€-0085**:

92/42/EEC	2006/95/EC
2004/108/EC	2009/142/EC

This product complies with the requirements of the Efficiency Directive (92/42/EEC) for **condensing boilers**.

Allendorf, 01 January 2012 Viessmann Werke GmbH&Co KG

pp. Manfred Sommer

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#### **Applicability**

These service instructions apply for appliances with the following serial numbers (see type plate):

7501297

7501298

7501823

7501824

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