Installation and service instructions for contractors



Vitodens 200-W Type B2HA, 49 and 60 kW Wall mounted gas condensing boiler Natural gas and LPG version

VITODENS 200-W



Safety instructions

 \wedge

Please follow these safety instructions closely to prevent accidents and material losses.

Safety instructions explained

Danger This symbol warns against the risk of injury.

Please note

This symbol warns against the risk of material losses and environmental pollution.

Target group

These instructions are exclusively intended for qualified contractors. Note Detai

Details identified by the word "Note" contain additional information.

- Work on gas installations must only be carried out by a registered gas fitter.
- Work on electrical equipment must only be carried out by a qualified electrician.
- The system must be commissioned by the system installer or a qualified person authorised by the installer.

Regulations to be observed

- National installation regulations
- Statutory regulations for the prevention of accidents
- Statutory regulations for environmental protection

Codes of practice of the relevant trade associations

Relevant country-specific safety regulations

Safety instructions for working on the system

Working on the system

- Where gas is used as the fuel, close the main gas shut-off valve and safeguard it against unintentional reopening.
- Isolate the system from the power supply, e.g. by removing the separate fuse or by means of a mains isolator, and check that it is no longer 'live'.
- Safeguard the system against reconnection.
- Wear suitable personal protective equipment when carrying out any work.

Safety instructions (cont.)



Danger

Hot surfaces and fluids can result in burns or scalding.

- Before maintenance and service work, switch OFF the appliance and let it cool down.
- Never touch hot surfaces on the boiler, burner, flue system or pipework.

Please note

Electronic assemblies can be damaged by electrostatic discharge. Prior to commencing work, touch earthed objects such as heating or water pipes to discharge static loads.

Repair work

Please note

Repairing components that fulfil a safety function can compromise the safe operation of the system. Replace faulty components only with genuine Viessmann spare parts.

Auxiliary components, spare and wearing parts

Please note

Spare and wearing parts that have not been tested together with the system can compromise its function. Installing non-authorised components and making non-approved modifications or conversions can compromise safety and may invalidate our warranty.

For replacements, use only original spare parts supplied or approved by Viessmann.

Safety instructions (cont.)

Safety instructions for operating the system

If you smell gas

A Danger

Escaping gas can lead to explosions which may result in serious injury.

- Do not smoke. Prevent naked flames and sparks. Never switch lights or electrical appliances on or off.
- Close the gas shut-off valve.
- Open windows and doors.
- Evacuate any people from the danger zone.
- Notify your gas or electricity supply utility from outside the building.
- Have the power supply to the building shut off from a safe place (outside the building).

If you smell flue gas

A Danger

Flue gas can lead to life threatening poisoning.

- Shut down the heating system.
- Ventilate the installation site.
- Close doors to living spaces to prevent flue gases from spreading.

What to do if water escapes from the appliance

/ Danger

When water escapes from the appliance there is a risk of electrocution.

Switch off the heating system at the external isolator (e.g. fuse box, domestic power distribution).

/ Danger

If water escapes from the appliance, there is a risk of scalding. Never touch hot heating water.

Condensate

Danger

Contact with condensate can be harmful to health. Never let condensate touch your skin or eyes and do not swallow it.

Flue systems and combustion air

Ensure that flue systems are clear and cannot be sealed, for instance due to accumulation of condensate or other external causes.

Ensure an adequate supply of combustion air.

Instruct system users that subsequent modifications to the building characteristics are not permissible (e.g. cable/pipework routing, cladding or partitions).



Danger

Leaking or blocked flue systems, or an inadequate supply of combustion air can cause life threatening poisoning from carbon monoxide in the flue gas.

Ensure the flue system is in good working order. Vents for supplying combustion air must be non-closable.

Extractors

Operating appliances that extract air to the outside (extractor hoods, extractors, air conditioning units, central vacuum cleaning systems, etc.) can create negative pressure. If the boiler is operated at the same time, this can lead to a reverse flow of flue gas.

Safety instructions (cont.)



Danger

The simultaneous operation of the boiler and appliances that extract air to the outside can result in life threatening poisoning due to reverse flow of the flue gas. Fit an interlock circuit or take suitable steps to ensure an adequate supply of combustion air.

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Disposal of packaging

Please dispose of packaging waste in line with statutory regulations.

Symbols

Reference to other document containing further information Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out. Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out. Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out. Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out. Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out. Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out. Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out. Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out. Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out. Image: Step in a diagram: The numbers correspond to the order in which the steps are carried out. Image: Step in a diagram: The number correctly.		
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Image: Second		
Image:	1.	The numbers correspond to the order in
Y Pay particular attention. Image: Second state stat	!	
 Component must audibly click into place. or Acoustic signal Fit new component. or In conjunction with a tool: Clean the surface. Dispose of component correctly. Dispose of component at a suitable collection point. Do not dispose of component in 	4	Live electrical area
) or • Acoustic signal • Fit new component. or • In conjunction with a tool: Clean the surface. Dispose of component correctly. Dispose of component at a suitable collection point. Do not dispose of component in	٩	Pay particular attention.
or • In conjunction with a tool: Clean the surface. Dispose of component correctly. Dispose of component at a suitable collection point. Do not dispose of component in)	
Dispose of component at a suitable collec- tion point. Do not dispose of component in	-	or In conjunction with a tool: Clean the sur-
tion point. Do not dispose of component in		Dispose of component correctly.
	X	Dispose of component at a suitable collec- tion point. Do not dispose of component in domestic waste.

The steps in connection with commissioning, inspection and maintenance are found in the "Commissioning, inspection and maintenance" section and identified as follows:

Symbol	Meaning	
o o	Steps required during commissioning	
¢°	Not required during commissioning	
	Steps required during inspection	
	Not required during inspection	
سکر	Steps required during maintenance	
سکر	Not required during maintenance	

Intended use

The appliance is intended solely for installation and operation in sealed unvented heating systems that comply with EN 12828, with due attention paid to CECS 215-2017 and the associated installation, service and operating instructions. It is only designed for heating up heating water that is of potable water quality.

Intended use presupposes that a fixed installation in conjunction with permissible, system-specific components has been carried out. The appliance is intended exclusively for domestic or semi-domestic use; even users who have not had any instruction are able to operate the appliance safely.

Commercial or industrial usage for a purpose other than heating the building or DHW shall be deemed inappropriate.

Any usage beyond this must be approved by the manufacturer in each individual case.

Intended use (cont.)

Incorrect usage or operation of the appliance (e.g. the appliance being opened by the system user) is prohibited and will result in an exclusion of liability. Incorrect usage also occurs if the components in the heating system are modified from their intended use (e.g. if the flue gas and ventilation air paths are sealed).

Product information

Vitodens 200-W, type B2HA

The selected gas category in the delivered condition and the associated nominal gas pressure are given on the boiler type plate. The type plate also shows the other gas types and pressures with which the boiler can be operated. A conversion within the stated natural gas groups is not required. For conversion to LPG (without conversion kit), see "Commissioning, inspection and maintenance".

The **Vitodens 200-W** may only be delivered to countries listed on the type plate. For deliveries to other countries, approved contractors must arrange individual approval on their own initiative and in accordance with the law of the country in question.

Multi boiler system

For the installation of a multi boiler system, observe the installation instructions for the multi boiler system accessories.

System examples

System examples with hydraulic and electrical connection diagrams and function descriptions are available to help setting up the heating system. Detailed information regarding system examples: www.viessmann-schemes.com

Maintenance parts and spare parts

Maintenance parts and spare parts can be identified and ordered directly online.

Viessmann Partnershop

Login: https://shop.viessmann.com/



Viessmann spare part app

www.viessmann.com/etapp







Preparing for installation

Please note

To prevent appliance damage, connect all pipework free of load and torque stress.

Vitodens 200-W with connection set with integral low loss header



Fig. 1

- A Heating flow G 1¹/₂
- B Heating return G 1¹/₂
- © Expansion vessel G 1
- D Gas connection R ³/₄
- (E) Cylinder flow G $1\frac{1}{2}$
- F Cylinder return G 11/2
- G Cable entry area at the back
- (H) Condensate drain

- (K) If DHW cylinder connection set (accessories) is being used
- L Without connection sets (accessories)
- M Recommended dimension (single boiler system)
- N Recommended dimension (multi boiler system)
- Safety valve
- P Boiler flow G 1¹/₂
- (R) Boiler return G 1¹/₂

Preparing for installation (cont.)

Note

This boiler (IP rating: IP X4) is approved for installation in wet rooms inside safety zone 1 in accordance with DIN VDE 0100, providing the occurrence of water jets can be ruled out.

Observe the requirements of DIN VDE 0100.

- **1.** Prepare the water connections. Thoroughly flush the heating system.
- 2. Prepare the gas connection according to TRGI or TRF [or local regulations].

- 3. Prepare the electrical connections.
 - The appliance is delivered fitted with a power cable (approx. 2 m long).
 Note
 Connect the power cable to the electricity supply

Connect the power cable to the electricity supply using a fixed connection.

- Power supply: 230 V, 50 Hz, fuse rating max. 16 A
- Accessory cables: 0.75 mm² flexible PVC cable with required number of cores for external connections.

Mounting the boiler and making connections

Fitting the wall mounting bracket

Note

The enclosed screws and rawl plugs are only suitable for concrete. For other construction materials, use fixing materials that are suitable for 100 kg loads.



Fig. 2

- (A) Reference point, boiler top edge
- (B) Installation template (included with the boiler)
- © Top edge, finished floor
- D Recommendation

Mounting the boiler and making connections (cont.)

Hooking the boiler onto the wall mounting bracket and aligning it



Fig. 3

Note on step 4

With a spirit level, align the boiler vertically using the adjusting screws.

Connection on the heating water side

Note

Connection situation shown with the connection sets that are available as accessories. Provide the required connections when using on-site fittings.

Connection on the heating water side (cont.)

Connection set with integral low loss header



Connect the boiler to the on-site pipework.

- A Cylinder flow
- (B) Heating flow
- © Heating return
- D Expansion vessel
- (E) Cylinder return

Flue gas connection

Note

Only use the "System certificate" and "Skoberne GmbH flue system" labels in conjunction with the Viessmann flue system made by Skoberne.

Do not carry out **commissioning** until the following conditions are met:

- Free passage through the flue gas pipes.
- Flue system with positive pressure is gas-tight.
- Inspection port covers checked for secure and tight seating.

Connect the balanced flue pipe.



Flue system installation instructions

 Apertures for ensuring sufficient combustion air supply are open and cannot be closed off.
 Note

In open flue operation, install a rodent guard grille on the supply air aperture.

• Applicable regulations on installing and commissioning flue systems have been followed.

Flue gas connection (cont.)



Danger

Leaking or blocked flue systems or an insufficient supply of combustion air cause life threatening poisoning due to carbon monoxide in the flue gas.

Ensure the flue system is in good working order. Vents for interconnected combustion air supply must be non-closable in open flue operation. Prevent condensate drainage via a wind protector.

Condensate connection



Pull the condensate hose far enough out so that no unnecessary bends are created inside the boiler. Check the tightness of the trap connection.

 Connect the condensate hose with a constant fall and a pipe vent to the drain network or to a neutralising system.

Note Observe local waste water regulations.

Fig. 5

Gas connection



Information on operation with LPG

When installing the boiler in rooms below ground level we recommend fitting an external safety solenoid valve.

1. Seal gas shut-off valve A into the gas connection.

Gas connection (cont.)

2. Check the gas connection for leaks.

Note

Only use suitable and approved leak detection agents (EN 14291) and devices for the leak test. Leak detection agents with unsuitable constituents (e.g. nitrides, sulphides) can cause material damage.

Remove residues of the leak detection agent after testing.

Please note

Excessive test pressure will damage the boiler and the gas train. Max. test pressure 150 mbar (15 kPa).

Where higher pressure is required for leak tests, disconnect the boiler and the gas train from the main supply pipe (undo the fitting).

Opening the control unit enclosure

Please note

Electronic assemblies can be damaged by electrostatic discharge.

Prior to commencing any work, touch earthed objects such as heating or water pipes to discharge static loads.

3. Purge the gas line.

Conversion to alternative gas types: See "Commissioning, inspection and maintenance".

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Opening the control unit enclosure (cont.)



Fig. 7

Electrical connections



Fig. 8

- A Radio clock receiver
- B Heating circuit pump or boiler circuit pump

Connections to 230 V~ plugs

- Boiler circuit pump or heating circuit pump
 Variable speed with 0 10 V connection
- 21 Circulation pump, connection options:
 - DHW circulation pump
 - External heating circuit pump
 - Circulation pump for cylinder heating
- 40 Power supply
- 96 Power supply for accessories
 - External demand/blocking
 - Vitotrol 100 UTA
 - Vitotrol 100 UTDB
 - Vitotrol 100, type UTDB-RF

- C Vitotrol 100, type UTDB (only for constant temperature control units)
 When making this connection, remove jumper between "1" and "L".
- Vitotrol 100, type UTA (only for constant temperature control units) or

Vitotrol 100 wireless receiver, type UTDB-RF When making this connection, remove jumper between "1" and "L".

Connections to LV plugs

- 1 Outside temperature sensor
- 2 Flow temperature sensor for low loss header (accessories)

- 5 Cylinder temperature sensor (supplied with DHW cylinder connection set)
- 145KM-BUS subscriber (accessories)
 - Vitotrol 200-A or 300-A remote control
 - Vitocom 100 GSM
 - Mixer extension kit
 - Solar control module, type SM1
 - Vitosolic
 - AM1 extension
 - EA1 extension
 - Wireless base station

Circulation pump at plug 20



Insert plug 144 (0 - 10 V connection) at X4.

them.

Information on connecting accessories

arate installation instructions provided with

When connecting accessories observe the sep-

Rated current	2(1) A~
Rated voltage	230 V ~

 A High-efficiency circulation pump, speed-controlled via 0 - 10 V control voltage

Adjusting the function of the circulation pump



Fig. 10

- Display of the selected curve or selected signal type
- ② Operating button for setting the pump
- ③ Display of the selected control type

\bigcirc	Status	
(4)	Sialus	LEU

(5) QR code:

https://wilo.com/oem/en/Support/Documentation

Hydraulic connection/connection re- quirements	Control unit setting Coding address/group	Circulation pump setting (recommendation)
 Single boiler system Heating circuit without mixer and connection without low loss header and without heating water buffer cylinder Circulation pump VI Para MAXO 25-130/11 	 Max. pump speed: E6:/heating circuit Min. pump speed: E7:/heating circuit 	Delivered condition
 Single boiler system Connection of heating circuits with heating water buffer cylinder Circulation pump VI Para MAXO 25-130/11 	30:0/boiler/2	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
 Single boiler system Connection of heating circuits with connection set with integral low loss header Circulation pump VI Para MAXO 25-130/11 	30:0/boiler/2	$ \begin{array}{c} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ \end{array} \Delta p - c \\ 49 \text{ kW at } \Delta t = 15 \text{ K} -1 \stackrel{\wedge}{=} 2.87 \text{ m}^3/h \\ 60 \text{ kW at } \Delta t = 17 \text{ K} -1 \stackrel{\wedge}{=} 3.37 \text{ m}^3/h \end{array} $
Multi boiler system Circulation pump VI Para MAXO 25-130/11	30:0/boiler/2	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Multi stage circulation pump (on site)	30:0/boiler/2	

Circulation pump VI Para MAXO 25-130/11

(0 to 10 V)		
Rated voltage	V~	230
Power consumption		
■ max.	W	140
■ min.	W	8

Residual head of circulation pump (coding address E6 and E7)

When connecting a heating circuit without mixer and without low loss header or heating water buffer cylinder, the circulation pump is controlled subject to the outside temperature. The min. and max. speeds of the circulation pump are limited by the settings for coding addresses E6 and E7.



Fig. 11

Setting for coding addresses E6, E7

Curve	Coding address value	Pump rate, circula- tion pump
A	40	40 %
B	50	50 %
C	60	60 %
D	70	70 %
E	80	80 %
F	90	90 %
G	100	100 %

Circulation pump at plug 21



Rated current	2(1) A~
Rated voltage	230 V ~

Set function of connected component in coding address "39"

Function	Code
DHW circulation pump	39:0
Heating circuit pump for heating circuit without mixer A1	39:1
Circulation pump for cylinder heating (delivered condition)	39:2

(A) Circulation pump

Note

Connect DHW circulation pumps with standalone functions directly to the 230 V \sim supply.

Installation

External demand via switching contact

Connection options:

- EA1 extension (accessory, see separate installation instructions)
- Plug 96

When the contact is closed, burner operation is loaddependent. The boiler water is heated to the set value selected in parameter/coding address "9b" in the **"General"/1** group. The boiler water temperature is limited by this set value and by the electronic maximum limit (coding address "06" in the **"Boiler"/2** group).

Please note

Live contacts lead to short circuits or phase failure.

The external connection **must be floating** and meet the requirements of protection class II.

Plug 96	EA1 extension
 A J B D D O O D D O	DE1 DE2 DE3 Image: Constant (B) Image: Constant (B)
 Parameters/codes "4b:1" in the "General"/1 group Effect of the function on the relevant heating circuit pump: Parameter/coding address "d7" in the "Heating circuit" group (only for weather-compensated control units) Effect of the function on the circulation pump for cylinder heating: Parameter/coding address "5F" in the "DHW"/3 group 	 Parameters/codes Set "3A" (DE1), "3b" (DE2) or "3C" (DE3) to 2 in the "General"/1 group Effect of the function on the relevant heating circuit pump: Parameter/coding address "d7" in the "Heating circuit" group (only for weather-compensated control units) Effect of the function on the circulation pump for cylinder heating: Parameter/coding address "5F" in the "DHW"/3 group

External demand via 0 – 10 V input

Connection at 0 - 10 V input at **EA1 extension**. Ensure DC separation between the earth conductor and the negative pole of the on-site power source.

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Fig. 13

	No specification for set boiler water temperature	
1 V	Set value 10 °C	
10 V	Set value 100 °C	

External blocking via switching contact

Connection options:

- Plug 96
- EA1 extension (accessory, see separate installation instructions)

When the contact is closed, the burner is switched off. The heating circuit pump and (if installed) the circulation pump for cylinder heating are switched according to the set parameter/code (see the following table "Parameters/codes").

Please note

Live contacts lead to short circuits or phase failure.

The external connection **must be floating** and meet the requirements of protection class II.

Plug 96	EA1 extension
 A A B A B B B B C C C	B DE1 DE2 DE3 OO OO A Floating contact B EA1 extension
 Parameters/codes "4b:2" in the "General"/1 group Effect of the function on the heating circuit pump: Parameter/coding address "d6" in the "Heating circuit" group (only for weather-compensated control units) Effect of the function on the circulation pump for cylinder heating: Parameter/coding address "5E" in the "DHW"/3 group 	 Parameters/codes Set "3A" (DE1), "3b" (DE2) or "3C" (DE3) to 3 or 4 in the "General"/1 group Effect of the function on the heating circuit pump: Parameter/coding address "d6" in the "Heating circuit" group (only for weather-compensated control units) Effect of the function on the circulation pump for cylinder heating: Parameter/coding address "5E" in the "DHW"/3 group

Outside temperature sensor 1

Fitting outside temperature sensor RF (wireless accessory):

Wireless base station

Fitting location for outside temperature sensor

- North or north-westerly wall, 2 to 2.5 m above ground level; in multi storey buildings, in the top half of the second floor
- Not above windows, doors or vents

Not immediately below balconies or gutters

Never render over

Outside temperature sensor connection

2-core lead, length up to 35 m with a cross-section of 1.5 mm^2

Power supply for accessories at plug 96 (230 V ~)

- Installation of boiler outside wet rooms: Connect the power supply of accessories to the boiler control unit. This connection is switched directly with the ON/OFF switch of the control unit.
- Installation of boiler in a wet room: Do **not** connect the power supply of accessories outside the wet area to the boiler control unit.

If the total system current exceeds 6 A, connect one or more extensions via an ON/OFF switch directly to the mains supply (see next chapter).

Power supply and KM BUS connection of accessories

Danger

Incorrectly executed electrical installations can result in injuries from electrical current and damage to the appliance.

- Route extra low voltage (ELV) leads < 42 V and > 42 V/230 V~ cables separately.
- Strip as little of the insulation is possible, directly before the terminals, and bundle tightly to the corresponding terminals.
- Secure cables with cable ties.

Power supply to all accessories via heat source control unit



```
Fig. 14
```

Some accessories with direct power supply



Fig. 15

- A Heat source control unit
- (B) Extension kit for heating circuit with mixer M2
- © Extension kit for heating circuit with mixer M3
- (D) AM1 extension, EA1 extension and/or solar control module, type SM1

If the current flowing to the connected working parts (e.g. circulation pumps) is higher than the fuse rating of the respective accessory: Only use the output concerned to control an on-site relay.

- (E) ON/OFF switch
- 40 Mains input
- 40A Power outlet
- 96 Control unit power outlet
- 145 KM BUS connection

Accessories	Internal fuse protec- tion
Extension kit for heating circuit with mixer	2 A
AM1 extension	4 A
EA1 extension	2 A
Solar control module, type SM1	2 A

Power supply 40



Danger

Incorrectly executed electrical installations can result in injuries from electrical current and damage to the appliance.

Connect the power supply and implement all safety measures (e.g. RCD circuit) in accordance with the following regulations:

- IEC 60364-4-41
- IEEE Wiring Regulation; BS 7671:2018
- Connection conditions of the local grid operator
- Install an isolator in the power cable to provide omnipolar separation from the mains for all active conductors, corresponding to overvoltage category III (3 mm) for complete isolation. The isolator must be fitted in the permanent electrical installation, in line with installation requirements. We also recommend installing a pulse current-sensi-

tive RCD (RCD class A 🖂).

Connect the power cable to the electricity supply using a fixed connection.

Routing connecting cables

Please note

If connecting cables come into contact with hot components they will be damaged. Route and attach the power cables on site in such a way that the maximum permissible temperatures of the cables are not exceeded.



Fig. 16

- (A) LV terminals
- (B) 230 V terminals
- Internal extension (C)

- If the power supply to the appliance is connected with a flexible power cable, ensure that the live conductors are pulled taut before the earth conductor in the event of strain relief failure. The length of the earth conductor wire will depend on the design.
- Max. fuse rating 16 A.



Danger

```
The absence of system component earthing can
lead to serious injury from electric current if an
electrical fault occurs.
```

The appliance and pipework must be connected to the equipotential bonding of the building.

- (F) Accessory 230 V connections
- 5 Plugs for connecting the cylinder temperature sensor to the cable harness

Remove the existing cable grommet if using cables with a larger cross-section (up to \emptyset 14 mm). Secure the cable with cable grommet \bigcirc integrated into the casing base (black).

Closing the control unit enclosure and inserting the programming unit



Fig. 17

Insert the programming unit (packed separately) into the control unit support.

Note

The programming unit can also be inserted into a wall mounting base (accessories) near the boiler.



💣 👁 🗲 Steps - commissioning, inspection and maintenance

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			 Inspection steps 	
			 Maintenance steps 	Page
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•	•	•	30. Checking the combustion quality	43
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Filling the heating system

Fill water

As a heat transfer medium for DHW heating, the heating water must meet fluid category ≤ 3. This requirement is met if water of potable quality is used as heating water. For example, if additives are used, the additive manufacturer must specify which category the treated heating water comes under.

Please note

Unsuitable fill water increases the level of deposits and corrosion and may lead to appliance damage.

- Flush the heating system thoroughly before filling.
- Only use fill water of potable water quality.
- Special antifreeze suitable for heating systems can be added to the fill water. The antifreeze manufacturer must verify its suitability.
- Fill and top-up water with a water hardness above 300 ppm must be softened, e.g. with a small softening system for heating water.

Filling the heating system (cont.)



- Check the pre-charge pressure of the diaphragm 1. expansion vessel.
- 2. Close the gas shut-off valve.
- **3.** Filling the heating system:
 - Single boiler system: valve (A)
 - Multi boiler system: valve (F) (see page 31)

System pressure > 1.0 bar (0.1 MPa).

4. Close boiler drain & fill value \triangle or \bigcirc .

Connection set with integral low loss header Fig. 19

Venting the boiler by flushing

Single boiler system



Connection set with integral low loss header Fig. 20

- 1. Close the shut-off valves on the heating water side.
- 2. Connect the drain hose to boiler drain & fill valve (B).
- 3. Open valves (A) and (B). Vent under mains pressure until no more air noise can be heard.
- 4. Close valves (A) and (B); open the shut-off valves on the heating water side.

🖲 🖉 🖌 Venting the boiler by flushing (cont.)

Multi boiler system



1. Close shut-off value A on the heating water side.

Note

Shut-off valve (B) remains open.

- 2. Connect the drain hose to boiler drain & fill valve ©.
- **3.** Open valves (C) and (F). Vent under mains pressure until no more air noise can be heard.
- **4.** Close valves \bigcirc and \bigcirc .
- 5. Re-open shut-off valve (A) on the heating water side.

Selecting the language (if required) – only for weather-compensated control units

At the commissioning stage, the display is in German (factory setting).

Extended menu:

- 1. 🇮
- 2. "Settings"
- 3. "Language"
- 4. Set the required language with ▲/▼.

Sprache	
Deutsch	DE 🗹
Bulgarski	BG 🗌
Cesky	CZ 🗆
Dansk	DK 🗌
Wählen mit	\$
Fig. 22	

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Setting the time and date (if required) – only for weather-compensated control units

The time and date need to be reset during commissioning or after a prolonged time out of use (approx. 18 days).

- 2. "Settings"
- 3. "Time / Date"
- 4. Set current time and date.

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Information on automatic testing of the flue gas temperature sensor

Weather-compensated control unit	Constant temperature control unit		
The control unit automatically checks the function of the flue gas temperature sensor as soon as the time and	Immediately after being switched on, the control unit au- tomatically checks the function of the flue gas tempera-		
date have been set.	ture sensor.		
The display shows: "Testing, flue gas temp sensor" and "Active"	The display shows: "A" .		
Note	Note If the flue gas temperature sensor is positioned incor-		
<i>If the flue gas temperature sensor is positioned incor- rectly, commissioning is cancelled and fault message A3 is displayed (see page 93).</i>	rectly, commissioning is cancelled and fault message A3 is displayed (see page 93).		



Venting the heating system

- **1.** Close the gas shut-off valve and switch the control unit ON.
- 2. Activate the venting program (see following steps).

Note

For function and sequence of the venting program, see page 103.

Activating the venting function

Weather-compensated control unit

Service menu

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Service functions"
- **3. "Venting"** Venting function is enabled.
- **4.** End the venting function: Press **OK** or **→**.

Constant temperature control unit

3. Check the system pressure.

Service menu

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- Select "⑤" with ▶ and confirm with OK.
 "ON" flashes.
- **3.** Activate the venting function with **OK**. **"EL on"** is shown constantly.
- **4.** End the venting function: Press **→**.

Filling the trap with water

Multi boiler system:

Fill the trap in the flue gas header with water as well.

32





- 1. Remove retaining clip A and pull out insert B.
- **2.** Fill trap \bigcirc with water and reassemble.

Note

Never twist the inlet hose during assembly. Route the drain hose without any bends and with a constant fall.

🐨 🌽 Checking all connections on the heating water and DHW sides for leaks



Checking the power supply

Designating heating circuits - only for weather-compensated control units

In the delivered condition, heating circuits are designated "Heating circuit 1", "Heating circuit 2" and "Heating circuit 3" (if installed).

If the system user prefers, heating circuits can be renamed to suit the specific system. To enter names for heating circuits:



Operating instructions

🗚 💿 差 🛛 Checking the gas type

The boiler is equipped with an electronic combustion controller that adjusts the burner for optimum combustion in accordance with the prevailing gas quality.

• For operation with natural gas, no adjustment is therefore required across the entire Wobbe index range.

The boiler can be operated in the Wobbe index range 9.5 to 15.2 kWh/m³ (34.2 to 54.7 MJ/m³).

- For operation with LPG, the burner must be converted (see "Gas type conversion" on page 34).
- **1.** Determine the gas type and Wobbe index by asking your local gas supply utility or LPG supplier.
- **2.** For operation with LPG, convert the burner (see page 34).
- **3.** Record the gas type in the report on page 110.

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Gas type conversion (only for operation with LPG)



- 1. Set adjusting screw (A) on the gas train to "2".
- 2. Turn ON/OFF switch "[®]" to ON.
- 3. Select the gas type in coding address "82":
 - Call up code 2
 - Call up "General" (weather-compensated control units)
 - or
 - Group "1" (constant temperature control units)
 - In coding address "11", select value "9"
 - In coding address "82", select value "1" (LPG operation)
 - In code "11", select value \neq "9".
 - End service functions.
- **4.** Open the gas shut-off valve.
- Affix label "G 31" to the cover panel in a clearly visible position near the gas train. The label is supplied with the technical documentation.

Fig. 24

Function sequence and possible faults



Function sequence and possible faults (cont.)



For further details regarding faults, see page 81.



Checking the static pressure and supply pressure

∕∖ Danger

CO formation as a result of incorrect burner adjustment can have serious health implications. Check the CO content before and after carrying out work on gas appliances.



Operation with LPG

Purge the LPG tank twice on commissioning or replacement. Vent the tank and gas connection line thoroughly after purging.

- **1.** Close the gas shut-off valve.
- 2. Release screw (A) inside test connector "PE" on the gas train, but do not remove it. Connect the pressure gauge.
- 3. Open the gas shut-off valve.
- Check the static pressure and record the actual value in the report on page 110. Set value: Max. 57.5 mbar (5.75 kPa)
- 5. Start the boiler.

Note

During commissioning, the appliance can enter a fault state because of airlocks in the gas line. After approx. 5 s, press **R** to reset the burner.



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Checking the static pressure and supply pressure (cont.)

6. Check the supply (flow) pressure. For set values, see the following table.

Note

Use a suitable measuring device with a resolution of at least 0.1 mbar (0.01 kPa) to check the supply pressure.

- Record the actual value in the report. Implement measures as indicated in the table below.
- Shut down the boiler. Close the gas shut-off valve and remove the pressure gauge. Close test connector (A) with the screw.
- 9.

Danger

 Gas escaping from the test connector leads to a risk of explosion.
 Check for gas tightness.

Open the gas shut-off valve. Start up the appliance. Check gas tightness at test connector \triangle .

Supply pressure (flow pressure)					Measures	
For natural gas				For LPG	_	
Н	E, E+, M	L, LL, S, K	Lw			
Below 13 mbar (1.3 kPa)	Below 17 mbar (1.7 kPa)	Below 18 mbar (1.8 kPa)	Below 16 mbar (1.6 kPa)	Below 25 mbar (2.5 kPa)	Do not commission the boiler. Notify your gas supply utility or LPG supplier.	
13 to 33 mbar (1.3 to 3.3 kPa)	17 to 33 mbar (1.7 to 3.3 kPa)	18 to 33 mbar (1.8 to 3.3 kPa)	16 to 33 mbar (1.6 to 3.3 kPa)	25 to 57.5 mbar (2.5 to 5.75 kPa)	Start the boiler.	
Above 33 mbar (3.3 kPa)	Above 33 mbar (3.3 kPa)	Above 33 mbar (3.3 kPa)	Above 33 mbar (3.3 kPa)	Above 57.5 mbar (5.75 kPa)	Install a separate gas pressure governor upstream of the sys- tem. Set the pre-charge pres- sure to 20 mbar (2.0 kPa) for natural gas and 50 mbar (5.0 kPa) for LPG. Notify your gas supply utility or LPG suppli- er.	

🔗 💿 🌽 Setting the max. heating output

A limit can be set on the maximum heating output for **heating mode**. The limit is set via the modulation range. The upper limit of the max. adjustable heating output is set by the coding card.

Weather-compensated control unit

Service menu

1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.

- 2. "Service functions"
- 3. "Max. output"
- "Change?" Select "Yes". A value is shown on the display (e.g. "85"). In the delivered condition, this value represents 100 % of the rated heating output.
- 5. Set the required value.


Constant temperature control unit

Service menu

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. Select "(3)" with) and confirm with OK. The display shows "FL" and "on" flashes.
- 3. Confirm with OK and ensure the flow rate is sufficient. While flow rate measuring is active, "FL" flashes on the display and "on" is shown.
- 4. When the required flow rate is reached, the set heating output (e.g. "85") flashes on the display and ">" is shown. In the delivered condition, this value represents 100 % of the rated heating output.
- 5. Select the required value and confirm with OK.

Checking the balanced flue system for tightness (annular gap test)



Fig. 26

(A) Combustion air aperture

For balanced flue systems tested together with the heat generator, there is no requirement for a tightness test (overpressure test) during commissioning by the flue gas inspector.

In this case, we recommend that a simple tightness test is carried out during system commissioning. For this, check the CO₂ or O₂ concentration in the combustion air at the annular gap of the balanced flue pipe. If the CO₂ concentration is less than 0.2 % or the O₂ concentration is greater than 20.6 %, the flue pipe is deemed to be sufficiently gas-tight.

If actual CO₂ values are greater or O₂ values are lower, then pressure test the flue pipe with a static pressure of 200 Pa.

Please note

If the test port is not sealed, combustion air is drawn in from the room.

After the tightness test, re-seal the test port with the plug.

🖇 👁 🌽 Removing the burner and checking the burner gasket



Fig. 27

- **1.** Turn off the ON/OFF switch on the control unit and the power supply.
- **2.** Close the gas shut-off valve and safeguard against reopening.
- **3.** Pivot control unit (A) forwards.
- **4.** Remove cover panel (B).
- **5.** Remove the electrical cables from the following components:
 - Fan motor ⓒ
 - Gas train D
 - Ignition unit (E)
 - Earthing point (F)
 - Ionisation electrode G

- **6.** Undo gas supply pipe fitting (H).
- 7. Undo 6 screws K and remove the burner.

Please note

To prevent damage, never touch the mesh of the burner gauze assembly.

8. Check burner gasket (L) for damage and replace if required.

Checking the burner gauze assembly and replacing it if required



Fig. 28

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- **1.** Remove electrodes \triangle .
- **2.** Undo 3 retaining clips (B) on thermal insulation ring (C). Remove thermal insulation ring (C).
- 3. Undo 4 Torx screws (D). Remove burner gauze assembly (E).
- **4.** Remove old burner gauze assembly gasket (F).
- **5.** Insert a new burner gauze assembly with a new gasket and secure with 4 Torx screws.

Note

Torque: 4.5 Nm

6. Refit thermal insulation ring \bigcirc and electrodes \bigcirc .

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Commissioning, inspection, maintenance

Checking the back draught safety device



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Fig. 29

- **1.** Undo 3 screws and remove fan \triangle .
- Remove back draught safety device (B). 2.
- **4.** Refit back draught safety device (B).
- 5. Refit fan (A) and secure with 3 screws. Torque: 3.0 Nm
- 3. Check the damper and gasket for dirt and damage. Replace if required.

Checking and adjusting the ignition and ionisation electrodes \bigcirc







- Ignition electrodes (A)
- **B** Ionisation electrode
- 1. Check the electrodes for wear and contamination.
- 2. Clean the electrodes with a small brush (not a wire brush) or sandpaper.
 - Please note Wire mesh:
 - do not damage.



3. Check the electrode gaps. If the gaps are not as specified or the electrodes are damaged, replace and align the electrodes together with new gaskets. Tighten the screws of the electrodes. Torque: 2.0 Nm

💣 👁 🗲 Cleaning the heating surfaces

Please note

Scratches to the surfaces of the heat exchanger that come into contact with hot gas can result in corrosion damage. Brushing can cause deposits to become lodged in the gaps between the coils. **Never use brushes to clean the heating surfaces.**

Please note

Prevent damage due to cleaning water. Cover electronic components with suitable watertight material.

Note

Discolouration on the heat exchanger surface is a normal sign of use. It has no bearing on the function and service life of the heat exchanger. The use of chemical cleaning agents is not required.



Fig. 31



Installing the burner

- 1. Insert the burner and tighten the screws diagonally. Torque: 8.5 Nm
- **2.** Install the gas supply pipe with a new gasket and tighten the fitting. Torque: 15 Nm

- 2. Flush heating surface (A) with water.
- **3.** Check condensate drain. Clean the trap: See the following chapter.
- **4.** Check the thermal insulation mat (if installed) in the heat exchanger for damage, replace if necessary.





Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion. Check the fitting for gas tightness.

4. Connect the electrical cables to the corresponding components.

🖓 👁 差 Checking the condensate drain and cleaning the trap

Multi boiler system:

Clean the trap in the flue gas header as well.

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- **1.** Remove retaining clip (A) and pull out insert (B).
- **2.** Clean trap \bigcirc and check that the condensate can drain freely.
- **3.** Fill trap [©] with water and reassemble.

Note

Never twist the inlet hose during assembly. Route the drain hose without any bends and with a constant fall.

Checking the neutralising system (if installed)

Checking the diaphragm expansion vessel and system pressure \bigcirc

Note

Check the diaphragm expansion vessel when the system is cold.

- 1. Drain the system or close the cap valve on the diaphragm expansion vessel and reduce the pressure until the pressure gauge indicates "0".
- 2. If the pre-charge pressure of the diaphragm expansion vessel is lower than the static system pressure: top up with nitrogen until the pre-charge pressure is 0.1 to 0.2 bar (10 to 20 kPa) higher than the static pressure.
- 3. Top up with water until the charge pressure of the cooled system is 0.1 to 0.2 bar (10 to 20 kPa) higher than the pre-charge pressure of the diaphragm expansion vessel.

Permiss. operating pressure: 4 bar (0.4 MPa)



Checking the safety valve function

\odot Checking the firm seating of electrical connections

Checking all gas equipment for tightness at operating pressure

Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion. Check all gas equipment for tightness.

Note

Only use suitable and approved leak detection agents (EN 14291) and devices for the tightness test. Leak detection agents with unsuitable constituents (e.g. nitrides, sulphides) can cause material damage. Remove residues of the leak detection agent after testing.

🔗 👁 🖌 Checking the combustion quality

The electronic combustion controller automatically ensures optimum combustion quality. During commissioning/maintenance, only the combustion values need to be checked. For this, measure the CO content plus the CO_2 or O_2 content. For a description of the electronic combustion controller functions, see page 107.

Note

To prevent operating faults and damage, operate the appliance with uncontaminated combustion air.

CO content

 The CO content must be < 1000 ppm for all gas types.

CO₂ or O₂ content

- The CO₂ content must be within the following limits for the lower and upper heating output respectively:
 7.5 to 9.5 % for natural gas E and LL
 - 8.8 to 11.1 % for LPG P
- The O₂ content must be between 4.0 and 7.6 % for all gas types.

If the actual CO_2 or O_2 values lie outside their respective ranges, check the balanced flue system for tightness; see page 37.

Note

During commissioning, the combustion controller carries out an automatic calibration. Only measure the emissions approx. 30 s after the burner has started.



Fig. 33

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Selecting the upper/lower heating output

Weather-compensated control unit

Service menu

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Actuator test"

- 3. Select the lower heating output: Select "Base load OFF". Then "Base load ON" appears and the burner runs at its lower heating output.
- Select the upper heating output: Select "Full load OFF". Then "Full load ON" appears and the burner runs at its upper heating output.

- 1. Connect a flue gas analyser at flue gas port (A) on the boiler flue connection.
- **2.** Open the gas shut-off valve. Start the boiler and create a heat demand.
- 3. Set the lower heating output (see page 43).
- Check the CO₂ content. Should the actual value deviate from the aforementioned ranges by more than 1 %, implement measures detailed on page 43.
- 5. Enter the actual value into the report.
- 6. Set the upper heating output (see page 43).
- Check the CO₂ content. Should the actual value deviate from the aforementioned ranges by more than 1 %, implement measures detailed on page 43.
- 8. After testing, press OK.
- 9. Enter the actual value into the report.

Checking the combustion quality (cont.)

 End output selection: Press [▲].

Constant temperature control unit

Service menu

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- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. Use ▶ to select "☆" and confirm with OK. The display shows "I" and "ON" flashes.
- Select the lower heating output: Press OK, "ON" will be displayed constantly.

- Select the upper heating output: Press [→].
- 5. Select "2" with ▶, "ON" flashes.
- 6. Press OK, "ON" will be displayed constantly.
- 7. End output selection: Press ↔.

Checking the external LPG safety valve (if installed)

🛱 💿 🌽 Matching the control unit to the heating system

The control unit must be matched to the equipment level of the system. Various system components are recognised automatically by the control unit and the relevant codes are set automatically. For individual coding steps, see page 49.

Adjusting the heating curves (only for weather-compensated control units)

Checking the flue system for unrestricted flow and tightness

The heating curves illustrate the relationship between the outside temperature and the boiler water or flow temperature.

To put it simply, the lower the outside temperature, the higher the boiler water or flow temperature.

The boiler water or flow temperature in turn affects the room temperature.

Settings in the delivered condition:

- Slope = 1.4
- Level = 0

Note

If the heating system includes heating circuits with mixers, then the flow temperature of the heating circuit without mixer is higher by a selected differential (8 K in the delivered condition) than the flow temperature of the heating circuits with mixers. The differential temperature is adjustable via coding address "9F" in the **"General"** group.

Adjusting the heating curves (only for... (cont.)





Slope setting ranges:

- Underfloor heating systems: 0.2 to 0.8
- Low temperature heating systems: 0.8 to 1.6

Selecting the set room temperature

Individually adjustable for each heating circuit. The heating curve is offset along the set room temperature axis. With the heating circuit pump logic function active, the curve modifies the start and stop characteristics of the heating circuit pump.

Standard set room temperature



- room temperature from 20 to 26 °C
- (A) Boiler water temperature or flow temperature in °C
- B Outside temperature in °C
- © Set room temperature in °C
- D Heating circuit pump "OFF"
- € Heating circuit pump "ON"

Changing the standard set room temperature

Operating instructions

Reduced set room temperature



Fig. 36 Example 2: Adjustment of the reduced set room temperature from 5 °C to 14 °C

- A Boiler water temperature or flow temperature in °C
- B Outside temperature in °C
- © Set room temperature in °C
- D Heating circuit pump "OFF"
- (E) Heating circuit pump "ON"

Changing the reduced set room temperature

Operating instructions

Changing the slope and level

Individually adjustable for each heating circuit.

o O

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Adjusting the heating curves (only for... (cont.)



Press the following buttons for the extended menu:

1. 🗮	to call up the menu.
	to our up the monu.

2. "Heating" select

- **3.** < / ► to select the heating circuit.
- 4. "Heating curve" select
- **5. "Slope"** or **"Level"** to change the heating curve in accordance with requirements.

The same subscriber number must not be allocated

Only one Vitotronic may be programmed as fault

F

0

- (A) Changing the slope
- B Changing the level (vertical parallel offset of the heating curve)

Connecting the control unit to the LON

The LON communication module must be plugged in.

Note

The data transfer via LON can take several minutes.

Example: Single boiler system with Vitotronic 200-H and Vitocom 200

Set LON subscriber numbers and further functions via code 2 (see the following table).

All coding addresses in the table are listed in the "General" group.

Boiler control unit	Vitotronic 200-H	Vitotronic 200-H	Vitocom
LON	LON	LON	
Subscriber no. 1 Code "77:1"	Subscriber no. 10 Code "77:10"	Subscriber no. 11 Set code "77:11".	Subscriber no. 99
Control unit is fault manager. Code "79:1"	Control unit is not fault man- ager. Code "79:0"	Control unit is not fault man- ager. Code "79:0"	Device is fault man- ager.
Control unit transmits the time. Code "7b:1"	Control unit receives the time. Set code "81:3".	Control unit receives the time. Set code "81:3".	Device receives the time.
Control unit sends outside temperature. Set code "97:2".	Control unit receives outside temperature. Set code "97:1".	Control unit receives outside temperature. Set code "97:1".	_

Note

manager.

twice within the LON.



Connecting the control unit to the LON (cont.)

Boiler control unit	Vitotronic 200-H	Vitotronic 200-H	Vitocom
Viessmann system number.	Viessmann system number.	Viessmann system number.	_
Code "98:1"	Code "98:1"	Code "98:1"	
LON subscriber fault monitor-	LON subscriber fault moni-	LON subscriber fault moni-	_
ing.	toring.	toring.	
Code "9C:20"	Code "9C:20"	Code "9C:20"	

Carrying out a LON subscriber check

The subscriber check is used to test communication with the system devices connected to the fault manager.

Requirements:

- The control unit must be programmed as fault manager (code "79:1" in the "General" group).
- The LON subscriber number must be programmed in all control units.
- The LON subscriber list in the fault manager must be up to date.

Service menu:

- **1.** Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Service functions"

Calling up and resetting the "Service" display

The red fault indicator flashes when the limits set in coding addresses "21" and "23" have been reached. (Coding address in group "Boiler" (weather-compensated control unit) or group 2 (constant temperature control unit).)

Weather-compensated control unit

Display

"Service" and "

Acknowledging a service

Press OK. Perform maintenance.

Note

An acknowledged service message that has not been reset reappears the following Monday.

After maintenance has been carried out, reset the codes

Service menu:

1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.

- 3. "Subscriber check"
- 4. Select subscriber (e.g. subscriber 10).
- 5. Start the subscriber check with "OK".
- Successfully tested subscribers are designated with "OK".
- Unsuccessfully tested subscribers are identified with "Not OK".

Note

To perform another subscriber check:

Create a new subscriber list with "Delete list?" (subscriber list is updated).

Note

During the subscriber check, the display of the relevant subscriber shows the subscriber no. and "Wink" for approx. 1 min.

- 2. "Service functions"
- 3. "Service reset"

Note

The selected service parameters for hours run and time interval restart at "0".

Constant temperature control unit

Display

The specified hours run or the specified time interval with calendar symbol "◊" (subject to setting) and "✓"

Acknowledging a service

Press OK. Perform maintenance.

Note

An acknowledged service message that has not been reset reappears after 7 days.

After maintenance has been carried out, reset the codes

Reset code "24:1" in group 2 to "24:0".

💣 💿 🌽 Calling up and resetting the "Service" display (cont.)

Note

The selected service parameters for hours run and time interval restart at **"0"**.

🗳 👁 🖌 Fitting the front panel



Fig. 38

Note

Ensure the locking screws are fitted before operating the appliance.



Instructing the system user

The system installer should hand the operating instructions to the system user and instruct the user in operating the system.

Calling up coding level 1

- On weather-compensated control units, codes are displayed as plain text.
- Codes that are not assigned due to the heating system equipment level or the setting of other codes are not displayed.
- Heating systems with one heating circuit without mixer and one or two heating circuits with mixer: The heating circuit without mixer is designated
 "Heating circuit 1" and the heating circuits with mixer as "Heating circuit 2" or "Heating circuit 3". If the heating circuits were given individual designations, the selected designation and "HC1", "HC2" or "HC3" appear instead.

The codes are divided into groups

Weather-compensated control unit

- "General"
- "Boiler"
- "DHW"
- "Solar"
- "Heating circuit 1/2/3"
- "All codes std device"
 In this group, all coding addresses from coding level
 1 (except the coding addresses from the "Solar"
 group) are displayed in ascending order.
- "Standard setting"

Constant temperature control unit

- 1: "General"
- 2: "Boiler"
- 3: "DHW"
- 4: "Solar"
- 5: "Heating circuit 1"
- 6: "All codes std device" In this group, all coding addresses are displayed in ascending order.
- 7: "Standard setting"

Calling up coding level 1

Weather-compensated control unit

1. Press OK and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.

General/group "1"

Select **"General"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 49).

2. "Coding level 1"

- 3. Select the group of required coding addresses.
- 4. Select the coding address.
- 5. Set the value according to the following tables and confirm with **OK**.

Constant temperature control unit

- 1. Press OK and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. Select "①" with ▶ for coding level 1 and confirm with OK.
- **3. "I"** flashes on the display for the coding addresses in group 1.
- **5.** Select coding address with $\blacktriangle/\checkmark$.

Resetting all codes to their delivered condition

Weather-compensated control unit

Select "Standard setting".

Note

This also resets the codes at coding level 2.

Constant temperature control unit

Select **"7"** with **▶** and confirm with **OK**. When **"↓"** flashes, confirm with **OK**.

Note

page 49).

This also resets the codes at coding level 2.

Select "1" for constant temperature control units (see

49

Codes

Code 1

General/group "1" (cont.)

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change		
System design				
00:1	System version 1: One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), without DHW heating	00:2 to 00:10	For system schemes, see the follow- ing table:	

Value, ad- dress 00:	System ver- sion	Description
2	1	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)
3	2,3	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), without DHW heating
4	2,3	One heating circuit with mixer (heating circuit 2), with DHW heating
5	2,3	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1) and one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), without DHW heating (code is set automatically)
6	2,3	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1) and one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)
7	4	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), without DHW heating
8	4	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), with DHW heating
9	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), without DHW heating (code is set automatically)
10	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change		
Internal circulation pump function				
51:0	System with low loss header: The internal circulation pump is al- ways started when there is a heat demand	51:1	System with low loss header: The internal circulation pump is only started when there is a heat demand if the burner is running. The circulation pump stops when the run-on time ends.	
		51:2	System with heating water buffer cylinder: The internal circulation pump is only started when there is a heat demand if the burner is running.	

Coding in th	e delivered condition	Possible change		
Subscriber I	10.			
77:1	LON subscriber number (only for weather-compensated control units)	77:2 to 77:99	LON subscriber number, adjustable from 1 to 99: 1 - 4 = boiler 5 = cascade 10 - 97 = Vitotronic 200-H 98 = Vitogate 99 = Vitocom Note Allocate each number only once.	
Detached ho	ouse/apartment building			
7F:1	Detached house (only for weather- compensated control units)	7F:0	Apartment building Holiday program and time program for DHW heating can be set sepa- rately.	
Lock out co	ntrols			
8F:0	3F:0 Operation enabled in standard menu and extended menu.	8F:1	Operation locked out in standard menu and extended menu. Emissions test mode can be ena- bled.	
	The relevant code is only enabled when you exit the service menu.	8F:2	Operation enabled in standard menu, but locked out in extended menu. Emissions test mode can be ena- bled.	
Set flow tem	perature for external demand			
9b:70	Set flow temperature for external demand 70 °C	9b:0 to 9b:127	Set flow temperature for external de- mand adjustable from 0 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific parame- ters)	

Boiler/group "2"

Select **"Boiler"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 49).

Select **"2"** for constant temperature control units (see page 49).

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change		
Single/multi-boiler system				
01:1 Single boiler system (only for con- stant temperature control units)		01:2	Multi boiler system with Vitotronic 300-K	
Boiler number			·	
07:1	Boiler number in multi boiler sys- tems (only for constant tempera- ture control units)	07:2 to 07:4	Boiler number 2 to 4 in multi boiler systems	

Code 1

Boiler/group "2" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change		
Burner serv	vice in 100 hours			
21:0	No service interval set (in hours run)	21:1 to 21:100	The number of hours run before the burner should be serviced is adjust- able from 100 to 10,000 h One step ≙ 100 h	
Service inte	erval in months			
23:0	No time set for burner service in- terval	23:1 to 23:24	Interval adjustable from 1 to 24 months	
Service sta	tus	1		
24:0	"Service" not shown on the display	24:1	"Service" shown on the display. The address is set automatically and must be reset manually after a serv- ice.	
Filling/vent	ing	•	·	
2F:0	Venting program/filling program	2F:1	Venting program enabled	
	disabled	2F:2	Filling program enabled	

DHW/group "3"

Select **"DHW"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 49).

Select **"3"** for constant temperature control units (see page 49).

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible ch	ange	
Set DHW temperature reheating suppression				
67:40	For solar DHW heating: set DHW temperature 40 °C. Reheating is suppressed above the selected set temperature: boiler only starts as backup if the rise in the DHW tem- perature is too low. Cannot be adjusted on gas con- densing combi boilers	67:0 to 67:95	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 0 to 95 °C (limited by boiler- specific parameters)	
Enable DHW of	circulation pump			
73:0	DHW circulation pump: "ON" ac- cording to time program (only for weather-compensated control	73:1 to 73:6	"ON" from once per hour for 5 min up to 6 times per hour for 5 min dur- ing the time program	
	units)	73:7	Permanently "ON"	

Solar/group "4"

Select **"Solar"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 49).

Select **"4"** for constant temperature control units (see page 49).

Note

The solar group is only displayed if a solar control module, type SM1, is connected.

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change		
Speed control	ol solar circuit pump	1		
02:	Coding dependent on the software version of solar control module	02:0	Solar circuit pump is not speed-con- trolled	
	SM1/SM1A	02:1	With wave packet control function Never adjust	
		02:2	Solar circuit pump is speed-control- led with PWM control	
Maximum cy	linder temperature	•		
08:60	The solar circuit pump is switched off when the actual DHW tempera- ture reaches the maximum cylinder temperature (60 °C).	08:10 to 08:90	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 10 to 90 °C.	
Stagnation t	ime reduction			
0A:5	Temperature differential for stagna- tion time reduction (reduction in the speed of the solar circuit pump to protect system components and heat transfer medium) 5 K.	0A:0 0A:1 to 0A:40	Stagnation time reduction not active. Temperature differential adjustable from 1 to 40 K.	
Flow rate so	,			
0F:70	Solar circuit flow rate at the maxi- mum pump speed 7 l/min.	0F:1 to 0F:255	Flow rate adjustable from 0.1 to 25.5 l/min, 1 step $ eq$ 0.1 l/min.	
Extended so	lar control functions			
20:0	No extended control function ena-	20:1	Auxiliary function for DHW heating	
	bled	20:2	Differential temperature control 2.	
		20:3	Differential temperature control 2 and auxiliary function.	
		20:4	Differential temperature control 2 for central heating backup.	
		20:5	Thermostat function	
		20:6	Thermostat function and auxiliary function	
		20:7	Solar heating via external heat ex- changer without additional tempera- ture sensor	
		20:8	Solar heating via external heat ex- changer with additional temperature sensor	
		20:9	Solar heating of 2 DHW cylinders	

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating circuit 3/group "5"

Select **"Heating circuit ..."** for weather-compensated control units (see page 49).

Select **"5"** for constant temperature control units (see page 49).

Code 1

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding

Coding in th	ne delivered condition	Possible change			
Priority DHW heating					
A2:2	Cylinder priority applicable to heat- ing circuit pump and mixer	A2:0	Without cylinder priority applicable to heating circuit pump and mixer		
		A2:1	Cylinder priority only applicable to mixer		
		A2:3 to A2:15	Reduced priority applicable to mixer: the heating circuit receives a re- duced amount of energy.		
Economy fu	inction outside temperature		· · ·		
A5:5	With heating circuit pump logic function (economy mode): heating	A5:0	Without heating circuit pump logic function		
	circuit pump "OFF" when the out- side temperature (OT) is 1 K high- er than the set room temperature (RT_{set}) OT > RT_{set} + 1 K (only for weather- compensated control units)	A5:1 to A5:15	With heating circuit pump logic func- tion: heating circuit pump "OFF" (see the following table)		

Parameter address A5:	With heating circuit pump logic function: heating circuit pump "OFF"
1	OT > RT _{set} + 5 K
2	OT > RT _{set} + 4 K
3	OT > RT _{set} + 3 K
4	OT > RT _{set} + 2 K
5	OT > RT _{set} + 1 K
6	OT > RT _{set}
7	OT > RT _{set} - 1 K
to	
15	OT > RT _{set} - 9 K

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Extended e	conomy function adjusted outside temp	perature	
A6:36	Extended economy mode disa- bled (only for weather-compensa- ted control units)	A6:5 to A6:35	Extended economy mode enabled: the burner and heating circuit pump will stop and the mixer will be closed at a variable value, adjustable be- tween 5 and 35 °C plus 1 °C. The basis for this is the adjusted outside temperature. This is composed of the actual outside temperature and a time constant that takes account of the way an average building cools down.

 $RT_{actual} > RT_{set} + 1 K$

 $RT_{actual} > RT_{set} - 1 K$

 $RT_{actual} > RT_{set} - 2 K$

 $RT_{actual} > RT_{set}$

Coding in th	ne deliver	red condition	Possible change		
Extended ec	conomy f	unction mixer	!		
A7:0	Or co	ithout mixer economy function. nly for weather-compensated ntrol units and heating circuits th mixer.	A7:1	 With mixer economy function (extended heating circuit pump logic): Heating circuit pump also "OFF": If the mixer has been trying to close for longer than 20 min. Heating circuit pump "ON": If the mixer changes to control function If there is a risk of frost 	
Pump idle ti	me, trans	sition reduced mode			
A9:7		ith pump idle time: heating circuit	A9:0	Without pump idle time	
	ter ing the we	mp "OFF" if the set value is al- red through a change in operat- g mode or through a change in e set room temperature (only for eather-compensated control its)	A9:1 to A9:15	With pump idle time, adjustable from 1 to 15. The higher the value, the longer the pump idle time.	
Weather-cor	mpensate	ed/room temperature hook-up			
b0:0	reo sa	With remote control: heating mode/ reduced mode: weather-compen- sated (only for weather-compensa- ted control units). Change code only for the heating circuit with mixer.	b0:1	Heating mode: weather-compensa- ted Reduced mode: with room tempera- ture hook-up	
			b0:2	Heating mode: with room tempera- ture hook-up Reduced mode: weather-compensa- ted	
			b0:3	Heating mode/reduced mode: with room temperature hook-up	
Economy fu	inction ro	oom temperature			
b5:0	pe pu we un	ith remote control: no room tem- rature-dependent heating circuit mp logic function (only for eather-compensated control its). Change code only for the eating circuit with mixer.	b5:1 to b5:8	For heating circuit pump logic func- tion, see the following table:	
Parameter a	ddress	With heating circuit pump log	ic function:		
b5:		Heating circuit pump "OFF"		Heating circuit pump "ON"	
1		RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 5 K		RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 4 K	
2		RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 4 K		RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 3 K	
3		RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 3 K		RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 2 K	
4		RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 2 K		RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 1 K	
			1		

 $RT_{actual} < RT_{set}$

 $RT_{actual} < RT_{set} - 1 K$

 $RT_{actual} < RT_{set} - 2 K$

 $RT_{actual} < RT_{set} - 3 K$

5

6

7

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding in the	e delivered condition	Possible change		
Min. flow terr	perature heating circuit			
C5:20	Electronic minimum flow tempera- ture limit 20 °C (only for weather- compensated control units)	C5:1 to C5:127	Minimum limit adjustable from 1 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific parameters)	
Max. flow ten	nperature heating circuit			
C6:74	Electronic maximum flow tempera- ture limit 74 °C (only for weather- compensated control units)	C6:10 to C6:127	Maximum limit adjustable from 10 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific pa- rameters)	
Heating prog	ram changeover			
d5:0	The external operating program changeover switches the operating program to "Constant operation with reduced room temperature" or "Standby mode" (only for weather- compensated control units)	d5:1	The external operating program changeover switches to "Constant operation with standard room tem- perature" (subject to coding ad- dresses 3A, 3b and 3C)	
Ext. heating	program changeover to heating circuit	•		
d8:0	No operating program changeover via EA1 extension	d8:1	Operating program changeover via input DE1 at EA1 extension	
		d8:2	Operating program changeover via input DE2 at EA1 extension	
		d8:3	Operating program changeover via input DE3 at EA1 extension	
Max. pump s	peed in standard mode	•		
E6:	Maximum speed of the variable speed heating circuit pump in % of the max. speed in standard mode. Value is specified by boiler-specific parameters (only for weather-com- pensated control units).	E6:0 to E6:100	Maximum speed adjustable from 0 to 100 %	
Min. pump sp	peed		I	
E7:30	Minimum speed of the variable speed heating circuit pump: 30 % of the max. speed (only for weath- er-compensated control units)	E7:0 to E7:100	Minimum speed adjustable from 0 to 100 % of maximum speed	
Screed dryin	g			
F1:0	Screed drying disabled (only for weather-compensated control units).	F1:1 to F1:6 F1:15	Screed drying can be set with 6 ad- justable temperature/time profiles (see page 103)	
Party mode t	ime limit	11.15	Constant flow temperature 20 °C	
F2:8		F2:0	No time limit for party mode	
ΓΖ.Ο	Time limit for party mode or exter- nal operating program changeover via pushbutton: 8 h (only for weather-compensated control units)*	F2:1 to F2:12	No time limit for party mode Time limit adjustable from 1 to 12 h	

^{*} In the "Heating and DHW" program, party mode ends **automatically** when the system changes over to operation at standard room temperature.

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change		
Pump contro	ol in "Only DHW"			
F6:25	In "Only DHW" operating mode, the circulation pump in the heating circuit connection set is constantly on (only for constant temperature	F6:0	In the "Only DHW" operating mode, the circulation pump in the heating circuit connection set is constantly off	
	to	F6:1 to F6:24	In the "Only DHW" operating mode, the circulation pump in the heating circuit connection set is started 1 to 24 times per day for 10 min each time.	
Pump contro	ol in "Standby mode"			
F7:25	In "Standby mode", the circulation pump in the heating circuit connec- tion set is constantly on (only for	F7:0	In "Standby mode", the circulation pump in the heating circuit connec- tion set is constantly off	
	constant temperature control units)	F7:1 to F7:24	In "Standby mode", the circulation pump in the heating circuit connec- tion set is started 1 to 24 times per day for 10 min each time.	
Start temper	ature raising			
F8:-5	Temperature limit for terminating reduced mode -5 °C; see example on page 105.	F8:+10 to F8:-60	Temperature limit adjustable from +10 to -60 °C	
	Observe setting for coding address "A3". (Only for weather-compensa- ted control units)	F8:-61	Function disabled	
End tempera	ature raising	I		
F9:-14	Temperature limit for raising re- duced set room temp14 °C; see example on page 105. (only for weather-compensated control units)	F9:+10 to F9:-60	Temperature limit for raising the set room temperature to the value se- lected for standard mode adjustable from +10 to -60 °C	
Set flow tem	perature increase	-		
FA:20	The set boiler water or flow tem- perature is raised by 20 % when changing from operation with re- duced room temperature to opera- tion with standard room tempera- ture. See example on page 105 (only for weather-compensated control units).	FA:0 to FA:50	Temperature rise adjustable from 0 to 50 %	
Duration set	flow temperature increase			
Fb:60	Duration for raising the set boiler water temperature or set flow tem- perature (see coding address "FA") 60 min. See example on page 105 (only for weather-compensated control units).	Fb:0 to Fb:240	Duration adjustable from 0 to 240 min	

Calling up coding level 2

- All codes are accessible in coding level 2.
- Codes that are not assigned due to the heating system equipment level or the setting of other codes are not displayed.
- The heating circuit without mixer is designated "Heating circuit 1" and the heating circuits with mixer as "Heating circuit 2" or "Heating circuit 3". If the heating circuits were given individual designations, the selected designation and "HC1", "HC2" or "HC3" appear instead.

The codes are divided into groups

Weather-compensated control unit

- "General"
- Boiler"
- "DHW"
- "Solar"
- "Heating circuit 1/2/3"
- "All codes std device"

In this group, all coding addresses (except the coding addresses from the "Solar" group) are displayed in ascending order.

"Standard setting"

Constant temperature control unit

- 1: "General"
- 2: "Boiler"
- 3: "DHW"
- 4: "Solar"
- 5: "Heating circuit 1"
- 6: "All codes std device" In this group, all coding addresses are displayed in ascending order. 7: "Standard setting"

Calling up code 2

Weather-compensated control unit

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. Press OK and
 → simultaneously for approx. 4 s.

General/group "1"

Select "General" for weather-compensated control units (see page 58).

Note

Select "1" for constant temperature control units (see page 58).

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Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
00:1	System version 1: One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), without DHW heating	00:2 to 00:10	For system schemes, see the follow- ing table:

- 3. "Coding level 2"
- Select the group of required coding addresses.
- 5. Select the coding address.
- 6. Set the value according to the following tables and confirm with **OK**.

Constant temperature control unit

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. Press OK and $rac{1}{2}$ simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 3. Select "②" with ▶ for coding level 2 and confirm with OK.
- "I" flashes on the display for the coding addresses 4. in group 1.
- 5. Select the group of the required coding address with $\blacktriangle/\checkmark$ and confirm with **OK**.
- 6. Select coding address with $\blacktriangle/\checkmark$.
- 7. Set value according to the following tables with ▲/→ and confirm with OK.

Resetting all codes to their delivered condition

Weather-compensated control unit

Select "Standard setting".

Note

This also resets the codes at coding level 1.

Constant temperature control unit

Select "7" with > and confirm with OK. When "w" flashes, confirm with OK.

This also resets the codes at coding level 1.

Value, ad- dress 00:	System ver- sion	Description
2	1	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)
3	2,3	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), without DHW heating
4	2,3	One heating circuit with mixer (heating circuit 2), with DHW heating
5	2,3	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1) and one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), without DHW heating (code is set automatically)
6	2,3	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1) and one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)
7	4	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), without DHW heating
8	4	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), with DHW heating
9	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), without DHW heating (code is set automatically)
10	4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), with DHW heating (code is set automatically)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
11:≠9	No access to the coding addresses for the parameters of the combus- tion controller	11:9	Access to the coding addresses for the parameters of the combustion controller open
25:0	Without outside temperature sen- sor (for constant temperature con- trol units)	25:1	With outside temperature sensor (automatic recognition)
2A:0	Without wireless outside tempera- ture sensor	2A:1	With wireless outside temperature sensor (automatic recognition)
		2A:2	Wireless outside temperature sensor not used
2d:0	Never adjust		
32:0	Without AM1 extension	32:1	With AM1 extension (automatic rec- ognition)
33:1	Function of output A1 at AM1 ex- tension: heating circuit pump	33:0	Function of output A1: DHW circula- tion pump
		33:2	Function of output A1: circulation pump for cylinder heating
34:0	Function of output A2 at AM1 ex- tension: DHW circulation pump	34:1	Function of output A2: heating circuit pump
		34:2	Function of output A2: circulation pump for cylinder heating
35:0	Without EA1 extension	35:1	With EA1 extension (automatic rec- ognition)
36:0	Function of output 157 at EA1 ex- tension: fault message	36:1	Function of output 157: feed pump <i>Note</i>
			Function only possible in conjunction with a heating circuit control unit connected via LON.

General/group "1" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
		36:2	Function of output 157: DHW circu- lation pump
39:2	Function of output 21: circulation pump for cylinder heating	39:0	Function of output 21: DHW circula- tion pump
		39:1	Function of output 21: heating circuit pump
3A:0	Function of input DE1 at EA1 ex- tension: not assigned	3A:1	Function of input DE1: operating program changeover
		3A:2	Function of input DE1: external de- mand with set flow temperature Set flow temperature setting: coding address 9b Internal circulation pump function: coding address 3F
		3A:3	Function of input DE1: external blocking Function of internal circulation pump: coding address 3E
		3A:4	Function of input DE1: external blocking with fault message input Function of internal circulation pump: coding address 3E
		3A:5	Function of input DE1: fault mes- sage input
		3A:6	Function of input DE1: brief opera- tion of the DHW circulation pump (pushbutton function). DHW circulation pump runtime set- ting: coding address 3d
3b:0	Function of input DE2 at EA1 ex- tension: not assigned	3b:1	Function of input DE2: operating program changeover
		3b:2	Function of input DE2: external de- mand with set flow temperature Set flow temperature setting: coding address 9b Internal circulation pump function: coding address 3F
		3b:3	Function of input DE2: external blocking Function of internal circulation pump: coding address 3E
		3b:4	Function of input DE2: external blocking with fault message input Function of internal circulation pump: coding address 3E
		3b:5	Function of input DE2: fault mes- sage input
		3b:6	Function of input DE2: brief opera- tion of the DHW circulation pump (pushbutton function). DHW circulation pump runtime set- ting: coding address 3d
3C:0	Function of input DE3 at EA1 ex- tension: not assigned	3C:1	Function of input DE3: operating program changeover

General/group "1" (cont.)

Coding in th	e delivered condition	Possible change		
		3C:2	Function of input DE3: external de- mand with set flow temperature Set flow temperature setting: coding address 9b Internal circulation pump function: coding address 3F	
		3C:3	Function of input DE3: external blocking Function of internal circulation pump: coding address 3E	
		3C:4	Function of input DE3: external blocking with fault message input Function of internal circulation pump: coding address 3E	
		3C:5	Function of input DE3: fault mes- sage input	
		3C:6	Function of input DE3: brief opera- tion of the DHW circulation pump (pushbutton function). DHW circulation pump runtime set- ting: coding address 3d	
3d:5	DHW circulation pump runtime for brief operation: 5 min	3d:1 to 3d:60	DHW circulation pump runtime ad- justable from 1 to 60 min	
3E:0	Boiler circuit pump stays in control mode at "External blocking" signal.	3E:1	Boiler circuit pump is switched off at "External blocking" signal.	
		3E:2	Boiler circuit pump is switched on at "External blocking" signal.	
3F:0	Boiler circuit pump stays in control mode at "External demand" signal.	3F:1	Boiler circuit pump is switched off at "External demand" signal.	
_		3F:2	Boiler circuit pump is switched on at "External demand" signal.	
4b:0	Function of input 96: room temper-	4b:1	External demand	
	ature controller (Vitotrol 100, only for constant temperature control units)	4b:2	External blocking	
51:0	System with low loss header: The boiler circuit pump is always started when there is a heat de- mand.	51:1	System with low loss header: the boiler circuit pump is only started when there is a heat demand if the burner is running. The circulation pump stops when the run-on time ends.	
		51:2	System with heating water buffer cylinder: the boiler circuit pump is only started when there is a heat demand if the burner is running.	
52:0	Without flow temperature sensor for low loss header	52:1	With flow temperature sensor for low loss header (automatic recognition)	
53:1	Function of terminal 28 of internal extension: DHW circulation pump	53:0	Function of terminal 28: Central fault	
		53:2	Function of terminal 28: External heating circuit pump (heating circuit 1)	

General/group "1" (cont.)

Coding in the	Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
		53:3	Function of terminal 28: External cir- culation pump or diverter valve for cylinder heating	
54:0	Without solar thermal system	54:1	With Vitosolic 100 (automatic recog- nition)	
		54:2	With Vitosolic 200 (automatic recog- nition)	
		54:4	With solar control module SM1 with auxiliary function, e.g. central heat- ing backup (automatic recognition)	
6E:50	No correction of measured outside temperature	6E:0 to 6E:100	Outside temperature corrected in 0.1 K steps 0 to $49 = -5$ K to -0.1 K 51 to $100 = 0.1$ K to 5 K	
76:0	Without communication module	76:1	With LON communication module (automatic recognition). Only for weather-compensated control units.	
		76:2	With cascade communication mod- ule (automatic recognition). Only for constant temperature control units.	
77:1	LON subscriber number (only for weather-compensated control units)	77:2 to 77:99	LON subscriber number, adjustable from 1 to 99: 1 - 4 = boiler 5 = cascade 10 - 97 = Vitotronic 200-H 98 = Vitogate 99 = Vitocom	
			Note Allocate each number only once.	
79:1	With LON communication module: control unit is fault manager (only for weather-compensated control units).	79:0	Control unit is not fault manager	
7b:1	With LON communication module: control unit transmits the time (only for weather-compensated control units).	7b:0	No time transmission	
7F:1	Detached house (only for weather- compensated control units)	7F:0	Apartment building Holiday program and time program for DHW heating can be set sepa- rately.	
80:6	A fault message is issued if a fault	80:0	Immediate fault message	
	is present for at least 30 s	80:2 to 80:199	The minimum fault duration until a fault message is issued is adjustable from 10 s to 995 s 1 step ≙ 5 s	
81:1	Automatic summer/wintertime changeover	81:0	Manual summer/wintertime change- over	
		81:2	Use of the radio clock receiver (au- tomatic recognition)	
		81:3	With LON communication module: control unit receives the time	

Coding in th	e delivered condition	Possible cha	ange
82:0	Operation with natural gas	82:1	Operation with LPG (only adjustable if coding address 11:9 has been set)
88:0	Temperature displayed in °C (Cel- sius)	88:1	Temperature displayed in °F (Fah- renheit)
8A:175	Never adjust		
8F:0	Operation enabled in standard menu and extended menu. <i>Note</i>	8F:1	Operation blocked in standard menu and extended menu Emissions test mode can be ena- bled.
	The relevant code is only enabled when you exit the service menu.	8F:2	Operation enabled in standard menu, but blocked in extended menu Emissions test mode can be ena- bled.
90:128	Time constant for calculating the adjusted outside temperature 21.3 h	90:1 to 90:199	Subject to the set value, the flow temperature is adjusted quickly (low values) or slowly (high values) when the outside temperature changes 1 step \doteq 10 min
94:0	Without OpenTherm extension	94:1	With OpenTherm extension (auto- matic recognition)
95:0	Without Vitocom 100, type GSM communication interface	95:1	With Vitocom 100, type GSM com- munication interface (automatic rec- ognition)
97:0	With LON communication module: outside temperature of the sensor connected to the control unit is uti- lised internally (only for weather- compensated control units)	97:1	Control unit receives outside tem- perature
		97:2	Control unit transmits outside tem- perature to Vitotronic 200-H
98:1	Viessmann system number In conjunction with monitoring of several systems via Vitocom 300	98:1 to 98:5	System number adjustable from 1 to 5
99:0	Never adjust.		
9A:0	Never adjust.		
9b:70	Set flow temperature for external demand 70 °C	9b:0 to 9b:127	Set flow temperature for external de- mand adjustable from 0 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific parame- ters)
9C:20	Monitoring LON subscribers	9C:0	No monitoring
	If there is no response from a sub- scriber for 20 min, the values specified in the control unit are used. Only then will a fault mes- sage be issued. (Only for weather- compensated control units)	9C:5 to 9C:60	Time adjustable from 5 to 60 min
9F:8	Differential temperature 8 K Only in conjunction with heating circuit with mixer (only for weather- compensated control units)	9F:0 to 9F:40	Differential temperature adjustable from 0 to 40 K

Code 2

Boiler/group "2"

Select **"Boiler"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 58).

Select **"2"** for constant temperature control units (see page 58).

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change		
01:1	Single boiler system (only for con- stant temperature control units)	01:2	Multi boiler system with Vitotronic 300-K	
04:1	Minimum burner pause time sub- ject to the boiler load (specified by coding card)	04:0	Minimum burner pause time set per- manently (specified by coding card)	
06:	Maximum limit of boiler water tem- perature, specified in °C by coding card	06:20 to 06:127	Maximum limit of boiler water tem- perature within the ranges specified by the boiler	
07:1	Boiler number in multi boiler sys- tems (only for constant tempera- ture control units)	07:2 to 07:4	Boiler number 2 to 4 in multi boiler systems	
08:	Maximum burner heating output in kW, in multi boiler systems	08:0 to 08:199	Maximum burner heating output ad- justable in 1 kW increments, from 0 to 199 kW (limited by boiler-specific parameters)	
0d:0	Never adjust.			
0E:0	Never adjust.			
13:1	Never adjust.			
14:1	Never adjust.			
15:1	Never adjust.			
21:0	No service interval set (in hours run)	21:1 to 21:100	The number of hours run before the burner should be serviced is adjust- able from 100 to 10,000 h One step ≙ 100 h	
23:0	No time set for burner service in- terval	23:1 to 23:24	Interval adjustable from 1 to 24 months	
24:0	"Service" not shown on the display	24:1	"Service" shown on the display The address is set automatically and must be reset manually after a serv- ice.	
28:0	No burner interval ignition	28:1 to 28:24	Time interval adjustable from 1 to 24 h. The burner is force-started for 30 s at a time (only when operating with LPG).	
2E:0	Never adjust.			
2F:0	Venting program/filling program	2F:1	Venting program enabled	
	disabled	2F:2	Filling program enabled	
30:3	Boiler circuit pump speed-control- led via 0 - 10 V interface	30:0	 Connection of multi stage boiler circuit pump Operation with low loss header (single or multi boiler system) 	
		30:1	Boiler circuit pump speed-controlled	
		30:2	Boiler circuit pump speed-controlled with flow rate	

Boiler/group "2" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
31:	Set speed of the internal circula- tion pump when operated as boiler circuit pump in %, specified by coding card	31:0 to 31:100	Set speed adjustable from 0 to 100 %
38:0	Burner control unit status: opera- tional (no fault)	38:≠0	Burner control unit status: fault

DHW/group "3"

Select **"DHW"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 58).

Select **"3"** for constant temperature control units (see page 58).

Coding

Coding in th	ne delivered condition	Possible change		
56:0	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 10 to 60 °C	56:1	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 10 to above 60 °C Note Maximum value subject to coding card Observe the maximum permissible DHW temperature.	
58:0	Without auxiliary function for DHW heating	58:10 to 58:60	Entry of a 2nd set DHW temperature Adjustable from 10 to 60 °C (ob- serve coding addresses "56" and "63")	
59:0	Cylinder heating: Start point -2.5 K Stop point +2.5 K	59:1 to 59:10	Start point adjustable from 1 to 10 K below set value	
5b:0	DHW cylinder directly connected to the boiler	5b:1	DHW cylinder connected down- stream of the low loss header	
5E:0	Circulation pump for cylinder heat- ing stays in control mode at "Exter- nal blocking" signal.	5E:1	Circulation pump for cylinder heating is switched off at "External blocking" signal.	
		5E:2	Circulation pump for cylinder heating is switched off at "External blocking" signal.	
5F:0	Circulation pump for cylinder heat- ing stays in control mode at "Exter- nal demand" signal.	5F:1	Circulation pump for cylinder heating is switched off at "External demand" signal.	
		5F:2	Circulation pump for cylinder heating is switched on at "External demand" signal.	
60:20	During DHW heating, the boiler water temperature is max. 20 K higher than the set DHW tempera- ture.	60:5 to 60:25	The differential between the boiler water temperature and the set DHW temperature is adjustable from 5 to 25 K	
62:2	Circulation pump with 2 min run-on time after cylinder heating	62:0 62:1 to 62:15	No circulation pump run-on Run-on time adjustable from 1 to 15 min	

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DHW/group "3" (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
63:0	Without auxiliary function for DHW	63:1	Auxiliary function: 1 x daily
	heating (only for constant tempera-	63:2	Every 2 days to every 14 days
	ture control units)	to	
		63:14	
		63:15	2 x daily
65:0	Never adjust		
67:40	For solar DHW heating: set DHW	67:0	Set DHW temperature adjustable
	temperature 40 °C. Reheating is	to	from 0 to 95 °C (limited by boiler-
	suppressed above the selected set	67:95	specific parameters)
	temperature: boiler only starts as backup if the rise in the DHW tem- perature is too low.		
	Max. heating output for DHW heat- ing in %, specified by coding card	05.0	
6F:		6F:0 to	Max. heating output for DHW heat-
		6F:100	ing adjustable from min. heating out put to 100 %
71:0			
71:0	DHW circulation pump: "ON" ac- cording to time program (only for weather-compensated control units)	71:1	"OFF" during DHW heating to set value 1
		71:2	
		/1:2	"ON" during DHW heating to set val- ue 1
72:0	DHW circulation pump: "ON" ac-	72:1	"OFF" during DHW heating to set
72.0	cording to time program (only for weather-compensated control units)	12.1	value 2
		72:2	"ON" during DHW heating to set val
		12.2	ue 2
73:0	DHW circulation pump: "ON" ac-	73:1	"ON" from once per hour for 5 min
	cording to time program (only for	to	up to 6 times per hour for 5 min dur-
	weather-compensated control	73:6	ing the time program
	units)	73:7	Permanently "ON"

Solar/group "4"

Select **"Solar"** for weather-compensated control units (see page 58).

Select **"4"** for constant temperature control units (see page 58).

Note

The solar group is only displayed if a solar control module, type SM1, is connected.

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
00:8	Start temperature differential for solar circuit pump 8 K	00:2 to 00:30	Start temperature differential adjust- able from 2 to 30 K
01:4	Stop temperature differential for solar circuit pump 4 K	01:1 to 01:29	Stop temperature differential adjust- able from 1 to 29 K
02:0	Solar circuit pump not speed-con- trolled	02:1	Solar circuit pump speed-controlled with wave packet control
		02:2	Solar circuit pump speed-controlled with PWM control
03:10	Temperature differential for the start of speed control 10 K	03:5 to 03:20	Temperature differential adjustable from 5 to 20 K

Codes

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
04:4	Controller amplification of speed control 4 %/K	04:1 to 04:10	Controller amplification adjustable from 1 to 10 %/K
05:10	Min. speed of solar circuit pump 10 % of max. speed	05:2 to 05:100	Min. speed of solar circuit pump is adjustable from 2 to 100 %
06:75	Max. speed of solar circuit pump 75 % of max. possible speed	06:1 to 06:100	Max. speed of solar circuit pump is adjustable from 1 to 100 %
07:0	Interval function of solar circuit pump switched off	07:1	Interval function of solar circuit pump switched on To capture the collector temperature more accurately, the solar circuit pump periodically starts for a short duration.
08:60	Set DHW temperature (maximum cylinder temperature) 60 °C	08:10 to 08:90	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 10 to 90 °C
09:130	Maximum collector temperature (to protect system components) 130 °C	09:20 to 09:200	Temperature adjustable from 20 to 200 °C
0A:5	Temperature differential for stagna- tion time reduction 5 K Reduction in the speed of the solar circuit pump to protect system components and heat transfer me- dium.	0A:0 0A:1 to 0A:40	Stagnation time reduction not active Temperature differential adjustable from 1 to 40 K
0b:0	Frost protection function for solar circuit switched off	0b:1	Frost protection function for solar cir- cuit switched on (not required with Viessmann heat transfer medium).
0C:1	Delta T monitoring switched on No flow rate captured in the solar circuit, or flow rate too low.	0C:0	Delta T monitoring switched off
0d:1	Night-time DHW circulation moni- toring switched on Unintentional flow in the solar cir- cuit is captured (e.g. at night).	0d:0	Night-time DHW circulation monitor- ing switched off
0E:1	Heat statement in conjunction with	0E:2	Never adjust
	Viessmann heat transfer medium	0E:0	No heat statement
0F:70	Solar circuit flow rate at maximum pump speed 7 l/min	0F:1 to 0F:255	Flow rate adjustable from 0.1 to 25.5 l/min 1 step ≙ 0.1 l/min
10:0	Target temperature control switch- ed off (see coding address "11").	10:1	Target temperature control switched on
11:50	Set solar DHW temperature 50 °C.	11:10 to 11:90	The set solar DHW temperature is adjustable from 10 to 90 °C.

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Coding in th	e delivered condition	Possible change		
	 Target temperature control switched on (code "10:1"): temperature at which the solar heated water is to be stratified into the DHW cylinder. If code "20:9" (heating of two DHW cylinders) is set: When one DHW cylinder rea- ches its set DHW temperature, the second DHW cylinder is heated. 			
12:10	Minimum collector temperature	12:0	No minimum limit enabled	
	(minimum start temperature for the solar circuit pump) 10 °C.	12:1 to 12:90	Minimum collector temperature ad- justable from 1 to 90 °C	
20:0	No extended control function ena-	20:1	Auxiliary function for DHW heating	
	bled	20:2	Differential temperature control 2	
		20:3	Differential temperature control 2 and auxiliary function	
		20:4	Differential temperature control 2 for central heating backup	
		20:5	Thermostat function	
		20:6	Thermostat function and auxiliary function	
		20:7	Solar heating via external heat ex- changer without additional tempera- ture sensor	
		20:8	Solar heating via external heat ex- changer with additional temperature sensor	
		20:9	Solar heating of 2 DHW cylinders	
22:8	Start temperature differential for central heating backup 8 K (code "20:4" must be set)	22:2 to 22:30	Start temperature differential adjust- able from 2 to 30 K	
23:4	Stop temperature differential for central heating backup 4 K (code "20:4" must be set)	23:2 to 23:30	Stop temperature differential adjust- able from 1 to 29 K	
24:40	Start temperature for thermostat function 40 °C (code "20:5" or "20:6" must be set)	24:0 to 24:100	Start temperature for thermostat function adjustable from 0 to 100 K	
25:50	Stop temperature for thermostat function 50 °C (code "20:5" or "20:6" must be set)	25:0 to 25:100	Stop temperature for thermostat function adjustable from 0 to 100 K	
26:1	Priority for DHW cylinder 1 with cyclical heating	26:0	Priority for DHW cylinder 1 without cyclical heating	
	(code "20:9" must be set)	26:2	Priority for DHW cylinder 2 without cyclical heating	
		26:3	Priority for DHW cylinder 2 with cy- clical heating	
		26:4	Cyclical heating without priority for either DHW cylinder	
27:15	Cyclical heating time 15 min.	27:5 to	The cyclical heating time is adjusta- ble from 5 to 60 min	

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
	Once the DHW cylinder with priori- ty is heated up, the DHW cylinder without priority is heated for a max- imum duration equal to the set cy- clical heating time.	27:60	
28:3	Cyclical pause time 3 min. After the set cyclical heating time for the DHW cylinder without priori- ty has expired, the rise in collector temperature is captured during the cyclical pause time.	28:1 to 28:60	Cyclical pause time adjustable from 1 to 60 min

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating circuit 3/group "5"

Select **"Heating circuit ..."** for weather-compensated control units (see page 58).

Select **"5"** for constant temperature control units (see page 58).

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
A0:0	Without remote control	A0:1	With Vitotrol 200-A/200-RF (auto- matic recognition)
		A0:2	With Vitotrol 300-A or Vitocomfort 200 (automatic recogni- tion)
A1:0	All possible settings at the remote control can be accessed	A1:1	Only party mode can be set at the remote control (only for Vitotrol 200-A/200-RF)
A2:2	Cylinder priority applicable to heat- ing circuit pump and mixer	A2:0	Without cylinder priority applicable to heating circuit pump and mixer
		A2:1	Cylinder priority only applicable to mixer
		A2:3 to A2:15	Reduced priority applicable to mixer The heating circuit receives a re- duced amount of heat
A3:2	Outside temperature below 1 °C: Heating circuit pump "ON" Outside temperature above 3 °C: Heating circuit pump "OFF"	A3:-9 to A3:15	Heating circuit pump "ON/OFF" (see the following table)

Please note

With settings below 1 °C there is a risk that pipes outside the thermal envelope of the building could freeze up.

Standby mode in particular should be taken into consideration, e.g. during holidays.

Parameter	Heating circuit pump		
address A3:	"ON"	"OFF"	
-9	-10 °C	-8 °C	
-8	-9 °C	-7 °C	
-7	-8 °C	-6 °C	
-6	-7 °C	-5 °C	
-5	-6 °C	-4 °C	

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Parameter Heating circuit pump			
address A3:	"ON"	"OFF"	
-4	-5 °C	-3 °C	
-3	-4 °C	-2 °C	
-2	-3 °C	-1 °C	
-1	-2 °C	0 °C	
0	-1 °C	1 °C	
1	0 °C	2 °C	
2	1 °C	3 °C	
to	to	to	
15	14 °C	16 °C	

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible ch	ange
A4:0	With frost protection (only for weather-compensated control units)	A4:1	No frost protection; this setting is on- ly possible if code "A3:-9" has been selected.
			<i>Note</i> "Important", observe for code "A3".
A5:5	With heating circuit pump logic function (economy mode): heating	A5:0	Without heating circuit pump logic function
	circuit pump "OFF" when the out- side temperature (OT) is 1 K high- er than the set room temperature (RT _{set}) OT > RT _{set} + 1 K (only for weath- er-compensated control units)	A5:1 to A5:15	With heating circuit pump logic func- tion: heating circuit pump "OFF" (see the following table)

Parameter address A5:	With heating circuit pump logic function: heating circuit pump "OFF"
1	OT > RT _{set} + 5 K
2	OT > RT _{set} + 4 K
3	OT > RT _{set} + 3 K
4	OT > RT _{set} + 2 K
5	OT > RT _{set} + 1 K
6	OT > RT _{set}
7	OT > RT _{set} - 1 K
to	
15	OT > RT _{set} - 9 K

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
A6:36	Extended economy mode disa - bled (only for weather-compensa- ted control units)	A6:5 to A6:35	Extended economy mode enabled

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding in the	ne delivered condition	Possible ch	ange
			At a variable value, adjustable be- tween 5 and 35 °C plus 1 °C, the burner and heating circuit pump are stopped and the mixer is closed. The basis for this is the adjusted outside temperature. This is com- posed of the actual outside tempera- ture and a time constant that takes account of the way an average building cools down.
A7:0	Without mixer economy function Only for weather-compensated control units and heating circuits with mixer	A7:1	 With mixer economy function (extended heating circuit pump logic): Heating circuit pump also "OFF": If the mixer has been trying to close for longer than 20 min. Heating circuit pump "ON": If the mixer changes to control function If there is a risk of frost
A8:1	Heating circuit with mixer creates a demand for the boiler circuit pump (only for weather-compensated control units)	A8:0	Heating circuit with mixer creates no demand for the boiler circuit pump
A9:7	With pump idle time: heating circuit	A9:0	Without pump idle time
	pump "OFF" if the set value is al- tered through a change in operat- ing mode or through a change in the set room temperature (only for weather-compensated control units)	A9:1 to A9:15	With pump idle time, adjustable from 1 to 15. The higher the value, the longer the pump idle time.
b0:0	With remote control: heating mode/ reduced mode: weather-compen- sated (only for weather-compensa- ted control units; only change the	b0:1	Heating mode: weather-compensa- ted Reduced mode: with room tempera- ture hook-up
	code for the heating circuit with mixer)	b0:2	Heating mode: with room tempera- ture hook-up Reduced mode: weather-compensa- ted
		b0:3	Heating mode/reduced mode: with room temperature hook-up
b2:8	With remote control and for the	b2:0	Without room influence
	heating circuit, operation with room temperature hook-up must be pro- grammed: room influence factor 8 (only for weather-compensated control units; only change the code for the heating circuit with mixer)	b2:1 to b2:64	Room influence factor adjustable from 1 to 64. The higher the value, the greater the room influence.
b5:0	With remote control: no room tem- perature-dependent heating circuit pump logic function (only for weather-compensated control units; only change the code for the heating circuit with mixer)	b5:1 to b5:8	For heating circuit pump logic func- tion, see the following table:

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2,	heating (cont.)
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Parameter address	With heating circuit pump logic function:		
b5:	Heating circuit pump "OFF"	Heating circuit pump "ON"	
1	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 5 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 4 K	
2	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 4 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 3 K	
3	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 3 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 2 K	
4	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 2 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 1 K	
5	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 1 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set}	
6	RT _{actual} > RT _{set}	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} - 1 K	
7	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} - 1 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} - 2 K	
8	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} - 2 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} - 3 K	

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change			
C5:20	Electronic minimum flow tempera- ture limit 20 °C (only for weather- compensated control units)	C5:1 to C5:127	Minimum limit adjustable from 1 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific pa- rameters)		
C6:74	Electronic maximum flow tempera- ture limit 74 °C (only for weather- compensated control units)	C6:10 to C6:127	Maximum limit adjustable from 10 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific pa- rameters)		
d3:14	Heating curve slope = 1.4	d3:2 to d3:35	Heating curve slope adjustable from 0.2 to 3.5 (see page 44)		
d4:0	Heating curve level = 0	d4:-13 to d4:40	Heating curve level adjustable from -13 to 40 (see page 44)		
d5:0	The external operating program changeover switches the operating program to "Constant operation with reduced room temperature" or "Standby mode" (only for weather- compensated control units)	d5:1	The external operating program changeover switches to "Continuous operation at standard room tempera- ture" (subject to coding addresses 3A, 3b and 3C).		
d6:0	Heating circuit pump stays in con- trol mode at "External blocking" signal.	d6:1	Heating circuit pump is switched off at "External blocking" signal (subject to coding addresses 3A, 3b and 3C).		
		d6:2	Heating circuit pump is switched on at "External blocking" signal (subject to coding addresses 3A, 3b and 3C).		
d7:0	Heating circuit pump stays in con- trol mode at "External demand" signal.	d7:1	Heating circuit pump is switched off at "External demand" signal (subject to coding addresses 3A, 3b and 3C).		
		d7:2	Heating circuit pump is switched on at "External demand" signal (subject to coding addresses 3A, 3b and 3C).		
d8:0	No operating program changeover via EA1 extension	d8:1	Operating program changeover via input DE1 at EA1 extension		
		d8:2	Operating program changeover via input DE2 at EA1 extension		
		d8:3	Operating program changeover via input DE3 at EA1 extension		
E1:1	Never adjust.				
Coding in th	e delivered condition	Possible change			
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E2:50	With remote control: no display correction for the actual room tem- perature (only for weather-com- pensated control units)	E2:0 to E2:49 E2:51 to E2:99	Display correction –5 K to Display correction –0.1 K Display correction +0.1 K to		
E5:0	Never adjust.	EZ:99	Display correction +4.9 K		
E5:0 E6:	Maximum speed of the variable speed heating circuit pump in % of the max. speed in standard mode. Value is specified by boiler-specific parameters (only for weather-com- pensated control units).	E6:0 to E6:100	Maximum speed adjustable from 0 to 100 %		
E7:30	Minimum speed of the variable speed heating circuit pump: 30 % of the max. speed (only for weath- er-compensated control units)	E7:0 to E7:100	Minimum speed adjustable from 0 to 100 % of maximum speed		
F1:0	Screed drying disabled (only for weather-compensated control units)	F1:1 to F1:6	Screed drying can be set with 6 ad- justable temperature/time profiles (see page 103)		
		F1:15	Constant flow temperature 20 °C		
F2:8	Time limit for party mode or exter- nal operating mode changeover via pushbutton: 8 h (only for weather-compensated control units)	F2:0 F2:1 to F2:12	No time limit for party mode Time limit adjustable from 1 to 12 h		
F5:12	Run-on time of the boiler circuit	F5:0	No boiler circuit pump run-on time		
	pump in heating mode: 12 min (on- ly for constant temperature control units)		Run-on time of the boiler circuit pump adjustable from 1 to 20 min		
F6:25	In "Only DHW" mode, the boiler circuit pump is constantly on (only	F6:0	In "Only DHW" mode, the boiler cir- cuit pump is constantly off.		
	for constant temperature control units).	F6:1 to F6:24	In "Only DHW" mode, the boiler cir- cuit pump is started 1 to 24 times per day for 10 min each time.		
F7:25	In "Standby mode", the boiler cir- cuit pump is constantly on (only for	F7:0	In "Standby mode", the boiler circuit pump is constantly off		
	constant temperature control units).	F7:1 to F7:24	In "Standby mode", the boiler circuit pump is started 1 to 24 times per day for 10 min each time.		
F8:-5	F8:-5 Temperature limit for terminating reduced mode -5 °C; see example on page 105. Observe setting for coding address		Temperature limit adjustable from +10 to -60 °C Function disabled		
	"A3". (Only for weather-compensa- ted control units)	F8:-61			
F9:-14	Temperature limit for raising re- duced set room temp14 °C; see example on page 105. (only for weather-compensated control units)	F9:+10 to F9:-60	Temperature limit for raising the set room temperature to the value se- lected for standard mode adjustable from +10 to -60 °C		

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Coding in th	ne delivered condition	Possible change		
FA:20	The set boiler water or flow tem- perature is raised by 20 % when changing from operation with re- duced room temperature to opera- tion with standard room tempera- ture. See example on page 105 (only for weather-compensated control units).	FA:0 to FA:50	Temperature rise adjustable from 0 to 50 %	
Fb:60 Duration for raising the set boiler water temperature or set flow tem- perature (see coding address "FA") 60 min. See example on page 105 (only for weather-compensated control units).		Fb:0 to Fb:240	Duration adjustable from 0 to 240 min	

Service level

Weather-compensated control unit

Calling up the service menu:

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. Select required menu. See following diagram.

To exit the service level:

1. Select "Terminate service?".

Constant temperature control unit

Calling up the service level:

1. Press OK and ≡ simultaneously for approx. 4 s. "𝒫" flashes on the display.

Overview of service menu for weather-compensated mode

2. Select required function. See following pages.

Leaving the service level

1. Select "Serv" ⑦ with ▶.

Diagraphia	General
Diagnosis	Heating circuit 1 HC1
Actuator test	Heating circuit 2 HC2
Actuator lest	Heating circuit 3 HC3
Coding level 1	DHW
	— Solar
Coding level 2	Brief scan
	Reset data
-Fault history	
-Service functions	Subscriber check
	Service PIN LON
Terminate service?	Enter Vitocom PIN code
	(Not assigned)
	Service reset
	Filling
	Venting
	Max. output

Multi boiler system

Fig. 39

Service

Note

Do **not** adjust menu item **"Multi-boiler system"**. The menu item turns a weather-compensated control unit into a constant temperature control unit.

- 2. Select "Yes".
- 3. Confirm with OK.

Note

The system exits the service level automatically after 30 min.

- Confirm with OK.
 "OFF" flashes.
- 3. Confirm with OK.

Note

The system exits the service level automatically after 30 min.

Diagnosis

Operating data

Weather-compensated control unit

Checking operating data

- Operating data can be called up in 6 areas. See
 "Diagnosis" in the service menu overview.
- Operating data on heating circuits with mixer and solar can only be called up if the components are installed in the system.
- For further information on operating data, see chapter "Brief scan".

Calling up operating data

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Diagnosis"
- 3. Select the required group, e.g. "General".

Note

If a called up sensor is faulty, "---" appears on the display.

Resetting operating data

Saved operating data (e.g. hours run) can be reset to **"0"**.

The value "Adjusted outside temp" is reset to the actual value.

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Diagnosis"
- 3. "Reset data"

Brief scan

In the brief scan, you can call up temperatures, software versions and connected components, for example.

Weather-compensated control unit

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Diagnosis"
- 3. "Brief scan".

4. Select required value (e.g. "Burner starts") or "All details".

Constant temperature control unit

Checking operating data

- Operating data can be called up in the "i" menu.
- For further information on operating data, see chapter "Brief scan".

Calling up operating data

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. Select the required information with ▲/▼.

Note

If a called up sensor is faulty, "---" appears on the display.

Resetting operating data

Saved operating data (e.g. hours run) can be reset to **"0"**.

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- **2.** Select the required information with $\blacktriangle/\blacksquare$.
- 3. Confirm with OK, "+" flashes.
- 4. Confirm with OK, the value is reset.

4. Press OK.

The display shows 9 rows with 6 fields each.

Diag	Diagnosis Brief scan						
1:	1	F	0	Α	1	2	
2:	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3:	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4:	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Select with 🗢						

Fig. 40

<u>Diagnosis</u>

Diagnosis (cont.)

For an explanation of the relevant values in the individual rows and fields, see the following table: Row (brief Field

Row (brief scan)	Field							
	1	2	3	4	5	6		
1:	System scheme 01 to 10		Software version Control unit		Software version Programming unit			
2:	0	0	Appliance vers	Appliance version		CU-ID		
3:	0		Number of KM ers	-BUS subscrib-	Software versi module SM1	on, solar control		
4:	Software version Burner control		Type Burner control	unit	Version, burne	r control unit		
5:	Internal details	for calibration		0		Software ver- sion, EA1 exten- sion		
6:	0	0	0	Switching state, flow sensor 1: flow rate too low or not present	0	0		
7:	LON Subnet address/system num- ber		LON Node address		0			
8:	LON SBVT config- uration	LON Software ver- sion, commu- nication cop- rocessor	LON Neuron chip software version		Number of LO	N subscribers		
9:	Heating circui mixer)	it A1 (without	Heating circuit M2 (with mixer)		Heating circuit M3 (with mix- er)			
	Remote con- trol 0: without 1: Vitotrol 200-A/ 200-RF 2: Vitotrol 300-A	Software ver- sion, remote control	Remote con- trol 0: without 1: Vitotrol 200-A/ 200-RF 2: Vitotrol 300-A	Software ver- sion, remote control	Remote con- trol 0: without 1: Vitotrol 200-A/ 200-RF 2: Vitotrol 300-A	Software ver- sion, remote control		
10:	0	0	0	0	0	0		
11:	0	0	Software ver- sion Mixer exten- sion, heating circuit M2 0: no mixer extension	0	Software ver- sion Mixer exten- sion, heating circuit M3 0: no mixer extension	0		

Constant temperature control unit

- Select the required scan with ▲/▼. For example, "b" for "Max. output" (see following table):
- Press OK and ≡ simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
 "
 " flashes on the display.
- 4. Confirm selected scan with OK.

2. Confirm with OK.

Diagnosis (cont.)

For explanations of individual scans, see the following table:

Brief scar	n		Display	-	-	
				E		
0		System scheme 1 to 2	Software version Control unit		Software version Programming uni	
1			Adjusted outside	temperature	3 3	
3			Set boiler water t	•		
4			Common deman	-		
5			Set cylinder temp	•		
6		Number of KM-BU		Number of LON s	ubecribere	
7	SNVT configu-	Software version				
7	ration 0: auto 1: tool	Communication co	processor	LON communicat	ion module	
8		Subnet address/sy	stem number	Node address		
9		Burner control unit	type	Appliance type		
A		Switching state, flow switch 1: flow rate too low or not present	Max. heating out			
b		Coding card (hexa	decimal)			
С		Flow rate (specified	d in l/h)			
С		Version		Version		
		Appliance	1	Burner control un	ntrol unit	
d				0	0	
E 1	Software ver- sion Solar control module, type SM1	Software version Burner control unit			Software version LON cascade communication module	
F ①	Code 53 setting	Internal details for	calibration			
			AM1 extension			
F ②	Software ver- sion	Output A1 config- uration (value corre- sponds to code 33 setting)	Output A1 switching state 0: OFF 1: ON	Output A2 con- figuration (value corre- sponds to code 34 setting)	Output A2 switch ing state 0: OFF 1: ON	
			EA1 extension			
F ③	Output 157 con- figuration (value corre- sponds to set- ting of code 36 in group 1 "General")	Output 157 switching state 0: OFF 1: ON	Input DE1 switching state 0: open 1: closed	Input DE2 switching state 0: open 1: closed	Input DE3 switch- ing state 0: open 1: closed	
F	Software ver-		External hook-up	0 - 10 V		
4	sion		Display in %			
			r control module	SM1		
F 5	Stagnation time of	of the solar thermal s	system in h			

Diagnosis (cont.)

Brief scan		Display						
F 6	Night-time DHW	Night-time DHW circulation, solar thermal system (number)						
F ⑦	Differential temperature monitoring							
F ⑧				Solar central heating backup 0: disabled 1: enabled	Output 22 switch- ing state 0: OFF 1: ON			
	OpenTherm extension (if installed)							
F (9)	Software ver- sion	DHW heating sta- tus	External hook-up Display in %	0 - 10 V				

Checking outputs (relay test)

Weather-compensated control unit

1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s. 2. "Actuator test"

Display		Explanation
All actuators	Off	All actuators are off
Base load	On	Burner operated at minimum output; circulation pump is started
Full load	On	Burner operated at maximum output; circulation pump is started
Output, internal	On	Output 20 active (boiler circuit pump)
Output 21/28	On	Output 21 active (circulation pump for cylinder heating)
Heating circ pump HC2	On	Heating circuit pump output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Mixer HC2	Open	"Mixer open" output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Mixer HC2	Close	"Mixer close" output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Heating circ pump HC3	On	Heating circuit pump output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Mixer HC3	Open	"Mixer open" output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Mixer HC3	Close	"Mixer close" output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Outp. int. exten. H1	On	Output at internal extension enabled
AM1 output 1	On	Output A1 at extension AM1 enabled
AM1 output 2	On	Output A2 at extension AM1 enabled
EA1 output 1	On	Contact P - S at plug 157 of extension EA1 closed
Solar circuit pump	On	Solar circuit pump output [24] on solar control module SM1 active
Solar circ pmp min	On	Solar circuit pump output on solar control module SM1 switched to minimum speed
Solar circ pmp max	On	Solar circuit pump output on solar control module SM1 switched to maximum speed
SM1 output 22	On	Output 22 on solar control module SM1 active

The following relay outputs can be controlled subject to system design:

Constant temperature control unit

- 1. Press OK and ≡ simultaneously for approx. 4 s. 2. Select "□" with) and confirm with OK. " \mathcal{P} " flashes on the display.

Checking outputs (relay test) (cont.)

- Select required actuator (output) with ▲/▼ (see following table):
- Confirm selected actuator with OK. The display shows the number for the activated actuator and "ON".

Display	Explanation
0	All actuators are off
1	Burner operated at minimum output; circulation pump is started
2	Burner operated at maximum output; circulation pump is started
3	Output 20 active (boiler circuit pump)
10	Internal extension output enabled
15	Solar circuit pump output 24 on solar control module SM1 active
16	Solar circuit pump output on solar control module SM1 switched to minimum speed
17	Solar circuit pump output on solar control module SM1 switched to maximum speed
18	Output 22 on solar control module SM1 active
19	Contact P - S at plug 157 of extension EA1 closed
20	Output A1 at extension AM1 enabled
21	Output A2 at extension AM1 enabled
22	Output 21 active (circulation pump for cylinder heating)

The following actuators (relay outputs) can be controlled subject to system design:

Fault display

Weather-compensated control unit

In the event of a fault, red fault indicator (A) flashes. "A" flashes on the display and **"Fault"** is shown.



Fig. 41

Press **OK** to display the fault code.

For an explanation of the fault code, see the following pages.

For some faults, the type of fault is also displayed in plain text.

Acknowledging a fault

Follow the instructions on the display.

Note

- The fault message is transferred to the standard menu.
- Any fault message facility connected will be switched off.
- If an acknowledged fault is not remedied, the fault message will be redisplayed the following day and the fault message facility restarted.

Constant temperature control unit

In the event of a fault, red fault indicator A flashes. The 2-digit fault code and (subject to the type of fault) " \underline{A} " or " \underline{u} " flash on the programming unit display.



Other current faults can be displayed with \blacktriangle/Ψ . For an explanation of the fault codes, see the following pages.

Calling up acknowledged faults

Select **"Fault"** in the standard menu. Current faults will be listed.

Calling up fault codes from the fault memory (fault history)

The 10 most recent faults (including those remedied) are saved and can be called up. Faults are sorted by date.

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Fault history"
- 3. "Display?"

Deleting the fault history

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Fault history"
- 3. "Delete?"



Fig. 43 Example: Fault message "50"

Acknowledging a fault

Press **OK**. The default display reappears on the display screen.

Any fault message facility connected will be switched off.

Troubleshooting

Fault display (cont.)

If an acknowledged fault is not remedied, the fault message will be redisplayed the following day and the fault message facility restarted.

Calling up acknowledged faults

Hold down OK for approx. 4 s.

The 10 most recent faults (including those remedied) are saved and can be called up.

Calling up fault codes from the fault memory (fault history)

The 10 most recent faults (including those remedied) are saved and can be called up.

Fault codes

Faults are sorted by date.

- 1. Press **OK** and **E** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. Select "A" and enable fault history with OK.
- **3.** Select fault messages with \blacktriangle/Ψ .

Deleting the fault history

While the list is displayed, press **OK** until **h** flashes. Confirm with **OK**.

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Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
10	Х	X	Regulates as if the outside temperature were 0 °C.	Short circuit, out- side temperature sensor	Check outside tempera- ture sensor (see page 91)
18	X	X	Regulates as if the outside temperature were 0 °C.	Lead break, out- side temperature sensor	Check outside tempera- ture sensor (see page 91)
19	X	X	Regulates as if the outside temperature were 0 °C.	Communication in- terruption, outside temperature sen- sor RF: Outside tempera- ture sensor RF, KM-BUS to wire- less base station, wireless base sta- tion or wireless re- peater faulty or de- fective.	Check wireless connec- tion: Place outside tempera- ture sensor RF and wire- less repeater close to the boiler. Check KM-BUS to wire- less base station. Log off outside tempera- ture sensor and wireless repeater, then log them on again. Wireless base sta- tion Replace outside tempera- ture sensor RF. Replace wireless repeat- er. Replace wireless base station.
20	Х	X	Regulates without flow temperature sen- sor (low loss header)	Short circuit, sys- tem flow tempera- ture sensor	Check low loss header sensor (see page 92)
28	X	X	Regulates without flow temperature sen- sor (low loss header)	Lead break, sys- tem flow tempera- ture sensor	Check low loss header sensor (see page 92). If no low loss header sen- sor is connected, set code 52:0.

Diagnosis

Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
30	X	X	Burner blocked	Short circuit, boiler water temperature sensor	Check boiler water tem- perature sensors (see page 92).
38	X	X	Burner blocked	Lead break, boiler water temperature sensor	Check boiler water tem- perature sensors (see page 92).
40		X	Mixer is being closed.	Short circuit, flow temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check flow temperature sensor (see page 95)
44		X	Mixer is being closed.	Short circuit, flow temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check flow temperature sensor (see page 95).
48		X	Mixer is being closed.	Lead break, flow temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check flow temperature sensor (see page 95).
4C		X	Mixer is being closed.	Lead break, flow temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check flow temperature sensor (see page 95).
50	X	X	No DHW heating by the boiler	Short circuit, cylin- der temperature sensor	Check cylinder tempera- ture sensor (see page 92).
58	X	X	No DHW heating by the boiler	Lead break, cylin- der temperature sensor	Check cylinder tempera- ture sensor (see page 92).
90	X	Х	Control mode	Short circuit, tem- perature sensor 7	Check sensor 7 on solar control module.
91	X	X	Control mode	Short circuit, tem- perature sensor 10	Check sensor 10 on solar control module.
92	X	X	No solar DHW heat- ing	Short circuit, col- lector temperature sensor	Check temperature sen- sor 6 on solar control module or sensor on the Vitosolic.
93	X	X	Control mode	Short circuit, col- lector return tem- perature sensor	Check temperature sen- sor at terminal S3 on the Vitosolic.
94	X	X	No solar DHW heat- ing	Short circuit, cylin- der temperature sensor	Check temperature sen- sor 5 on solar control module or sensor on the Vitosolic.
98	Х	Х	Control mode	Lead break, tem- perature sensor 7	Check sensor 7 on solar control module.
99	X	Х	Control mode	Lead break, tem- perature sensor 10	Check sensor 10 on solar control module.
9A	X	X	No solar DHW heat- ing	Lead break, collec- tor temperature sensor	Check temperature sen- sor 6 on solar control module or sensor on the Vitosolic.

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Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
9b	X	X	Control mode	Lead break, collec- tor return tempera- ture sensor	Check temperature sen- sor at terminal S3 on the Vitosolic.
9C	X	X	No solar DHW heat- ing	Lead break, cylin- der temperature sensor	Check temperature sen- sor 5 on solar control module or sensor on the Vitosolic.
9E	x	X	Control mode	No flow or flow rate too low in the solar circuit, or tempera- ture limiter has re- sponded.	Check solar circuit pump and solar circuit. Acknowl- edge fault message.
9F	X	X	Control mode	Solar control mod- ule or Vitosolic fault	Replace solar control module or Vitosolic.
A3		X	Burner blocked	Flue gas tempera- ture sensor incor- rectly positioned	Fit flue gas temperature sensor correctly (see page 93).
A4		X	Control mode	Max. system pres- sure exceeded	Check system pressure: max. 3 bar (0.3 MPa) Check the function and sizing of the diaphragm expansion vessel. Vent the heating system.
A7		Х	Control mode as per delivered condition	Programming unit faulty	Replace programming unit.
b0	X	X	Burner blocked	Short circuit, flue gas temperature sensor	Check flue gas tempera- ture sensor.
b1	X	X	Control mode as per delivered condition	Communication er- ror, programming unit	Check connections and replace programming unit if necessary.
b5	X	Х	Control mode as per delivered condition	Internal fault	Replace control unit.
b7	X	Х	Burner blocked	Fault, coding card	Plug in coding card or re- place if faulty.
b8	X	X	Burner blocked	Lead break, flue gas temperature sensor	Check flue gas tempera- ture sensor.
bA		X	Mixer regulates to 20 °C flow tempera- ture.	Communication er- ror, extension kit for heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check extension kit con- nections and code.
bb		X	Mixer regulates to 20 °C flow tempera- ture.	Communication er- ror, extension kit for heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check extension kit con- nections and code.

Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
bC		X	Control mode without remote control	Communication er- ror, Vitotrol remote control, heating cir- cuit 1 (without mix- er)	Check connections, ca- ble, coding address "A0" in the "Heating circuit" group and remote control settings (see page 106). With wireless remote con- trols: check radio path connections; place wire- less remote control and wireless repeater close to the boiler. Check KM-BUS connection to wireless base station. Replace the wireless components.
bd		X	Control mode without remote control	Communication er- ror, Vitotrol remote control, heating cir- cuit 2 (with mixer)	Check connections, ca- ble, coding address "A0" in the "Heating circuit" group and remote control settings (see page 106). With wireless remote con- trols: check radio path connections; place wire- less remote control and wireless repeater close to the boiler. Check KM-BUS connection to wireless base station. Replace the wireless components.
bE		X	Control mode without remote control	Communication er- ror, Vitotrol remote control, heating cir- cuit 3 (with mixer)	Check connections, ca- ble, coding address "A0" in the "Heating circuit" group and remote control settings (see page 106). With wireless remote con- trols: check radio path connections; place wire- less remote control and wireless repeater close to the boiler. Check KM-BUS connection to wireless base station. Replace the wireless components.
bF		X	Control mode	Incorrect LON communication module	Replace LON communi- cation module.
C1	X	X	Control mode	Communication er- ror, EA1 extension	Check the connections.
C2	X	X	Control mode	Communication er- ror, solar control module or Vitosolic	Check solar control mod- ule or Vitosolic.
C3	X	X	Control mode	Communication er- ror, AM1 extension	Check the connections.
C4	X	X	Control mode	Communication er- ror, OpenTherm extension	Check OpenTherm exten- sion.

Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
Cd	X	X	Control mode	Communication er- ror, Vitocom 100, type GSM	Check connections, Vito- com 100 and coding ad- dress "95" in group "Gen- eral"/1 .
CF		X	Control mode	Communication er- ror, LON communi- cation module	Replace LON communi- cation module.
d6	X	X	Control mode	Input DE1 at EA1 extension reports a fault.	Remedy fault at affected appliance.
d7	X	X	Control mode	Input DE2 at EA1 extension reports a fault.	Remedy fault at affected appliance.
d8	X	X	Control mode	Input DE3 at EA1 extension reports a fault.	Remedy fault at affected appliance.
dA		X	Control mode without room influence	Short circuit, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 1 (without mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 1.
db		X	Control mode without room influence	Short circuit, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 2.
dC		X	Control mode without room influence	Short circuit, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 3.
dd		X	Control mode without room influence	Lead break, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 1 (without mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 1 and remote control set- tings (see page 106)
dE		X	Control mode without room influence	Lead break, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 2 and remote control set- tings (see page 106)
dF		X	Control mode without room influence	Lead break, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 3 and remote control set- tings (see page 106)
E0		Х	Control mode	External LON sub- scriber error	Check connections and LON subscribers.
E1	X	X	Burner in a fault state	lonisation current too high during cal- ibration	Check gap between ioni- sation electrode and burn- er gauze assembly (see page 40). In open flue operation, prevent high levels of dust in the combustion air. Press reset button R .

Troubleshooting

Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
E2	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Heating water flow rate too low during calibration. Flow switch has shut down.	Ensure adequate circula- tion volume. Check flow switch. Remove scaling and blockages. Press reset button R .
E3	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Heat transfer too low during calibra- tion Temperature limiter has shut down.	Ensure adequate heat transfer. Press reset button R .
E4	X	X	Burner blocked	24 V power supply fault	Replace control unit.
E5	Х	X	Burner blocked	Flame amplifier fault	Replace control unit.
E6	X	X	Burner blocked	System pressure too low	Top up with water.
E7	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Ionisation current too low during cali- bration	 Check ionisation electrode: Distance to burner gauze assembly (see page 40) Electrode contaminated Connecting cable and plug-in connections Check flue system; remove flue gas recirculation if required. Press reset button R.
E8	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Ionisation current lies outside the permissible range	Check gas supply (gas pressure and gas flow switch), gas train and connecting cable. Check assignment of gas type (see page 34). Check ionisation elec- trode: • Distance to burner gauze assembly (see page 40) • Electrode contaminated Press reset button R .

Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
EA	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Ionisation current not within permissi- ble range during calibration (exces- sive deviation from previous level)	Check flue system; re- move flue gas recircula- tion if required. In open flue operation, prevent high levels of dust in the combustion air. Press reset button R . Following several unsuc- cessful reset attempts, re- place the coding card and press reset button R .
Eb	X	x	Burner in a fault state	Repeated flame loss during calibra- tion	Check gap between ioni- sation electrode and burn- er gauze assembly (see page 40). Check assignment of gas type (see page 34). Check flue system; re- move flue gas recircula- tion if required. Press reset button R .
EC	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Parameter error during calibration	Press reset button R . or Replace coding card and then press reset button R .
Ed	Х	X	Burner in a fault state	Internal fault	Replace control unit.
EE	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Flame signal at burner start not present or insuffi- cient.	Check gas supply (gas pressure and gas flow switch). Check gas train. Check ionisation elec- trode and connecting ca- ble. Check ignition: • Connecting cables to ig- nition module and igni- tion electrode • Ignition electrode gap and contamination (see page 40). Check condensate drain.
					Check condensate drain. Press reset button R .

Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
EF	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Flame is lost imme- diately after it has built (during safety time).	Check gas supply (gas pressure and gas flow switch). Check balanced flue sys- tem for flue gas recircula- tion.
					 Check ionisation electrode (replace if required): Distance to burner gauze assembly (see page 40) Electrode contaminated
					Press reset button R .
F0	Х	X	Burner blocked	Internal fault	Replace control unit.
F1	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Flue gas tempera- ture has exceeded limit.	Check heating system fill level. Vent the system. Press reset button R after flue system has cooled down.
F2	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Temperature limiter has responded.	Check heating system fill level. Check circulation pump. Vent the system. Check temperature limiter and connecting cables. Press reset button R .
F3	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Flame signal is al- ready present at burner start.	Check ionisation elec- trode and connecting ca- ble. Press reset button R .
F6	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Temperature val- ues of the boiler water temperature sensors vary too widely from one another.	Replace the boiler water temperature sensors.
F8	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Fuel valve closes too late.	Check gas train. Check both control paths. Press reset button R .
F9	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Fan speed too low during burner start	Check the fan, fan con- necting cables, fan power supply and fan control. Press reset button R .
FA	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Fan idle state not reached	Check the fan, fan con- necting cables and fan control. Press reset button R .
FC	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Gas train faulty, modulation valve control faulty or flue gas path blocked	Check gas train. Check flue system. Press reset button R .

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Fault code displayed	Const.	Weather- comp.	System characteris- tics	Cause	Measures
Fd	X	X	Burner in a fault state and additional fault b7 is displayed.	Coding card miss- ing.	Insert coding card. Press reset button R . Replace control unit if fault persists.
Fd	X	X	Burner in a fault state	Burner control unit fault	Check ignition electrodes and connecting cables. Check whether a strong interference (EMC) field exists near the appliance. Press reset button R . Replace control unit if fault persists.
FE	X	X	Burner blocked or in a fault state	Coding card or main PCB faulty, or incorrect coding card	Press reset button R . If the fault persists, check the coding card and re- place coding card or con- trol unit.
FF	X	X	Burner blocked or in a fault state	Internal fault or re- set button R blocked.	Restart the appliance. Re- place the control unit if the appliance will not re- start.

Faults without fault display

Fault	Cause of fault	Action
Burner blocked and 3 is displayed in code 38.	Flow rate is insufficient Circulation pump or flow switch faulty Heat exchanger blocked	Check circulation pump and flow switch; re- place if necessary Flush and clean heat exchanger.

Maintenance



Checking the outside temperature sensor (weather-compensated control units)

Fig. 44



- 1. Disconnect plug "X3" from the control unit.
- 2. Test the resistance of the outside temperature sensor across terminals "X3.1" and "X3.2" on the disconnected plug and compare it with the curve.
- **3.** In the event of severe deviation from the curve, disconnect the wires at the sensor and repeat the test on the sensor itself.
- **4.** Depending on the result, replace the lead or the outside temperature sensor.

Maintenance (cont.)

Checking the boiler water temperature sensors, cylinder temperature sensor or flow temperature sensor for the low loss header



Fig. 46

Diagnosis



- Boiler water temperature sensor 1 Disconnect the leads from boiler water temperature sensor 3 and check the resistance.
 - Boiler water temperature sensor 2
 Disconnect the leads from boiler water temperature sensor 3 A and check the resistance.
 - Cylinder temperature sensor
 Disconnect plug 5 from the cable harness at the control unit and check the resistance.
 - Flow temperature sensor Disconnect plug "X3" at the control unit and check the resistance across terminals "X3.4" and "X3.5".

5817254

2. Check the sensor resistance and compare it with the curve.

3. In the event of severe deviation replace the sensor.



Danger The boiler wat

The boiler water temperature sensor is directly immersed in the heating water (risk of scalding). Drain the boiler before replacing the sensor.

Checking the flue gas temperature sensor

The flue gas temperature sensor locks out the boiler if the permissible flue gas temperature is exceeded. Cancel the interlock after the flue system has cooled down by pressing reset button \mathbf{R} .



Fig. 48



Fault during commissioning (fault A3)

During commissioning, the control unit checks for correct placement of the flue gas temperature sensor. If commissioning is terminated and fault message A3 is displayed:

1. Check whether the flue gas temperature sensor is correctly inserted. See previous diagram.

1. Disconnect leads from flue gas temperature sensor A.

- **2.** Check sensor resistance and compare it to the curve.
- 3. In the event of severe deviation replace the sensor.

- **2.** If necessary, correct the position of the flue gas temperature sensor or replace the faulty flue gas temperature sensor.
- Press reset button R and repeat commissioning. The check is repeated until it is completed successfully.

Maintenance (cont.)

Checking the fuse



1. Switch OFF the power supply.

Mixer extension kit

Checking the setting of rotary selector S1

The rotary selector on the PCB of the extension kit defines the assignment to the relevant heating circuit.

Heating circuit	Rotary selector S1 setting	
Heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2)		
Heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3)	$4 \sum_{\circ, \circ \\ \sigma \\$	

Checking the rotational direction of the mixer motor

After being switched on, the boiler implements a selftest. During this, the mixer is opened and closed again.

Changing the rotational direction of the mixer motor (if required)



- 1. Remove the upper casing cover of the extension kit.
 - \wedge

Danger

An electric shock can be life-threatening. Before opening the boiler, disconnect it from the mains voltage, e.g. at the fuse or mains isolator.

- At plug 52, swap the cores at terminals "▲" and "▼".
- 3. Refit the casing cover.

- **2.** Release the side closures and pivot the control unit down.
- 3. Remove cover (A).
- **4.** Check fuse F1 (see connection and wiring diagram).



Danger

Incorrect or improperly fitted fuses can lead to an increased risk of fire.

- Insert fuses without using any force. Position fuses correctly.
- Only use structurally identical types with the specified response characteristics.

Note

The mixer motor can also be started via the actuator test (see chapter "Checking outputs").

Observe the rotational direction of the mixer motor during its self-test.

Then manually set the mixer back to "Open". The flow temperature sensor must now capture a higher temperature. If the temperature drops, either the motor is turning in the wrong direction or the mixer insert is incorrectly fitted.



Mixer installation instructions

Diagnosi

Check flow temperature sensor



Checking the Vitotronic 200-H (accessories)

The Vitotronic 200-H is connected to the control unit via the LON. To test the connection, carry out a subscriber check at the boiler control unit (see page 47).

Replacing the power cable

When replacing the power cable, only use the power cable available as a spare part from Viessmann.

- 1. Disconnect plug 2 (flow temperature sensor).
- Check the sensor resistance and compare it to the curve.
 In the event of severe deviation replace the sensor.

Constant temperature control unit



Fig. 53

Heating mode

The selected set boiler water temperature will be maintained when a demand is being raised by the room thermostat and the heating program is set to DHW and central heating "m-".

The boiler water temperature will be maintained at the default frost protection temperature when there is no demand.

The electronic temperature limiter inside the burner control unit limits the boiler water temperature. Flow temperature setting range: 20 to 74 °C.

DHW heating

The burner and the circulation pump for cylinder heating are started if the DHW temperature lies 2.5 K below the set DHW temperature.

In the delivered condition, the set boiler water temperature is 20 K higher than the set DHW temperature (adjustable via coding address "60"). If the actual DHW temperature exceeds the set DHW temperature by 2.5 K, the burner is switched off and the circulation pump run-on time begins.

Weather-compensated control unit



Fig. 54

Weather-compensated control unit (cont.)

Heating mode

The control unit determines a set boiler water temperature subject to outside temperature or room temperature (if a room temperature-dependent remote control is connected) and to the slope/level of the heating curve.

The determined set boiler water temperature is transferred to the burner control unit. From the set and actual boiler water temperatures, the burner control unit calculates the modulation level and regulates the burner accordingly.

DHW heating

The burner and the circulation pump for cylinder heating are started if the DHW temperature lies 2.5 K below the set DHW temperature.

In the delivered condition, the set boiler water temperature is 20 K higher than the set DHW temperature (adjustable via coding address "60"). If the actual DHW temperature exceeds the set DHW temperature by 2.5 K, the burner is switched off and the circulation pump run-on time begins.

The electronic temperature limiter inside the burner

control unit limits the boiler water temperature.

Boosting DHW heating

This function is activated by specifying a second set DHW temperature via parameter/coding address 58 in the **"DHW"** group and activating the fourth DHW time phase for DHW heating.

Heating is boosted during the periods selected in this time phase.

Internal extensions (accessories)

Internal H1 extension



Functions

Internal extensions (accessories) (cont.)

The internal extension is integrated into the control unit enclosure. The following alternative functions can be connected to relay output 28. The function is assigned via parameter/coding address "53" in the **"General"** group:

- Central fault message (parameter/code "53:0")
- DHW circulation pump (parameter/code "53:1") (only for weather-compensated operation)
 Connect DHW circulation pumps with standalone functions directly to the 230 V ~ supply.
- Heating circuit pump for heating circuit without mixer (parameter/code "53:2")
- Circulation pump for cylinder heating (parameter/ code "53:3")

An external safety valve can be linked to connection 53.

Internal H2 extension



Fig. 56

The internal extension is integrated into the control unit enclosure. The following alternative functions can be connected to relay output 28. The function is assigned via parameter/coding address "53" in the **"General"** group:

- Central fault message (parameter/code "53:0")
- DHW circulation pump (parameter/code "53:1") (only for weather-compensated operation)
 Connect DHW circulation pumps with standalone functions directly to the 230 V ~ supply.
- Heating circuit pump for heating circuit without mixer (parameter/code "53:2")
- Circulation pump for cylinder heating (parameter/ code "53:3")

An extractor fan can be switched off via connection $\fbox{157}$ when the burner starts.

External extensions (accessories)

AM1 extension



Fig. 57

- A1 Circulation pump
- A2 Circulation pump
- 40 Power supply

Functions

One of the following circulation pumps can be connected to each of connections A1 and A2:

- Heating circuit pump for heating circuit without mixer
- Circulation pump for cylinder heating
- DHW circulation pump (only for weather-compensated control units)
 - Connect DHW circulation pumps with standalone functions directly to the 230 V \sim supply.

Function assignment

Function	Parameter/code ("General" group)		
	Output A1	Output A2	
DHW circulation pump 28	33:0	34:0 (delivered condition)	
Heating circuit pump 20	33:1 (delivered condition)	34:1	
Circulation pump for cylinder heating 21	33:2	34:2	

40 A Power supply for additional accessories 145 KM-BUS

Select the output functions via parameter changes/ codes at the boiler control unit.

External extensions (accessories) (cont.)

EA1 extension



A Power supply for additional accessories
 Central fault message/feed pump/DHW circulation pump (potential-free)
 Connect DHW circulation pumps with standalone functions directly to the 230 V~ supply.
 KM BUS

Digital data inputs DE1 to DE3

Digital input 3

Power supply

0-10V 0 - 10 V input

Alternatively, the following functions can be connected:

- External operating program changeover for each heating circuit
- External blocking
- External blocking with fault message input
- External demand with minimum boiler water temperature
- Fault message input
- Brief operation of the DHW circulation pump

External contacts must be potential-free. When making the connection, adhere to the requirements of protection class II: 8.0 mm air and creep paths and 2.0 mm insulation thickness against 'live' components.

Input function assignment

Select the input functions via the parameter changes/ codes in the **"General"** group at the boiler control unit:

- DE1: Parameter/coding address 3A
- DE2: Parameter/coding address 3b
- DE3: Parameter/coding address 3C

Assigning the operating program changeover function to the heating circuits

The allocation of the operating program changeover function for the relevant heating circuit is selected via parameter/coding address d8 in the **"Heating circuit"** group at the boiler control unit:

- Changeover via input DE1: Parameter/code d8:1
- Changeover via input DE2: Parameter/code d8:2
- Changeover via input DE3: Parameter/code d8:3

DE3

External extensions (accessories) (cont.)

The effect of the operating program changeover is selected via parameter/coding address d5 in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

The duration of the changeover is set via parameter/ coding address F2 in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

Effect of external blocking function on the pumps

The effect on the internal circulation pump is selected via parameter/coding address 3E in the **"General"** group.

The effect on the relevant heating circuit pump is selected via parameter/coding address d6 in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

The effect on a circulation pump for cylinder heating is selected via parameter/coding address 5E in the **"DHW"** group.

Effect of the external demand function on the pumps

The effect on the internal circulation pump is selected via parameter/coding address 3F in the **"General"** group.

The effect on the relevant heating circuit pump is selected via parameter/coding address d7 in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

The effect on a circulation pump for cylinder heating is selected via parameter/coding address 5F in the **"DHW"** group.

DHW circulation pump runtime for brief operation

The DHW circulation pump is started by closing the contact at DE1, DE2 or DE3 by means of a pushbutton. The runtime is set via parameter/coding address "3d" in the **"General"** group.

Analogue input 0 – 10 V

The 0 – 10 V hook-up provides an additional set boiler water temperature:

0 – 1 V is taken as "no set boiler water temperature default".

1 V \triangleq Set value 10 °C

10 V ≜ Set value 100 °C

Ensure DC separation between the earth conductor and the negative pole of the on-site power source.

Output 157

The following functions can be connected to output [157]:

- Feed pump to substation or
- DHW circulation pump or
- Fault message facility

Information regarding the feed pump

Function only possible in conjunction with a heating circuit control unit connected via LON.

Information on DHW circulation pumps

Connect DHW circulation pumps with standalone functions directly to the 230 V~ supply.

Function assignment

Select the function of output 157 via coding address "36" in the **"General"** group at the boiler control unit.

Control functions

External operating program changeover

The "External operating program changeover" function is implemented via the EA1 extension. There are 3 inputs available at the EA1 extension (DE1 to DE3). The function is selected via the following coding addresses in the **"General"** group:

Heating program changeover	Code
Input DE1	3A:1
Input DE2	3b:1
Input DE3	3C:1

Select the operating program changeover function for the respective heating circuit via coding address "d8" in the **"Heating circuit"** group at the boiler control unit:

Heating program changeover	Code
Changeover via input DE1	d8:1
Changeover via input DE2	d8:2
Changeover via input DE3	d8:3

You can select the direction of the operating program changeover in coding address "d5" in the **"Heating circuit"** group:

Heating program changeover	Code
Changeover towards "Constantly reduced" or "Constant standby mode" (subject to the selected set value)	d5:0
Changeover towards "Constant heating mode"	d5:1

The duration of the operating program changeover is set in coding address "F2" in the **"Heating circuit"** group:

Heating program changeover	Code
No operating program changeover	F2:0
Duration of the operating program changeover 1 to 12 hours	F2:1 to F2:12

The operating program changeover stays enabled for as long as the contact remains closed, but at least as long as the duration selected in coding address "F2".

External blocking

The functions "External blocking" and "External blocking with fault message input" are implemented via the EA1 extension. There are 3 inputs available at the EA1 extension (DE1 to DE3). The function is selected via the following coding addresses in the **"General"** group:

External blocking	Code
Input DE1	3A:3
Input DE2	3b:3
Input DE3	3C:3
External blocking and fault message input	Code
Input DE1	3A:4

The effect on the internal circulation pump is selected in coding address "3E" in the **"General"** group.

The effect on the relevant heating circuit pump is selected in coding address "d6" in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

3b:4

3C:4

External demand

Input DE2

Input DE3

The "External demand" function is implemented via the EA1 extension. There are 3 inputs available at the EA1 extension (DE1 to DE3).

The function is selected via the following coding addresses in the **"General"** group:

External demand	Code
Input DE1	3A:2
Input DE2	3b:2
Input DE3	3C:2

The effect on the internal circulation pump is selected in coding address "3F" in the **"General"** group. The effect on the relevant heating circuit pump is selected in coding address "d7" in the **"Heating circuit"** group. The set minimum boiler water temperature for external demand is selected in coding address "9b" in the **"General"** group.

The burner is switched off during the venting program.

Activating the venting program: See "Venting the heat-

Venting program

During the venting program, the circulation pump will be alternately switched on and off for 30 s over a period of 20 min.

Screed drying

When activating screed drying, observe the information provided by the screed manufacturer.

When screed drying is activated, the heating circuit pump for the heating circuit with mixer starts and the flow temperature is maintained in accordance with the selected profile. On completion (30 days), the heating circuit with mixer is controlled automatically according to the set parameters.

Observe EN 1264. The report to be provided by the heating contractor must contain the following heat-up details:

Temperature profile 1: (EN 1264-4) code "F1:1"



Fig. 59

Temperature profile 2: (ZV parquet and flooring technology) code "F1:2"



Fig. 60

- Heat-up data with respective flow temperatures
- Max. flow temperature achieved

ing system".

 Operating state and outside temperature during handover

Various temperature profiles can be set via coding address "F1" in the **"Heating circuit"** group. The function continues after a power failure or after the control unit has been switched off. "Heating and DHW" is started when screed drying is finished or if code "F1:0" is set manually.



Raising the reduced room temperature

During operation with reduced room temperature, the reduced set room temperature can be automatically raised subject to the outside temperature. The temperature is raised in accordance with the selected heating curve, but no higher than the set standard room temperature.

Example using the settings in the delivered condition

The outside temperature limits for the start and end of temperature raising can be set in coding addresses "F8" and "F9" in the **"Heating circuit"** group.



Fig. 66

- (A) Heating curve for operation with standard room temperature
- (B) Heating curve for operation with reduced room temperature

Reducing the heat-up time

During the transition from operation with reduced room temperature to operation with standard room temperature, the boiler water or flow temperature will be raised in accordance with the selected heating curve. The boiler water or flow temperature can be automatically increased. The value and duration for the additional raising of the set boiler water temperature or set flow temperature can be set in coding addresses "FA" and "Fb" in the **"Heating circuit"** group.

Example using the settings in the delivered condition



- (A) Start of operation with standard room temperature(B) Set boiler water or flow temperature in accordance
- with the selected heating curve
- Set boiler water or flow temperature in accordance with coding address "FA": 50 °C + 20 % = 60 °C
- Duration of operation with raised set boiler water or flow temperature in accordance with coding address "Fb":
 60 min

Assigning heating circuits to the remote control

The assignment of heating circuits must be configured during remote control commissioning.

Remote control affects the following heating circuit	Configuration		
	Vitotrol 200A	Vitotrol 200A Vitotrol 300A	
	Vitotrol 200 RF	Vitotrol 300 RF	
Heating circuit without mixer A1	H 1	Heating circuit 1	
Heating circuit with mixer M2	H 2	Heating circuit 2	
Heating circuit with mixer M3	H 3	Heating circuit 3	

Note

One heating circuit can be assigned to the Vitotrol 200A and 200 RF.

Up to three heating circuits can be assigned to the Vitotrol 300A and 300 RF.

A maximum of 2 hardwired remote control units **or** 3 wireless remote controls may be connected to the control unit.

If the assignment of a heating circuit is later cancelled, reset coding address "A0" in the **"Heating circuit"** group for this heating circuit to 0 (fault message bC, bd, bE).

Electronic combustion control unit

The electronic combustion controller utilises the physical correlation between the level of the ionisation current and the air ratio λ . The maximum ionisation current is achieved at an air ratio of 1 for all gas qualities. The ionisation signal is evaluated by the combustion controller and the air ratio is adjusted to a value between λ =1.24 and 1.44. This range provides for an optimum combustion quality. Thereafter, the electronic gas valve regulates the required gas volume subject to the prevailing gas quality.

To check the combustion quality, the CO_2 content or the O_2 content of the flue gas is measured. The prevailing air ratio is determined with the measured values. The relationship between the CO_2 or O_2 content and air ratio λ is illustrated in the following table.

Air ratio λ	O ₂ content (%)	CO ₂ content (%) for	CO ₂ content (%) for	CO ₂ content (%) for
		natural gas E	natural gas LL	LPG P
1.20	3.8	9.6	9.2	11.3
1.24	4.4	9.2	9.1	10.9
1.27	4.9	9.0	8.9	10.6
1.30	5.3	8.7	8.6	10.3
1.34	5.7	8.5	8.4	10.0
1.37	6.1	8.3	8.2	9.8
1.40	6.5	8.1	8.0	9.6
1.44	6.9	7.8	7.7	9.3
1.48	7.3	7.6	7.5	9.0

Air ratio λ – CO₂/O₂ content

To achieve an optimum combustion control, the system regularly carries out an automatic self-calibration; also after a power failure (shutdown). For this, the combustion is briefly regulated to max. ionisation current (corresponding to air ratio λ =1). Automatic calibration is carried out shortly after the burner start and lasts approx. 5 s. During calibration, higher than normal CO emissions may occur briefly.

Connection and wiring diagram

Internal connections



Fig. 68

- A1 Main PCB
- Х... Electrical interfaces
- 3 3A 11 Boiler water temperature sensor
- Boiler water temperature sensor
- Ionisation electrode
- 15 Flue gas temperature sensor



Ignition unit Fan motor

100 A Fan motor control Modulation coil

Appendix

External connections



Fig. 69

- A1 Main PCB
- A2 Switching mode power supply
- A3 Optolink
- A4 Burner control unit
- A5 Programming unit
- A6 Coding card
- A7 Connection adaptor
- A8 LON communication module or cascade communication module
- A9 Internal extension (accessories)
- S1 ON/OFF switch
- S2 Reset button
- X... Electrical interfaces
- 1 Outside temperature sensor

- 2 Flow temperature sensor, low loss header
- 5 Cylinder temperature sensor
- (plug on the cable harness)
- 20 Heating circuit pump or boiler circuit pump
- 21 Circulation pump, either:
 - DHW circulation pump
 - External heating circuit pump
 - Circulation pump for cylinder heating
- 35 Gas solenoid valve
- 40 Power supply
- 96 Power supply for accessories and Vitotrol 100
- 100 Fan motor
- 111 Gas pressure switch
- 145 KM-BUS

Report

Settings and test values		Set value	Commission- ing	Maintenance/ service	Maintenance/ service
Date					
Signature					
Static pressure	mbar kPa	≤ 57.5 ≤ 5.75			
Supply pressure (flow pres- sure)					
For natural gas	mbar kPa	See table "Supply			
For LPG	mbar kPa	pressure" (Commis- sioning)			
🗌 Enter gas type					
Carbon dioxide content CO₂ With natural gas					
 At lower heating output 	% by vol.	See "Check- ing the com- bustion qual- ity" (Com-			
 At upper heating output 	% by vol.				
For LPG		mission-			
 At lower heating output 	% by vol.	_ ing)			
 At upper heating output 	% by vol.				
Oxygen content O ₂					
 At lower heating output 	% by vol.				
 At upper heating output 	% by vol.				
Carbon monoxide content CO					
 At lower heating output 	ppm	< 1000			
 At upper heating output 	ppm	< 1000			

Gas boiler, category II 2N3P

Rated heating output range *2			
T _F /T _R 50/30 °C (Pcond(50/30))	kW	12 (17) - 49	12 (17) - 60
T _F /T _R = 80/60 °C (Pn(80/60))	kW	10.9 (15.5) - 45.0	10.9 (15.5) - 55.2
Rated heating input range (Qn)	kW	11.2 (16.1) - 45.7	11.2 (16.1) - 56.2
Rated voltage	V	230	
Rated frequency	Hz	50	
Rated current	A	6	
Backup fuse (power supply)	A	16	
Power consumption in the delivered condition	W	66	122
Electronic temperature limiter setting (TN) (fixed)	°C	82	
Temperature limiter setting (fixed)	°C	100	
Permiss. operating pressure (PMS)	bar MPa	4 0.4	4 0.4
NO _X	Class	6	6
Connection values relative to max. load			
with	0.1		
Natural gas E	m ³ /h	4.84	5.95
Natural gas LL	m³/h	5.62	6.91
LPG	kg/h	3.57	4.39
Flue gas values			
 Mass flow rate (for DHW heating) 	g/s	23	28
 Temperature (for DHW heating) 	°C	67	72
Max. temperature	°C	120	120
Permissible ambient temperature			
During operation:	°C	0 to +40 °C	
During storage and transport:	°C	-20 to +65 °C	
Protection class		I	
IP rating		IP X 4 to EN	
Weight	kg	65	65
Product ID		CE-0085C	N0050

Note

The connection values are only for reference (e.g. in the gas contract application) or for a rough supplementary check of the volumetric settings. Due to factory settings, the gas pressure must not be altered from these values. Reference: 15 °C, 1013 mbar (101.3 kPa).

Flue system types

Available in the following countries	Flue system types
AE, AM, AT, BA, BG, BY, CH, CY, CZ, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, KG, KZ, LI, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SE, SK, TR, UA	$B_{23}, B_{33}, C_{13}, C_{33}, C_{43}, C_{53}, C_{63}, C_{83}, C_{93}$
BE	$B_{23},B_{23P},B_{33},C_{13},C_{33},C_{43},C_{53},C_{83},C_{83P},C_{93}$
DE, SI	$B_{23},B_{33},C_{13X},C_{33X},C_{43X},C_{53X},C_{63X},C_{83X},C_{93X}$
FR	$B_{23}, B_{23P}, B_{33}, C_{13}, C_{33}, C_{43}, C_{53}, C_{63}, C_{83}, C_{83P} C_{93}$

Gas boiler, category II 2N3P (cont.)

Gas categories

Available in the following countries	Gas categories
AE, AT, AM, BA, BG, BY, CH, CZ, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GR, HR, IE, IS, IT, KG, KZ, LI, LT, LU, LV, MT, NO, PT, RO, RS, RU, SE, SI, SK, TR, UA	II _{2N3P} /II _{2H3P}
AM, BY, KG, KZ, RU, UA	I _{2N} /I _{2H}
BE, DE, FR	II _{2N3P}
CY	I _{3P}
FR, IT	I _{2HM}
HU	II _{2N3P} /II _{2HS3P}
NL	II _{2EK3P}
PL	II _{2N3P} /II _{2ELw3P}

Hydrogen blending

The gas condensing boiler is suitable for operation with natural gas containing a hydrogen blend of up to 20 % by vol.

This mode of operation results in an output reduction of up to 10 %.

Final decommissioning and disposal

Viessmann products can be recycled. Components and substances from the system are not part of ordinary domestic waste. For decommissioning, isolate the system from the power supply and allow components to cool down where appropriate.

All components must be disposed of correctly.

Declaration of conformity

We, Viessmann Limited, Hortenwood 30, Telford TF1 7YP, United Kingdom, declare as authorised representative of the manufacturer and in sole responsibility for the manufacturer, that the named product complies with the applicable UK regulations in terms of its design and operational characteristics. Using the serial number, the full Declaration of Conformity can be found on the following website: www.viessmann.co.uk/conformity

Manufacturer's declaration

This product meets the requirements of the Efficiency Directive (92/42/EEC) for condensing boilers.

Manufacturer's certificate according to the 1st BImSchV [Germany]

We, Viessmann Werke GmbH & Co. KG, D-35107 Allendorf, confirm that the product **Vitodens 200-W** complies with the NO_x limits specified by the 1st BImSchV, paragraph 6 [Germany].

Allendorf, 01 February 2018

Viessmann Werke GmbH & Co. KG

Authorised signatory Reiner Jansen Head of Strategic Quality Management

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