Installation and service instructions



for contractors

Vitodens 242-F
Type FB2B, 4.8 to 26 kW
Gas condensing/solar storage combi boiler
Natural gas and LPG version
Gas Council no.:
47-819-18 (19 kW)
47-819-19 (26 kW)

For applicability, see the last page

VITODENS 242-F





5412 755 GB 5/2010 Please keep safe.

Safety instructions



Please follow these safety instructions closely to prevent accidents and material losses.

Safety instructions explained



Danger

This symbol warns against the risk of injury.



Please note

This symbol warns against the risk of material losses and environmental pollution.

Note

Details identified by the word "Note" contain additional information.

Target group

These instructions are exclusively designed for qualified personnel.

- Work on gas equipment must only be carried out by a qualified gas fitter.
- Work on electrical equipment must only be carried out by a qualified electrician
- The system must be commissioned by the system installer or a qualified person authorised by the installer.

Regulations

Observe the following when working on this system

- all legal instructions regarding the prevention of accidents,
- all legal instructions regarding environmental protection,
- the Code of Practice of relevant trade associations.

- all current safety regulations as defined by DIN, EN, DVGW, TRGI, TRF, VDE and all locally applicable standards.
- Gas Safety (Installation & Use) Regulations
 - the appropriate Building Regulation either the Building regulations, the Building Regulation (Scotland), Building Regulations (Northern Ireland).
 - the Water Fittings Regulation or Water Bylaws in Scotland,
 - the current I.E.E. Wiring Regulations.

If you smell gas



Danger

Escaping gas can lead to explosions which may result in serious injury.

- Never smoke. Prevent naked flames and sparks. Never switch lights or electrical appliances ON or OFF.
- Close the gas shut-off valve.
- Open windows and doors.
- Remove all people from the danger zone.
- Notify your gas or electricity supplier from outside the building.
- Shut off the electricity supply to the building from a safe place (outside the building).

Safety instructions (cont.)

If you smell flue gas



Danger

Flue gas can lead to life-threatening poisoning.

- Shut down the heating system.
- Ventilate the boiler room.
- Close all doors leading to the living space.

Working on the system

- When using gas as fuel, also close the main gas shut-off valve and safeguard against unauthorised reopening.
- Isolate the system from the power supply and check that it is no longer 'live', e.g. by removing a separate fuse or by means of a main isolator.
- Safeguard the system against unauthorised reconnection.

Please note

Electronic modules can be damaged by electro-static discharges.

Touch earthed objects, such as heating or water pipes, to discharge static loads.

Repair work

Please note

Repairing components which fulfil a safety function can compromise the safe operation of your heating system.

Replace faulty components only with original Viessmann spare parts.

Ancillary components, spare and wearing parts

Please note

Spare and wearing parts which have not been tested together with the heating system can compromise its function. Installing non-authorised components and non-approved modifications/conversion can compromise safety and may invalidate our warranty. For replacements, use only original spare parts from Viessmann or those which are approved by Viessmann.

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Product information

Vitodens 242-F, FB2B

Set up for operation with natural gas H.

For conversion to LPG P (without conversion kit), see page 32.

The Vitodens 242-F should generally only be delivered to those countries specified on the type plate. For deliveries to alternative countries, an approved contractor, on his own initiative, must arrange individual approval in accordance with the law of the land.

Preparing for installation

Handling

If possible, leave the boiler on the pallet during handling.

If space constraints make it necessary, the boiler can be split for handling.



Installation instructions provided

Please note

To prevent equipment damage, never set the boiler down on its front or side panels or apply loads to these areas.

Installation

Required room height at least 2100 mm.

The boiler weight is 161 kg (19 kW) to 165 kg (26 kW) (dry).

Preparing the boiler for installation

Use a connection set, available as an accessory, to make the connection on the gas and water sides. The following overview shows sample connection sets for installation on finished walls to the top or side.

Preparing the connections on site:

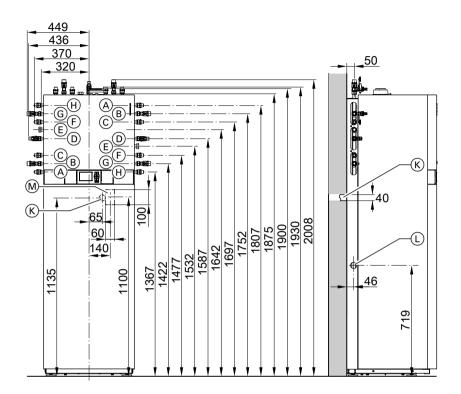


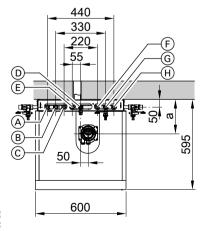
Connection set installation instructions.

Please note

To prevent equipment damage, install all pipework free of load and torque stresses.

Preparing for installation (cont.)





- A) Solar return R ¾
- B Heating flow R ¾
- © DHW R ½
- (D) Gas connection R ½
- © DHW circulation R ½ (separate accessory)
- (F) Cold water R 1/2
- G Heating return R 3/4
- (H) Solar flow R 3/4
- K Condensate drain to the back into the wall
- (L) Side condensate drain
- M Cable entry area
- N DHW safety valve drain

Preparing for installation

Preparing for installation (cont.)

Minimum clearances

Area around the Vitodens for maintenance: min. 700 mm. Maintenance clearances to the I.h. or r.h. side of the Vitodens are **not** required.

Rated output range	4.8 to 19 kW	6.5 to 26 kW
a (mm)	200	224

Note

The adjustable feet give all height measurements a tolerance of +15 mm.

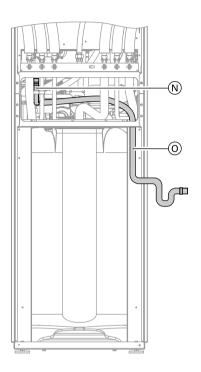
1. Prepare the heating water connections.

Flush the heating system thoroughly.

Note

Should an additional diaphragm expansion vessel be required on site, connect that vessel into the heating return.

Preparing for installation (cont.)



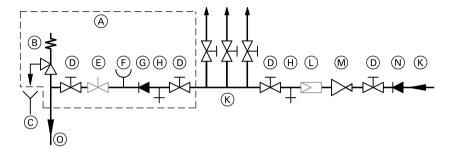
- 2. Prepare the connections on the DHW side. Install the safety assembly (accessory or on-site provision) in accordance with the Water Fittings Regulations 1999 in the cold water line (see page 10). Recommendation: Install the safety valve above the DHW cylinder to protect it against
 - DHW cylinder to protect it against contamination, scaling and high temperatures.
 - Connect the drain hose to the condensate collector. Remove plug from condensate collector.
- 3. Prepare the solar connections.
- 4. Route condensate hose ① to the back (drain in wall (k)) or to the side aperture ① (see page 6).

 Route condensate hose with a Ubend and connect to on-site drain line or siphon. Discharge pipes from expansion valves (safety valve) should not be connected directly to a drain and should pass through a visible tundish, with a AUK3 air gap, and be located adjacent to the device.
- Prepare the gas connection according to TRGI or TRF or all local regulations.
- **6.** Prepare the electrical connections.
 - Power cable: NYM-J 3 x 1.5 mm², fuse max. 16 A, 230 V/50 Hz.
 - Accessory cables: NYM with the required number of conductors for the external connections.
 - Allow all cables in area "(M)" (see page 7) to protrude 2000 mm from the wall.

Preparing for installation

Preparing for installation (cont.)

Safety assembly to Water Fittings Regulations 1999

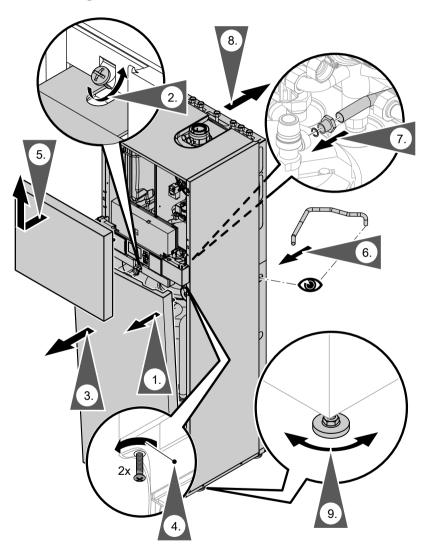


- (A) Safety assembly to Water Fittings Regulations 1999 (acces-(H) Drain sory to connection sets for unfinished (K) Cold water walls)
- B Safety valve
- © Visible blow-off line outlet
- (D) Shut-off valve
- (E) Flow regulating valve (installation rec- (0) Cold water connection at connection set ommended)
- (F) Pressure gauge connector

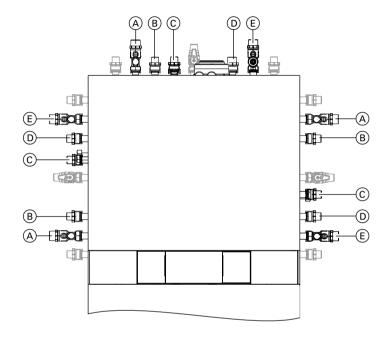
- G Non-return valve
- (L) Drinking water filter
- M Pressure reducer to Water Fittings Regulations 1999
- (N) Non-return valve/pipe separator
- (accessory)

Installing the boiler

Assembling the boiler



Connections on the heating water and the DHW side



Shown with connection sets for finished walls (accessories)

- A Heating flow R 3/4
- (B) DHW R ½
- © DHW circulation R ½ (separate accessory)
- D Cold water R ½
- E Heating return R ¾

Fitting the drain outlet and drain line to the T&P valve



Separate installation instructions

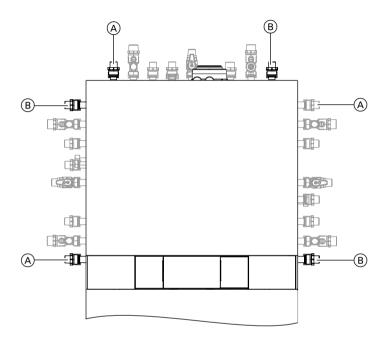
DHW circulation connection

DHW circulation connection with DHW circulation pump connection set (accessory)



Separate installation instructions

Connections on the solar side



Shown with connection sets for finished walls (accessories)

(A) Solar return R ¾ or Ø22 mm smooth tube

B Solar flow R ¾ or Ø22 mm smooth tube

Note

The solar circuit pump is integrated into the boiler.

The expansion vessel, available as an accessory, is installed in the solar return.



Separate installation instructions

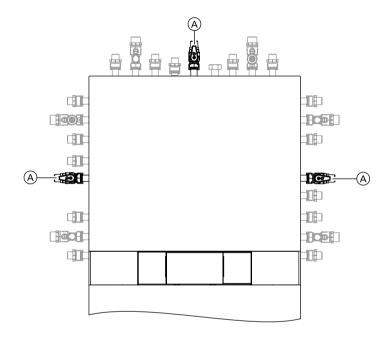
The solar safety valve can be fitted in the boiler. Set the pressure gauge for the

Note

solar circuit on site.

Route the blow-off pipe for the safety valve on the solar side into a suitable and adequately sized drip container. A drip container (2.5 litres) to be fitted in the boiler is available as an accessory.

Gas connection



Shown with connection sets for finished walls (accessories)

A Gas connection R ½

Notes regarding operation with LPG. We recommend the installation of an external safety solenoid valve when installing the boiler in rooms below ground level.

1. Fix gas shut-off valve to gas connection (A).

2. Carry out a tightness test.

Note

For the tightness test, use only suitable and approved leak detecting agents (EN 14291) and devices.
Leak detecting agents with unsuitable contents (e.g. nitrides, sulphides) can lead to material damage.
Remove residues of the leak detecting agent after testing.

Please note

Excessive test pressure may damage the boiler and the gas valve.

Max. test pressure 150 mbar. Where higher pressure is required for tightness tests, separate the boiler and the gas valves from the gas supply pipe (undo the fitting).

3. Vent the gas line.

For conversion to a different gas type see page 32

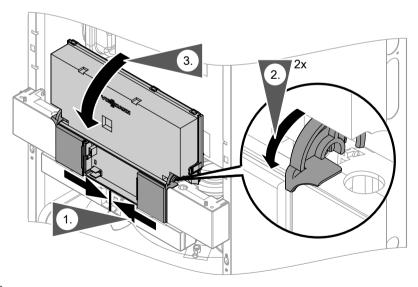
Flue gas connection

Connect the balanced flue. The flue terminals have to be installed as described in accordance with the Building Regulations Part J and BS 5440.

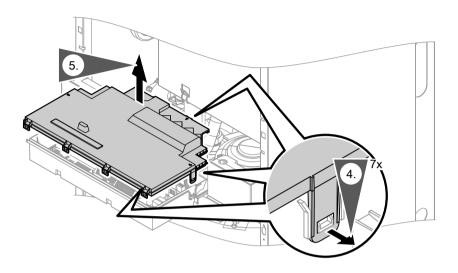


Flue gas system installation instructions.

Opening the control unit casing



Opening the control unit casing (cont.)



Electrical connections



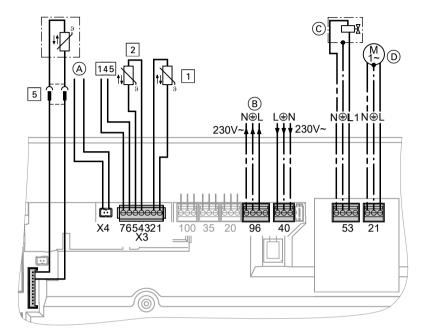
Information regarding the connection of accessories

For the connection, observe the separate installation instructions provided with the accessory components.

Please note

Electronic modules can be damaged by electrostatic discharges.

Before beginning work, touch earthed objects, such as heating or water pipes, to discharge static loads.



- Solar control module KM BUS connection (connected in the delivered condition)
- B Power supply, solar control module (connected in the delivered condition)

Plug 230 V~

21 Cylinder primary pump (D) (fitted and connected)

- © External safety solenoid valve (LPG)
- O Cylinder primary pump
- 40 Power supply
 - Remove any existing individual cores.



Danger

Incorrect core termination can cause severe injuries and damage to the equipment.



Never interchange cores "L1" and "N".

- Install an isolator in the power supply line that simultaneously isolates all non-earthed conductors from the mains with at least 3 mm contact separation. We additionally recommend installing an AC/DC-sensitive RCD (RCD class B 🖂 🖃) for DC (fault) currents that can occur with energy efficient equipment. Remove the existing cable grommet when using larger cross-sections (up to Ø14 mm). Secure the cable with cable grommet (F) (see page 21) integrated into the casing base.
- Max. fuse rating 16 A.
- External safety solenoid valve (LPG) ©

 Do **not** remove jumper between "1" and "L" when making this connection.
- 96 Power supply of accessories
 Where the boiler is installed in a wet area, the connection of accessories to the power supply must not be carried out at the control unit. If the boiler is installed outside wet areas, the power supply for accessories can be connected directly to the control unit (230 V/50 Hz). The connection is switched by the system ON/OFF switch.

Note

If the total system current exceeds 6 A, connect one or more extensions via a mains isolator directly to the mains supply; see page 19.

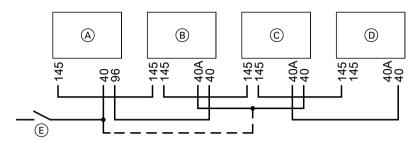
Low voltage plug X3

1 Outside temperature sensor

Installation:

- North or north-western wall, 2 to 2.5 m above ground level; in multistorey buildings, in the upper half of the second floor
- Not above windows, doors or ventilation outlets
- Not immediately below balconies or gutters
- Never render over
- Cable length max. 35 m with a cross-section of 1.5 mm²
- 2 Flow temperature sensor for low loss header (accessories)
- 5 Cylinder temperature sensor (fitted and connected)
- 145 KM BUS subscriber (accessory)
 - Vitotrol 200A or 300A remote control
 - Vitocom 100
 - Extension kit for one heating circuit with mixer
 - Extension AM1 or EA1
 - Open Therm extension

Connection of accessories



- (A) Boiler control unit
- B Extension kit for a heating circuit with mixer M2
- © Extension kit for heating circuit with mixer M3
- D Extension AM1, EA1 and/or solar control module SM1
- (E) ON/OFF switch

If a current flows to the actuators connected (e.g. circulation pumps) that is higher than the safety level of the accessory, only use the output concerned to control an on-site relay.

Accessories	Internal fuse protection
Extension kit for one heating circuit with mixer	2 A
Extension AM1	4 A
Extension EA1	2 A
Solar control module SM1	2 A

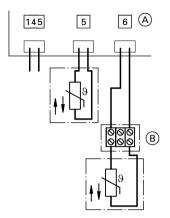
Connecting the collector temperature sensor

Note

Solar control module (A) is attached to the l.h. side of the air box.

Installation sequence

Electrical connections (cont.)



Connect collector temperature sensor $\boxed{6}$ to terminal box $\boxed{8}$ of solar control module \boxed{A} .

On-site extension cable: 2-core, cross-section 1.5 mm².

Note

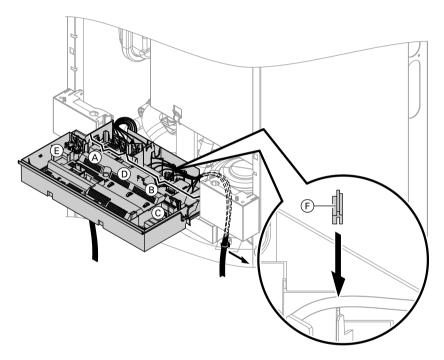
The cylinder temperature sensor for solar heating 5 is delivered fitted and connected.

Routing the connecting cables

Please note

Connecting cables will be damaged if they touch hot parts.

When routing and securing power cables on site, ensure that the maximum permissible temperatures for these cables are not exceeded.

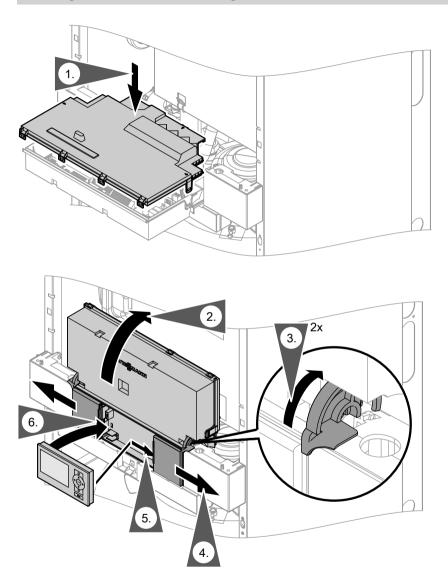


- Low voltage connections
- (B) 230 V connections
- © Internal extension
- (D) Main PCB

Remove the existing cable grommet when using larger cross-sections (up to Ø 14 mm). Secure the cable with cable grommet F (black) integrated into the casing base.

- E Communication module (accessories)
- F Cable grommet for power cable

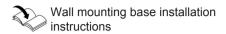
Closing the control unit casing



Insert programming unit (packed separately) into the control unit support.

Note
The programming unit can also be used in a wall mounting base (accessory) near boiler.

Closing the control unit casing (cont.)

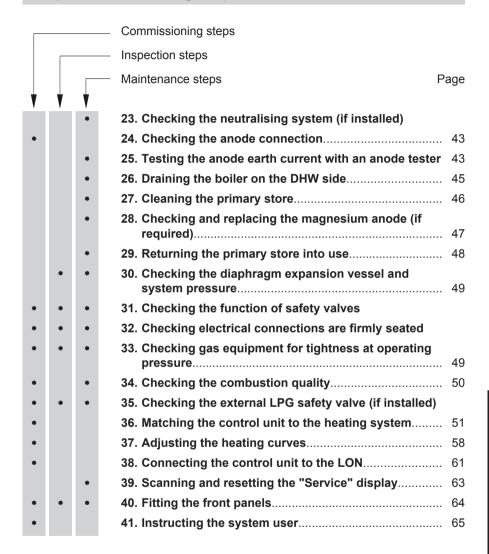


Steps - commissioning, inspection and maintenance

For further information regarding the individual steps, see the page indicated

			Commissioning steps	
			 Inspection steps 	
V	•	V	Maintenance steps Pa	age
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•			4. Changing the language (if required)	27
•			5. Setting the time and date (if required)	28
•			6. Venting the boiler	28
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Steps - commissioning, inspection and... (cont.)



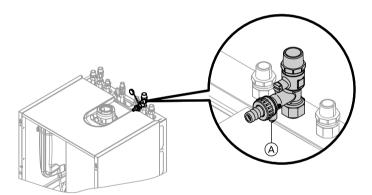
Removing the front panels

See page 11, steps 1 to 5.

Filling the heating system

Please note

- Unsuitable fill water increases the level of deposits and corrosion and may lead to boiler damage.
- Thoroughly flush the entire heating system prior to filling it with water.
- Only use fill water of potable quality.
- Soften fill water with hardness exceeding 300 ppm (3.0 mmol/l), e.g. with a small softening system for heating water (see Vitoset pricelist).
- An antifreeze additive suitable for heating systems can be added to the fill water.



Shown with connection set for finished walls (accessory)

- 1. Check the pre-charge pressure of the diaphragm expansion vessel.
- 2. Close the gas shut-off valve.
- Fill heating system via boiler drain & fill valve (A) in the heating return (depending on connection set either on the side or above the boiler). (Minimum system pressure > 1.0 bar).

Service

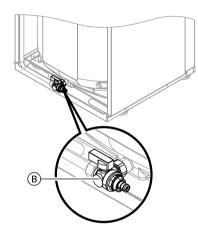
Further details regarding the individual steps (cont.)

Note

If the control unit has not been switched on prior to filling the system, then the servomotor of the diverter valve will still be in its central position, and the system will be completely filled.

Note

Lever on valve (B) must be in the "I.h." position.



 If the control unit had already been switched on before filling began: Switch control unit ON and activate filling program (see next steps).

Note

For function and details of the fill program, see page 137.

5. Close boiler drain & fill valve (A).

Activating the filling function:

- Press **OK** and simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Service functions"
- 3. "Filling"
- **4.** Ending filling function: Press **OK** or **≤**.

Changing the language (if required)

Note

At the commissioning stage, the display is in German (default setting)

Extended menu:

- 1.
- 2. "Settings"

3. "Language"



4. Set the required language with **△/▼**.

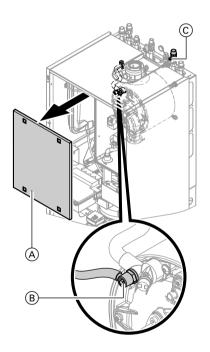
Setting the time and date (if required)

During commissioning, or after prolonged time out of use, the time and date need to be reset.

Extended menu:

1. 🗮

Venting the boiler



- 2. "Settings"
- 3. "Time / Date"
- 4. Set current time and date.
- 1. Close the shut-off valves on the heating water side.
- 2. Remove cover panel (A).
- **3.** Connect the drain hose on air vent valve (B) with a drain.
- 4. Open air vent valve (B) and fill valve (C) in the heating return and vent using mains pressure (flush) until no more air noise can be heard.
- Close air vent valve (B) and fill valve (C) in the heating return, and open the shut-off valves on the heating water side.

Venting the heating system

- 1. Close the gas shut-off valve and switch the control unit ON.
- **2.** Activate venting program (see next steps).

Service

Further details regarding the individual steps (cont.)

Note

For function and sequence of the venting program, see page 137.

3. Check the system pressure.

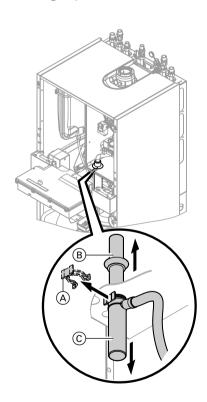
Activate venting program:

1. Press **OK** and **\equiv** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.

2. "Service functions"

- 3. "Venting"
- **4.** Terminating venting program: Press **OK** or **★**.

Filling siphon with water

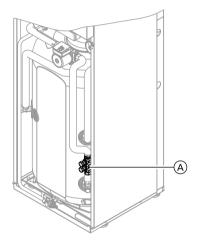


- 1. Pivot control unit forward.
- 2. Pull retaining clip (A) off.
- 3. Pull filler pipe (B) upwards.
- **4.** Pull off trap (C) downwards.
- **5.** Fill siphon with water and reassemble.
- **6.** Refit cover panel.
- **7.** Secure control unit back in operating position.

Filling the solar circuit



Solar thermal system installation and service instructions



- (A) Solar circuit fill valve
- Please note
 Overheated collector areas and overheated heat transfer medium can cause burns/scalding and equipment damage.
 When working on the collector and the solar circuit, protect the collector area against solar irradiation.
- **1.** Thoroughly flush the on-site pipework.

- Fill the solar circuit via fill valve (A) with "Tyfocor LS".
 Minimum system pressure: 1.7 bar. Permiss. operating pressure: 6 bar.
 - Please note
 To prevent equipment damage, use only "Tyfocor LS".
 Never fill with water.
- **3.** Close ball valve of fill valve (A).
- **4.** Open the air vent valve at the solar collector.
- **5.** Start solar circuit pump via a relay test (see page 101).
- Let the solar circuit pump run until the solar circuit is fully vented. At a system pressure below 1.7 bar top up with "Tyfocor LS".
- Close the air vent valve at the solar collector.
- Check system pressure. Below 1.7 bar top up with "Tyfocor LS".

Naming the heating circuits

In the delivered condition, the heating circuits are designated "Heating circuit 1", "Heating circuit 2" and "Heating circuit 3" (if installed).

If the system user prefers, the heating circuits can be designated differently to suit the specific system.



Enter names for heating circuits:

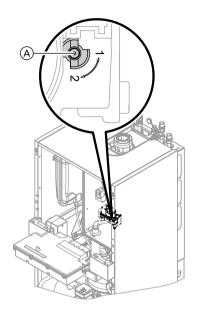
Operating instructions

Checking the gas type

The boiler is equipped with an electronic combustion controller that adjusts the burner for optimum combustion in accordance with the prevailing gas quality.

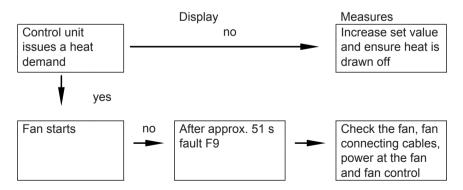
- Consequently, for natural gas there is no adjustment required across the entire Wobbe index range.
 - The boiler can be operated in the Wobbe index range 9.5 to 15.2 kWh/m³ (34.2 to 54.7 MJ/m³).
- Convert the burner for operation with LPG (see "Gas type conversion" on page 32).
- Determine the gas type and Wobbe index by asking your local gas supply utility or LPG supplier.
- **2.** Convert the burner for operation with LPG (see page 32).
- **3.** Record the gas type in the service report on page 159.

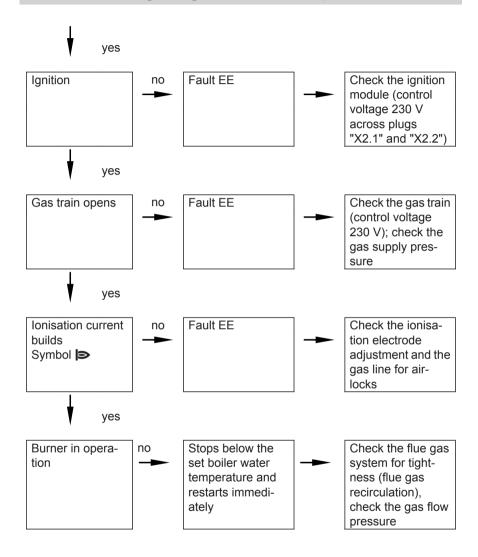
Gas type conversion (only for operation with LPG)

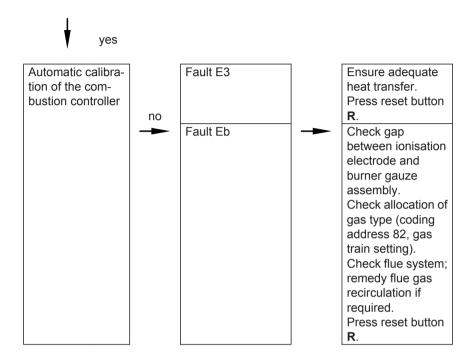


- **1.** Set adjusting screw (A) on the gas train to "2".
- 2. Turn ON/OFF switch @ ON.
- 3. Select the gas type in coding address "82":
 - Call up code 2
 - Call up "General"
 - In coding address "11", select value "9"
 - In coding address "82", select value "1" (LPG operation)
 - In code "11" select value ≠ "9".
 - End service functions.
- **4.** Open the gas shut-off valve.
- **5.** Affix label "G31" (supplied with the technical documentation) adjacent to the type plate on the cover panel.

Function sequence and possible faults







For further details regarding faults, see page 103.

Checking the static and supply pressure



Danger

CO build-up as a result of an incorrect burner setup can have serious health implications.

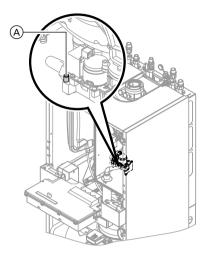
Carry out a CO test prior to and after work on gas equipment.

Operation with LPG

Flush the LPG tank twice during commissioning/replacement. Vent the tank and gas supply lines thoroughly after flushing.

Service

Further details regarding the individual steps (cont.)



- 1. Close the gas shut-off valve.
- 2. Release the screw inside test nipple "PE" (A) on the gas train but do not remove it, then connect the pressure gauge.
- **3.** Open the gas shut-off valve.
- Check the static pressure and record it in the service report on page 159. Set value: max. 37 mbar
- 5. Start the boiler.

Note

During commissioning, the boiler can enter a fault state because of airlocks in the gas line. After approx. 5 s, press the reset button **R** (see operating instructions) to reset the burner.

6. Check the supply (flow) pressure.

Set value:

- Natural gas: 20 mbar
- LPG: 37 mbar

Note

Use suitable test equipment with a resolution of at least 0.1 mbar to check the supply pressure.

- Record the actual values in the service report on page 159.
 Take the action shown in the following table.
- Shut down the boiler, close the gas shut-off valve, remove the pressure gauge and close the screw in test nipple (A).
- **9.** Open the gas shut-off valve and start the appliance.



Danger

Gas escaping from the test nipple leads to a risk of explosion.

Check test nipple (A) for tightness.

Supply (flow) pressure for natural	Supply (flow) pressure for LPG	Measures
gas		
below 15 mbar	below 25 mbar	Do not start the boiler. Notify your gas
		supply utility or LPG supplier.
15 to 25 mbar	25 to 45 mbar	Start the boiler.
above 25 mbar	above 45 mbar	Install a separate gas pressure governor
		upstream of the system and regulate the
		pre-charge pressure to 20 mbar for natu-
		ral gas or 37 mbar for LPG. Notify your
		gas supply utility or LPG supplier.

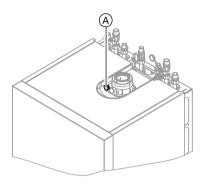
Setting the maximum output

You can limit the maximum output for **heating operation**. The limit is set via the modulation range. The max. adjustable output is limited upwards by the boiler coding card.

- 1. Press **OK** and **\equiv** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Service functions"
- 3. "Max. output"

- 4. "Change?" Select "Yes". A value flashes on the display (e.g. "85"). In the delivered condition, this value represents 100 % of rated output.
- **5.** Set the required value.

Checking the balanced flue system tightness (annular gap check)



(A) Combustion air aperture (ventilation air)

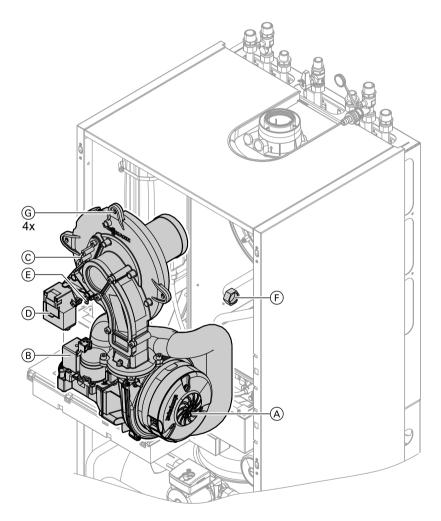
For balanced flue systems tested together with the wall mounted gas fired boiler, the requirement for a tightness test during commissioning by the flue gas inspector is not applicable.

We recommend that your heating engineer carries out a simple leak/tightness test during the commissioning of your system. For this, it would be sufficient to check the CO_2 or O_2 concentration in the combustion air at the annular gap of the balanced flue pipe.

The flue pipe is deemed to be gas-tight if the CO_2 concentration in the combustion air is no higher than 0.2 % or the O_2 concentration is at least 20.6 %. If actual CO_2 values are higher or O_2 values are lower, then pressure test the flue

pipe with a static pressure of 200 Pa.

Removing the burner



- **2.** Close the gas shut-off valve and safeguard against reopening.

Service

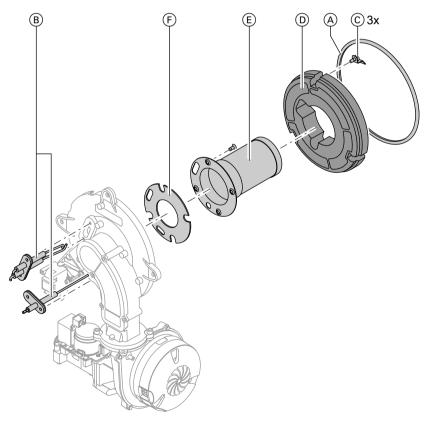
Further details regarding the individual steps (cont.)

- Pull electrical cables from fan motor

 A, gas valve B, ionisation electrode C, ignition unit D and earth tab E.
- **4.** Release gas supply pipe fitting **F**).
- **5.** Undo four screws (and remove the burner.
 - Please note
 Prevent damage to the wire gauze.
 Never rest the burner on the gauze assembly!

Checking the burner gasket and burner gauze assembly

Check burner gasket A and burner gauze assembly E for damage; replace if required.





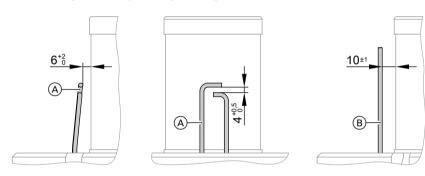


- 1. Remove electrodes (B).
- 2. Undo three retaining clips © at thermal insulation ring D and remove thermal insulation ring D.
- Undo four Torx screws and remove burner gauze assembly (E) with its gasket (F).
- **4.** Insert and secure a new burner gauze assembly (E) with a new gasket (F).

Torque: 3.5 Nm.

- **5.** Refit thermal insulation ring **D**.
- **6.** Refit electrodes (B). Torque: 4.5 Nm.

Checking and adjusting the ignition and ionisation electrodes



- (A) Ignition electrodes
- Check the electrodes for wear and contamination.
- Clean the electrodes with a small brush (not with a wire brush) or sand paper.
- B Ionisation electrode
- 3. Check the electrode gaps. If the gaps are not as specified or the electrodes are damaged, replace and align the electrodes together with new gaskets. Tighten the electrode fixing screws with 4.5 Nm torque.

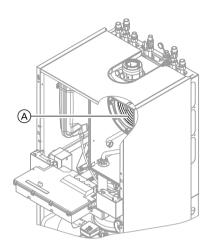
Cleaning the heat exchanger and fitting the burner

- Please note
- Scratches on parts that are in contact with flue gas can lead to corrosion.

 Never use brushes to clean the heat exchanger.

Service

Further details regarding the individual steps (cont.)



- Use a vacuum cleaner to remove deposits from heat exchanger (A) inside the combustion chamber.
- 2. If required, spray slightly acidic, chloride-free cleaning agents based on phosphoric acid onto heat exchanger (A) and let the solution soak in for approx. 20 min.

- **3.** Thoroughly flush heat exchanger (A) with water.
- **4.** Install the burner. Fit the screw with a serrated washer as well as the remaining screws, then apply torque diagonally with 8.5 Nm.
- **5.** Fit the gas supply pipe with a new gasket.
- **6.** Check the gas connections for tightness.



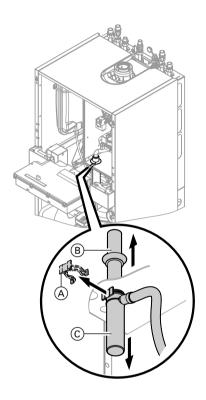
Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion.

Check all fittings for gas tightness.

7. Connect the electrical cables/leads to each corresponding component.

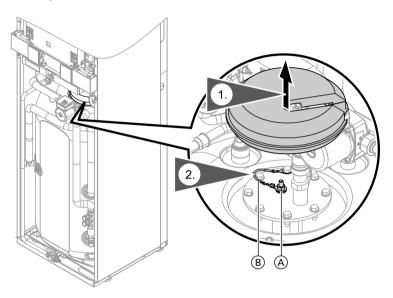
Checking the condensate drain and cleaning the siphon



- **1.** Check that the condensate can drain freely at the siphon.
- 2. Pull retaining clip (A) off.
- **3.** Pull filler pipe (B) upwards.
- **4.** Pull off trap © downwards.
- **5.** Pull the condensate hose from trap \bigcirc C.
- 6. Clean the siphon.
- **7.** Fill siphon with water and reassemble.

Checking the anode connection

Check that the earth lead is connected to the magnesium anode.



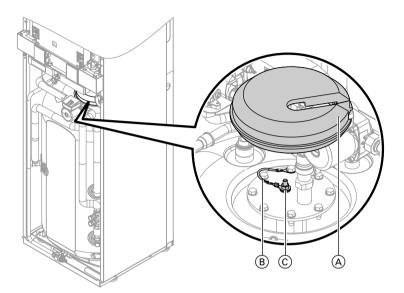
(A) Magnesium anode

B Earth cable

Testing the anode earth current with an anode tester

Note

We recommend that the magnesium anode function is checked annually. This function test can be carried out without interrupting operation, by measuring the earth current with an anode tester.

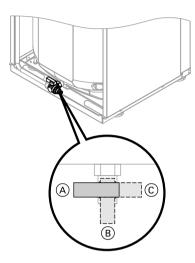


- **1.** Remove cover \triangle .
- 2. Pull earth lead (B) from tab (C).
- 3. Connect the tester (up to 5 mA) in series between tab © and earth cable (B).
 - The anode is OK if the indicated current is > 0.3 mA.
 - Visually inspect the anode if the current measures < 0.3 mA, or if there is no current at all (see page 47).

Service

Further details regarding the individual steps (cont.)

Draining the boiler on the DHW side



 Connect hose to drain valve and route into a suitable container or drain outlet.

Note

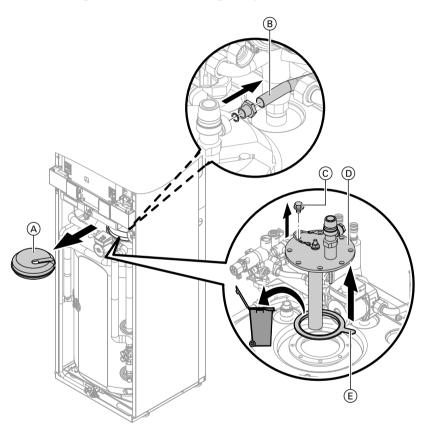
Ensure adequate ventilation in the DHW pipework.

- 2. Turn drain valve from lever position (A) to lever position (B) or (C) as required.
 - Lever position (B): Drain heating system **excluding** cylinder via the cold water connection.
 - Lever position ©: Drain heating system and cylinder via the DHW connection. Cold water connection remains filled.

Cleaning the primary store

Note

EN 806 specifies a visual inspection and (if required) cleaning every two years after commissioning and thereafter according to requirements.



- **1.** Drain the primary store.
- **2.** Remove flange lid (A).
- 3. Remove T&P valve (B).
- **4.** Undo eight screws \bigcirc and remove flange lid \bigcirc .
- **5.** Dispose of gasket (E).
- **6.** Disconnect the primary store from the pipework to prevent contamination from entering the pipe system.

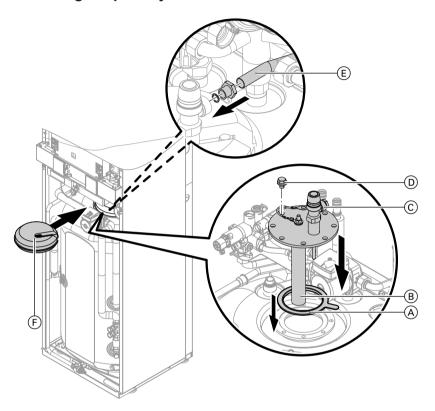
- **7.** Remove loose deposits with a high pressure cleaner.
- **9.** Thoroughly flush the primary store after cleaning.

- Please note
- When cleaning the inside, only use plastic cleaning utensils.
- Use a chemical cleaning agent to remove hard deposits that cannot be removed by a high pressure cleaner.
 - Please note
 - Never use hydrochloric acid based cleaning agents.

Checking and replacing the magnesium anode (if required)

Check the magnesium anode. If the anode is found to have degraded to 10 to 15 mm \emptyset , we recommend replacing the magnesium anode.

Returning the primary store into use

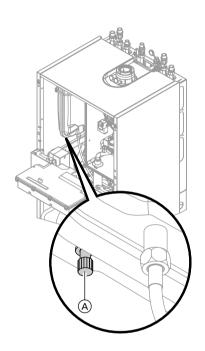


- **1.** Reconnect the primary store to the pipework.
- **2.** Insert new gasket (A) underneath flange lid (B).
- 3. Fit flange lid (B) and tighten eight screws (D) with up to 25 Nm torque.
- **4.** Push earth cable © onto the tab.
- **5.** Fit T&P valve (E).
- **6.** Fit cover (F).
- **7.** Fill the primary store with drinking water.

Service

Further details regarding the individual steps (cont.)

Checking the diaphragm expansion vessel and system pressure



Note

Carry out this test on a cold system.

- **1.** Drain the system, until the pressure gauge indicates "0".
- 2. If the diaphragm expansion vessel inlet pressure is lower than the static system pressure: Top up with nitrogen via connection (A), until the inlet pressure is 0.1 to 0.2 bar.
- 3. Top up your heating system with water and vent until the filling pressure of a cooled system is 0.1 to 0.2 bar higher than the inlet pressure of the diaphragm expansion vessel. Permiss. operating pressure: 3 bar

Checking gas equipment for tightness at operating pressure



Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion.

Check gas equipment for tightness.

Note

For the tightness test, use only suitable and approved leak detecting agents (EN 14291) and devices. Leak detecting agents with unsuitable contents (e.g. nitrides, sulphides) can lead to material damage.

Remove residues of the leak detecting agent after testing.

Checking the combustion quality

The electronic combustion controller automatically ensures an optimum combustion quality. The combustion values only need to be checked during commissioning and service. For this, check the CO₂ or O₂ content. For a description of the electronic combustion controller functions, see page 143.

Please note

To prevent operating faults and equipment damage, never operate with dirty combustion air.

CO₂ or O₂ content

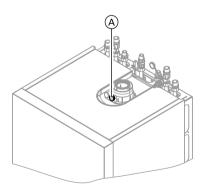
- The CO₂ content must be within the following limits for the upper and lower output:
 - 7.7 to 9.2 % for natural gas H
 - 9.3 to 10.9 % for LPG P
- For all gas types, the O₂ content must be between 4.4 and 6.9 %.

If the actual CO₂ or O₂ values lie outside their respective ranges, proceed with the following steps:

- Checking the balanced flue system for tightness, see page 37.
- Checking the ionisation electrode and connecting cable, see page 40.

Note

During commissioning, the combustion controller carries out an automatic calibration. Only test the emissions approx. 30 s after the burner has started.



- 2. Open the gas shut-off valve, start the boiler and create a heat demand.
- **3.** Select the lower output (see page 51).
- 4. Check the CO₂ content. Should the actual value deviate from the above ranges by more than 1 %, implement steps from page 50.
- **5.** Enter actual values into the service report.
- **6.** Select the upper output (see page 51).

- 7. Check the CO₂ content. Should the actual value deviate from the above ranges by more than 1 %, implement steps from page 50.
- 8. After testing, press OK.
- 9. Enter actual values into the service report.

- 2. "Actuator test"
- 3. Select the lower output: Select "Base load" "ON" and confirm with OK.
- **4.** Select the upper output: Select "Full load" "ON" and confirm with **OK**.

To set the upper/lower output:

1. Press **OK** and **≡** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.

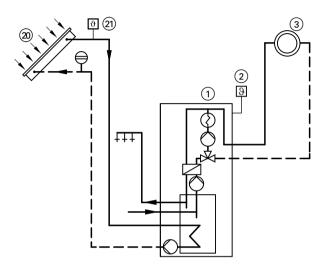
Matching the control unit to the heating system

Subject to the equipment level, the control unit must be matched to the system. Various system components are recognised automatically by the control unit and the relevant codes are adjusted automatically.

- For the selection of an appropriate scheme, see the following diagrams.
- For coding steps, see page 66.

System version 1

One heating circuit without mixer A1

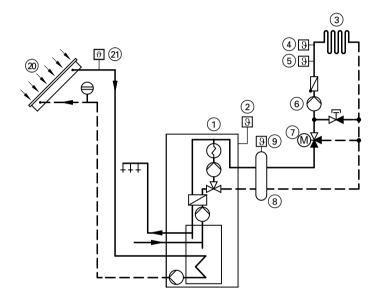


- 1 Vitodens 242-F
- ② Outside temperature sensor
- Heating circuit without mixer A1
- 20 Solar collectors
- 21 Collector temperature sensor

Function/system components	Code	
	Adjust	Delivered con- dition
Operation with LPG	82:1	82:0
System with DHW circulation pump: DHW circulation pump connection at extension AM1, terminal A2	_	34:0

System version 2

One heating circuit with mixer M2 and a low loss header



- 1 Vitodens 242-F
- 2 Outside temperature sensor
- (3) Heating circuit with mixer M2
- 4 Temperature limiter for limiting the maximum temperature of underfloor heating systems
- 5 Flow temperature sensor M2
- (6) Heating circuit pump M2

- 7 Extension kit for one heating circuit with mixer M2
- (8) Low loss header
- 9 Flow temperature sensor, low loss header
- 20 Solar collectors
- 21 Collector temperature sensor

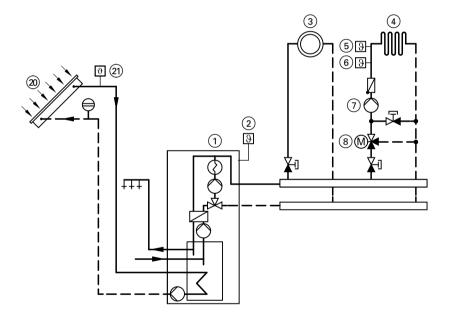
Function/system components	Code	
	Adjust	Delivered con- dition
Operation with LPG	82:1	82:0
System only with one heating circuit with mixer with extension kit for mixer with DHW heating	00:4	00:6
System with DHW circulation pump:		



Function/system components	Code	
	Adjust	Delivered con- dition
DHW circulation pump connection at extension AM1, terminal A2	_	34:0
System with low loss header	04:0	04:1

System version 3

One heating circuit without mixer A1 and one heating circuit with mixer M2



- 1 Vitodens 242-F
- 2 Outside temperature sensor
- (3) Heating circuit without mixer A1
- (4) Heating circuit with mixer M2
- (5) Temperature limiter for limiting the maximum temperature of underfloor heating systems
- (6) Flow temperature sensor M2
- 7 Heating circuit pump M2
- 8 Extension kit for one heating circuit with mixer M2
- 20 Solar collectors
- 21 Collector temperature sensor

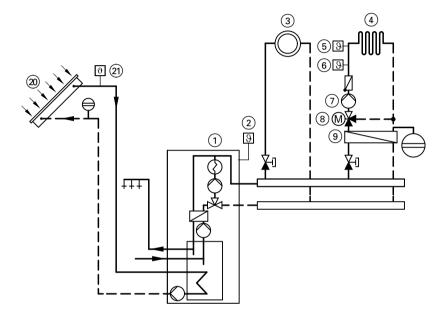
Note

The flow rate of the heating circuit without mixer must be at least 30 % greater than the flow rate of the heating circuit with mixer.

Function/system components	Code	
	Adjust	Delivered con-
		dition
Operation with LPG	82:1	82:0
System only with one heating circuit with mixer with	00:4	00:6
extension kit for mixer with DHW heating		
System with DHW circulation pump:		
DHW circulation pump connection at extension AM1,	_	34:0
terminal A2		

System version 4

One heating circuit without mixer A1, one heating circuit with mixer M2 and system separation



- 1 Vitodens 242-F
- ② Outside temperature sensor
- (3) Heating circuit without mixer A1
- 4 Heating circuit with mixer M2
- (5) Temperature limiter for limiting the maximum temperature of underfloor heating systems
- 6 Flow temperature sensor M2

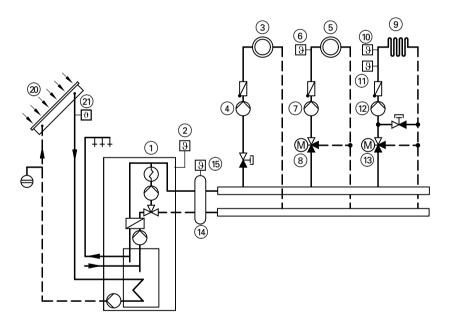
- 7 Heating circuit pump M2
- (8) Extension kit for one heating circuit with mixer M2
- 9 Heat exchanger for system separation
- 20 Solar collectors
- (21) Collector temperature sensor

Function/system components	Code	
	Adjust	Delivered con- dition
Operation with LPG	82:1	82:0
System only with one heating circuit with mixer with extension kit for mixer with DHW heating	00:4	00:6

Function/system components		Code	
	Adjust	Delivered con- dition	
System with DHW circulation pump: DHW circulation pump connection at extension AM1, terminal A2	_	34:0	

System version 5

One heating circuit without mixer A1, one heating circuit with mixer M2 (with extension kit), one heating circuit with mixer M3 (with extension kit) and low loss header (with/without DHW heating)



- 1 Vitodens 242-F
- Outside temperature sensor
- (heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1)
- 4) Heating circuit pump A1
- (5) Heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2)
- 6 Flow temperature sensor M2

- 7 Heating circuit pump M2
- Extension kit for one heating circuit with mixer M2
- (9) Heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3)
- Temperature limiter for limiting the maximum temperature of underfloor heating systems



- 11) Flow temperature sensor M3
- (12) Heating circuit pump M3
- (13) Extension kit for one heating circuit with mixer M3
- (14) Low loss header

- (15) Flow temperature sensor, low loss header
- 20 Solar collectors
- (21) Collector temperature sensor

Function/system components	C	ode
	Adjust	Delivered con- dition
Operation with LPG	82:1	82:0
System only with two heating circuits with mixer with extension kit for mixer with DHW heating	8:00	00:10
System without DHW circulation pump: Heating circuit pump A1 connection at extension AM1, terminal A1	_	33:1
System with DHW circulation pump: Heating circuit pump A1 connection at extension AM1, terminal A1	_	33:1
DHW circulation pump connection at extension AM1, terminal A2	_	34:0
System with low loss header	04:0	04:1

Adjusting the heating curves

The heating curves illustrate the relationship between the outside temperature and the boiler water or flow temperature.

To put it simply, the lower the outside temperature, the higher the boiler water or flow temperature.

The room temperature, again, depends on the boiler water or the flow temperature.

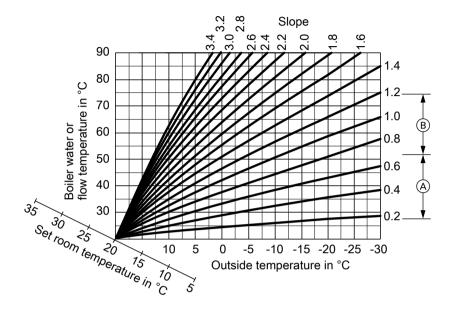
Note

If the heating system includes heating circuits with mixers, then the flow temperature of the heating circuit without mixer is higher by a selected differential (8 K in the delivered condition) than the flow temperature of the heating circuits with mixers.

The differential temperature can be changed at coding address 9F.

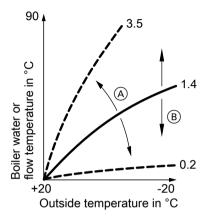
Settings in the delivered condition:

- Slope = 1.4
- Level = 0



- A Heating curve slope for underfloor heating systems
- Heating curve slope for low temperature heating systems (according to the Energy Savings Order [Germany])

Changing the slope and level



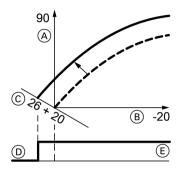
- (A) Changing the slope
- B Changing the level (vertical parallel offset of the heating curve)

Extended menu:

- 1. 🚞
- 2. "Heating"
- 3. Select heating circuit.
- 4. "Heating curve"
- 5. "Slope" or "Level"
- **6.** Select heating curve according to the system requirements.

Adjusting the set room temperature

Standard room temperature



Example 1: Adjustment of the standard room temperature from 20 to 26°C

- A Boiler water temperature or flow temperature in °C
- (B) Outside temperature in °C
- © Set room temperature in °C
- D Heating circuit pump "OFF"
- (E) Heating circuit pump "ON"

Adjustment of the standard room temperature:

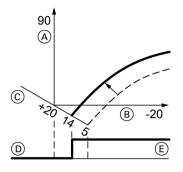


Operating instructions

Service

Further details regarding the individual steps (cont.)

Reduced room temperature



- © Set room temperature in °C
 D Heating circuit pump "OFF"
- E Heating circuit pump "ON"

Adjustment of the reduced room temperature:



Operating instructions

Example 2: Adjustment of reduced room temperature from 5 °C to 14 °C

- A Boiler water temperature or flow temperature in °C
- (B) Outside temperature in °C

Connecting the control unit to the LON

The LON communication module (accessories) must be plugged in.



Installation instructions LON communication module

Note

The data transfer via LON can take several minutes.

Single boiler system with Vitotronic 200-H and Vitocom 300 (example)

Set the LON subscriber numbers and further functions via code 2 (see the following table).

Note

In the same LON system, the same number cannot be allocated twice.

Only one Vitotronic may be program-

med as fault manager.

Boiler control unit	Vitotronic 200-H Vitotronic 200-H		Vitocom
LON	LON	LON	
Subscriber no. 1	Subscriber no. 10	Subscriber no. 11	Subscriber no.
Code "77:1"	Code "77:10"	Set code "77:11"	99
Control unit is fault	Control unit is not	Control unit is not	Device is fault
manager	fault manager	fault manager	manager
Code "79:1"	Code "79:0"	Code "79:0"	
Control unit transmits	The control unit	The control unit	Device
the time	receives the time	receives the time	receives the
Code "7b:1"	Set code "81:3"	Set code "81:3"	time
Control unit transmits	The control unit	The control unit	_
outside temperature	receives the outside	receives the outside	
Set code "97:2"	temperature	temperature	
	Set code "97:1"	Set code "97:1"	
LON subscriber fault	LON subscriber fault	LON subscriber fault	_
monitoring	monitoring	monitoring	
Code "9C:20"	Code "9C:20"	Code "9C:20"	

Carrying out a LON subscriber check

Communication with the system devices connected to the fault manager is tested with a subscriber check.

Preconditions:

- The control unit must be programmed as **fault manager** (code "79:1")
- The LON subscriber number must be programmed in all control units (see page 62)
- The LON subscriber list in the fault manager must be up to date (see page 62)

Carrying out a subscriber check:

1. Press **OK** and simultaneously for approx. 4 s.

- 2. "Service functions"
- 3. "Subscriber check"

Service

Further details regarding the individual steps (cont.)

4. Select subscriber (e.g. subscriber 10).

The subscriber check for the selected subscriber is introduced.

- Successfully tested subscribers are designated with "OK".
- Unsuccessfully tested subscribers are designated with "Not OK".

Note

To carry out a new subscriber check, create a new subscriber list with menu item "Delete list?"

Note

If the subscriber check is carried out by another control unit, the subscriber number and "Wink" are shown on the display for approx.

1 min.

Scanning and resetting the "Service" display

After the limit values specified in coding address "21" and "23" have been reached, "Service" and "" appear on the programming unit display.

Acknowledging and resetting service

Press **OK** to acknowledge a service message.

Note

An acknowledged service message that was not reset reappears the following Monday.

After a service has been carried out (reset service)

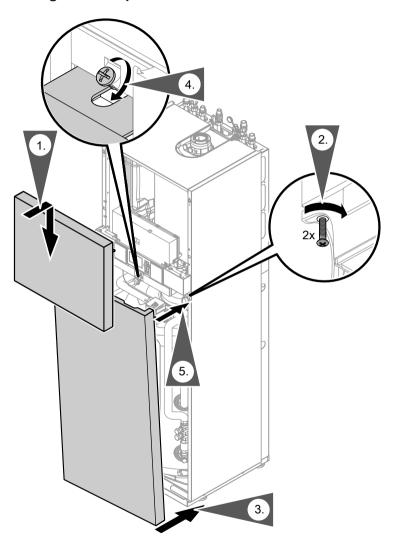
 Press OK and ≡ simultaneously for approx. 4 s.

- 2. "Service functions"
- 3. "Service reset"

Note

The selected service parameters for hours run and time interval restart at 0.

Fitting the front panels



Instructing the system user

The system installer must hand the operating instructions to the system user and instruct him/her in the operation of the system.

Code 1

Calling up coding level 1

Note

- The codes are displayed as plain text.
- Codes that have no function due to the heating system equipment level or the setting of other codes are not displayed.
- Heating systems with one heating circuit without mixer and one or two heating circuits with mixer:

The heating circuit without mixer is designated "Heating circuit 1" and the heating circuits with mixer as "Heating circuit 2" or "Heating circuit 3".

If the heating circuits were given individual designations, the selected designation and "HC1", "HC2" or "HC3" appear instead.

- Press **OK** and **\equiv**: simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Coding level 1"
- Select group of required coding address:
 - "General"
 - "Boiler"
 - "DHW"
 - "Solar"
 - "Heating circuit 1/2/3"
 - "All cod. or solar"

In this group, all coding addresses from coding level 1 (except the coding addresses from the "Solar" group) are displayed in ascending order.

- 4. Select coding address.
- **5.** Select value according to the following tables and confirm with **OK**.
- If you want to reset all codes to their delivered condition: Select "Standard setting" in "Coding level 1".

Note

This also resets codes from coding level 2.

General

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
System design			
00:2	System version 1:	00:2	For system schemes, see
	One heating circuit with-	to	the following table:
	out mixer (A1), with DHW	00:10	
	heating		

Value address 00:	System version	Description
2	1	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), with DHW heating (code is adjusted automatically)
4	2	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), with DHW heating
6	3, 4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1) and one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), with DHW heating (code is adjusted automatically)
8	5	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), with DHW heating
10	5	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), with DHW heating (code is adjusted automatically)

Code 1

General (cont.)

	e delivered condition	Possible change		
Internal circu	llation pump function	-		
51:0	System with low loss header: Internal circulation pump always starts when there is a heat demand.	51:1	System with low loss header: When there is a heat demand, the internal circulation pump will only be started when the burner is operational.	
		51:2	System with heating water buffer cylinder: When there is a heat demand, the internal circulation pump will only be started when the burner is operational.	
Subscriber n	0.			
77:1	LON subscriber number	77:2 to 77:99	LON subscriber number, adjustable from 1 to 99: 1 - 4 = Boiler 5 = Cascade 10 - 98 = Vitotronic 200-H 99 = Vitocom Note Allocate each number only once.	
Detached ho	use/apartment building			
7F:1	Detached house	7F:0	Apartment building Separate adjustment of holiday program and time program for DHW heating, as option	
Lock out con			,	
8F:0	All control elements active	8F:1	All control elements locked out	
		8F:2	Only standard settings can be controlled	

General (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Set flow temperature in case of ext. Demand			
9b:70	Set flow temperature for external demand 70 °C	9b:0 to 9b:127	Set flow temperature for external demand adjustable from 0 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific parameters)

Select boiler

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change		
Burner service in 100 hours				
21:0	No service interval (hours run) selected	21:1 to 21:100	The number of hours run before the burner should be serviced is adjustable from 100 to 10,000 h One adjusting step ≜ 100 h	
Service interval in months				
23:0	No time interval for burner service	23:1 to 23:24	Interval adjustable from 1 to 24 months	
Service st	atus			
24:0	No "Service" display	24:1	"Service" display (the address is automatically set and must be manually reset after a service has been carried out)	
Filling/Venting				
2F:0	Venting program/fill program disabled	2F:1 2F:2	Venting program enabled Fill program enabled	

Code 1

DHW

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Set DHW temp reheat suppression			
67:40	For solar DHW heating: set DHW temperature 40 °C. Reheating of DHW is suppressed above the selected set tempera- ture.	67:0 to 67:95	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 0 to 95 °C (limited by boiler-specific parameters)
Enable DHW circulation pump			
73:0	DHW circulation pump: "ON" according to time program	73:1 to 73:6	"ON" from once per hour for 5 min up to 6 times per hour for 5 min during the time program
		73:7	Constantly "ON"

Solar

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Speed contro	ol collector pump		
02:1	Solar circuit pump (multi- stage) is speed-control- led with wave pack con-	02:0	Solar circuit pump (multi- stage) is not speed-control- led
	trol	02:2	Do not adjust
Cylinder max	cimum temperature		
08:60	The solar circuit pump will stop when the actual cyl- inder temperature rea- ches 60 °C (maximum cylinder temperature).	08:10 to 08:90	The maximum cylinder temperature can be adjusted from 10 to 90 °C

Solar (cont.)

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change			
Reducing sta	Reducing stagnation time				
0A:5	To protect the system components and heat transfer medium, the speed of the solar circuit pump is reduced when the differential between the actual cylinder temperature and set cylinder temperature is less than 5 K.	0A:0 to 0A:40	The differential between the set cylinder temperature and the start point for reducing the stagnation time can be adjusted from 0 to 40 K.		
Nominal flow rate					
0F:70	The flow rate in the collector circuit at the maximum pump speed is set to 7 l/min.	0F:1 to 0F:255	Flow rate in the collector circuit adjustable from 0.1 to 25,5 l/min		

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating circuit 3

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
Summer eco function outside temperature			
With heating circuit pump logic function (economy circuit): Heating circuit pump "OFF" when the outside temperature (AT) is 1 K higher than the set room temperature (RT _{set})	A5:0 A5:1 to	Without heating circuit pump logic function With heating circuit pump logic function: Heating circuit pump "OFF"; see the following table	
	With heating circuit pump logic function (economy circuit): Heating circuit pump "OFF" when the outside temperature (AT) is 1 K higher than the set	function outside temperature With heating circuit pump logic function (economy circuit): Heating circuit pump "OFF" when the outside temperature (AT) is 1 K higher than the set room temperature (RT _{set}) A5:0 A5:1 to A5:15	

Parameter address	With heating circuit pump logic function: Heating cir-
A5:	cuit pump "OFF"
1	$AT > RT_{set} + 5 K$
2	AT > RT _{set} + 4 K
3	AT > RT _{set} + 3 K
4	AT > RT _{set} + 2 K



Code 1

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating... (cont.)

Parameter address A5:	With heating circuit pump logic function: Heating circuit pump "OFF"
5	AT > RT _{set} + 1 K
6	AT > RT _{set}
7	AT > RT _{set} - 1 K
to	
15	AT > RT _{set} - 9 K

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change		
Summer eco function absolute				
A6:36	Extended economy mode disabled	A6:5 to A6:35	Extended economy control enabled, i.e. the burner and heating circuit pump will stop and the mixer close at a variable value, adjustable between 5 and 35 °C plus 1 °C. The base value is the adjusted outside temperature. This value is based on the actual outside temperature and a time constant that takes the cooling down of an average building into consideration.	
Mixer eco fui A7:0	Without mixer economy function (only for heating circuits with mixer)	A7:1	With mixer economy function (extended heating circuit pump logic): Heating circuit pump also "OFF": If a mixer has been attempting to close for longer than 20 min. Heating circuit pump "ON": If the mixer changes to control function If there is a risk of frost	

Coding in the	e delivered condition	Possible cha	inge
Pump idle tin	ne transition red. mode	•	
A9:7	With pump idle time:	A9:0	Without pump idle time
	Heating circuit pump	A9:1	With pump idle time;
	"OFF" in case of set value	to	adjustable from 1 to 15
	modification by changing	A9:15	
	the operating mode or		
	changing the set room		
	temperature		
	pensated/room temperat		
b0:0	With remote control:	b0:1	Heating mode: weather-
	Heating mode/reduced		compensated
	mode: weather-compen-		Reduced mode: with room
	sated (change code only		temperature hook-up
	for the heating circuit with	b0:2	Heating mode: with room
	mixer)		temperature hook-up
			Reduced mode: weather-
			compensated
		b0:3	Heating mode/reduced
			mode: with room tempera-
			ture hook-up
	function room temperatu		
b5:0	With remote control: no	b5:1	Heating circuit pump logic
	room temperature-	to	function, see the following
	dependent heating circuit	b5:8	table:
	pump logic function		
	(change code only for		
	heating circuit with		
	mixer)		

Parameter	With heating circuit pump logic function:		
address b5:	Heating circuit pump "OFF"	Heating circuit pump "ON"	
1	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 5 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 4 K	
2	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 4 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 3 K	
3	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 3 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 2 K	
4	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 2 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 1 K	
5	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 1 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set}	
6	RT _{actual} > RT _{set}	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} - 1 K	
7	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} - 1 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} - 2 K	
8	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} - 2 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} - 3 K	

Code 1

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible cha	Possible change	
Flow tempera	ature minimum limit			
C5:20	Electronic minimum flow temperature limit 20 °C	C5:1 to C5:127	Minimum limit adjustable from 1 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific parameters)	
Flow tempera	ature maximum limit			
C6:74	Electronic maximum flow temperature limit set to 74 °C	C6:10 to C6:127	Maximum limit adjustable from 10 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific parameters)	
	ram - changeover		,	
d5:0	External heating program changeover changes to "Constant operation with reduced room temperature" or "Standby mode".	d5:1	The external heating program changeover changes to "Constant operation with standard room temperature" (independent of coding address 3A, 3b and 3C)	
Ext. heating	program changeover to h	eating circuit		
d8:0	No heating program changeover via extension EA1	d8:1	Heating program change- over via input DE1 at exten- sion EA1	
		d8:2	Heating program change- over via input DE2 at exten- sion EA1	
		d8:3	Heating program change- over via input DE3 at exten- sion EA1	
Screed funct	ion			
F1:0	Screed function disabled.	F1:1 to F1:6	Screed drying function adjustable in accordance with 6 optional tempera- ture/time profiles (see page 137)	
		F1:15	Constant flow temperature 20 °C	

	ne delivered condition	Possible change	
Party mode	time limit		
F2:8	Time limit for party mode	F2:0	No time limit for party
	or external heating pro-		mode*1
	gram changeover via key:	F2:1	Time limit adjustable from 1
	8 h *1	to	to 12 h*1
		F2:12	
Start tempe	rature raising		•
F8:-5	Temperature limit for ter-	F8:+10	Temperature limit adjusta-
	minating the reduced	to	ble from
	mode -5 °C, see example	F8:-60	+10 to -60 °C
	on page 140.	F8:-61	Function disabled
	Observe the setting of		
	coding address "A3"		
End temper	ature raising		
F9:-14	Temperature limit for rais-	F9:+10	Temperature limit for rais-
	ing the reduced set room	to	ing the set room tempera-
	temperature -14 °C, see	F9:-60	ture to the value selected
	example on page 140.		for standard mode adjusta-
			ble from
			+10 to -60 °C
Increase se	t flow temperature		
FA:20	Raising the set boiler	FA:0	Temperature rise adjusta-
	water temperature or the	to	ble from 0 to 50 %
	set flow temperature	FA:50	
	when changing from		
	operation with reduced		
	room temperature to		
	operation with standard		
	room temperature by		
	20 %. See example on		
	page 141.		
Duration se	t flow temperature increase	е	
Fb:30	Duration for raising the	Fb:0	Duration adjustable from 0
	set boiler water tempera-	to	to 300 min;
	ture or the set flow tem-	Fb:150	1 step ≙ 2 min
	perature (see coding		
	address "FA") 60 min.		
	See example on		
	page 141.		

^{*1} Party mode ends **automatically** in the "Heating and DHW" program, when the system changes over to operation with standard room temperature.

Calling up coding level 2

Note

- In coding level 2, all codes are accessible, including the codes from coding level 1.
- Codes that have no function due to the heating system equipment level or the setting of other codes are not displayed.
- Heating systems with one heating circuit without mixer and one or two heating circuits with mixer:

The heating circuit without mixer is designated "Heating circuit 1" and the heating circuits with mixer as "Heating circuit 2" or "Heating circuit 3".

If the heating circuits were given individual designations, the selected designation and "HC1", "HC2" or "HC3" appear instead.

- 1. Press **OK** and **\equiv** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- Press OK and simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 3. "Coding level 2"

- Select group of required coding address:
 - "General"
 - "Boiler"
 - "DHW"
 - "Solar"
 - "Heating circuit 1/2/3"
 - "All cod. or solar"

In this group, all coding addresses (except the coding addresses from the **"Solar"** group) are displayed in ascending order.

- 5. Select coding address.
- Select value according to the following tables and confirm with "OK".
- If you want to reset all codes to their delivered condition: Select "Standard setting" in "Coding level 2".

Note

This also resets codes from coding level 1.

General

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible cha	ible change	
00:2	- ,		For system schemes, see	
	One heating circuit with-	to	the following table:	
	out mixer (A1), with DHW	00:10		
	heating			

Value address 00:	System version	Description
2	1	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), with DHW heating (code is adjusted automatically)
4	2	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), with DHW heating
6	3, 4	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1) and one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2), with DHW heating (code is adjusted automatically)
8	5	One heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), with DHW heating
10	5	One heating circuit without mixer A1 (heating circuit 1), one heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2) and one heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3), with DHW heating (code is adjusted automatically)

Coding in	the delivered condition	Possible	change
11:≠9	No access to the coding addresses for the combustion controller parameters	11:9	Access open to the coding addresses for the combustion controller parameters
32:0	Without extension AM1	32:1	With extension AM1 (automatic recognition)
33:1	Function output A1 at extension AM1: Heating	33:0	Function output A1: DHW circulation pump
	circuit pump	33:2	Function output A1: Circulation pump for cylinder heating
34:0	Function output A2 at extension AM1: DHW cir-	34:1	Function output A2: Heating circuit pump
	culation pump	34:2	Function output A2: Circulation pump for cylinder heating
35:0	Without extension EA1	35:1	With extension EA1 (automatic recognition)
36:0	Function output 157 at extension EA1: Fault	36:1	Function output 157: Feed pump
	message	36:2	Function output 157: DHW circulation pump





Code 2

Coding in th	e delivered condition	Possible ch	ange
3A:0	Function input DE1 at extension EA1: without	3A:1	Function input DE1: Heat- ing program changeover
	function	3A:2	Function input DE1: External demand with set flow temperature. Function internal circulation pump: Coding address 3F
		3A:3	Function input DE1: External blocking. Function internal circulation pump: Coding address 3E
		3A:4	Function input DE1: External blocking with fault message input Function internal circulation pump: Coding address 3E
		3A:5	Function input DE1: Fault message input
		3A:6	Function input DE1: Brief operation, DHW circulation pump (pushbutton function). DHW circulation pump runtime adjustment: Coding address 3d

Coding in t	he delivered condition	Possible	change
3b:0	Function input DE2 at extension EA1: without	3b:1	Function input DE2: Heat- ing program changeover
	function	3b:2	Function input DE2: External demand with set flow temperature. Function internal circulation pump: Coding address 3F
		3b:3	Function input DE2: External blocking. Function internal circulation pump: Coding address 3E
		3b:4	Function input DE2: External blocking with fault message input Function internal circulation pump: Coding address 3E
		3b:5	Function input DE2: Fault message input
		3b:6	Function input DE2: Brief operation, DHW circulation pump (pushbutton function). DHW circulation pump runtime adjustment: Coding address 3d

Code 2

Coding in the	e delivered condition	Possible cha	ange
3C:0	Function input DE3 at extension EA1: without	3C:1	Function input DE3: Heating program changeover
	function	3C:2	Function input DE3: External demand with set flow temperature. Function internal circulation pump: Coding address 3F
		3C:3	Function input DE3: External blocking. Function internal circulation pump: Coding address 3E
		3C:4	Function input DE3: External blocking with fault message input Function internal circulation pump: Coding address 3E
		3C:5	Function input DE3: Fault message input
		3C:6	Function input DE3: Brief operation, DHW circulation pump (pushbutton function). DHW circulation pump runtime adjustment: Coding address 3d
3d:5	DHW circulation pump runtime for brief operation: 5 min	3d:1 to 3d:60	DHW circulation pump runtime adjustable from 1 to 60 min
3E:0	Internal circulation pump stays in control mode at signal "External block-	3E:1	Internal circulation pump stops at signal "External blocking"
	ing"	3E:2	Internal circulation pump starts at signal "External blocking"

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible cha	ange
3F:0	Internal circulation pump stays in control mode at signal "External	3F:1	Internal circulation pump stops at signal "External demand"
	demand"	3F:2	Internal circulation pump starts at signal "External demand"
51:0	System with low loss header: Internal circulation pump always starts when there is a heat demand.	51:1	System with low loss header: When there is a heat demand, the internal circulation pump will only be started when the burner is operational.
		51:2	System with heating water buffer cylinder: When there is a heat demand, the internal circulation pump will only be started when the burner is operational.
52:0	Without flow temperature sensor for low loss header	52:1	With flow temperature sensor for low loss header (automatic recognition)
54:3	Do not adjust		
6E:50	Do not adjust		
76:0	Without LON communication module (only for weather-compensated control units)	76:1	With LON communication module (automatic recognition)
77:1	LON subscriber number (only for weather-com- pensated control units)	77:2 to 77:99	LON subscriber number, adjustable from 1 to 99: 1 - 4 = Boiler 5 = Cascade 10 - 98 = Vitotronic 200-H 99 = Vitocom Note Allocate each number only once.

Code 2

Coding in	Coding in the delivered condition		change
79:1	With LON communication module: Control unit is fault manager (only for weather-compensated control units)	79:0	Control unit is not fault manager
7b:1	With LON communication module: The control unit transmits the time (only for weather-compensated control units)	7b:0	Does not transmit time
7F:1	Detached house (only for weather-compensated control units)	7F:0	Apartment building Separate adjustment of holiday program and time program for DHW heating as option
80:6	A fault message is dis-	80:0	Immediate fault message
	played, providing a fault	80:2	Minimum fault duration
	is active for at least 30 s	to 80:199	until fault message occurs adjustable from 10 s to 995 s; 1 step ≜ 5 s
81:1	Automatic summer/win- ter time changeover	81:0	Manual summer/winter time changeover
		81:2	Use of the radio clock receiver (automatic recognition)
		81:3	With LON communication module: The control unit receives the time
82:0	Operation with natural gas	82:1	Operation with LPG (only adjustable if coding address 11:9 has been set)
86:0	Do not adjust		
87:0	Do not adjust		
88:0	Temperature displayed in °C (Celsius)	88:1	Temperature displayed in °F (Fahrenheit)
8A:175	Do not adjust		
8F:0	All control elements active	8F:1	All control elements locked out
		8F:2	Only standard settings can be controlled

Coding in t	the delivered condition	Possible change	
90:128	Time constant for calculating the adjusted outside temperature 21.3 h	90:1 to 90:199	Fast (low values) or slow (high values) matching of the flow temperature, subject to the set value when the outside temperature changes; 1 step ≜ 10 min
94:0	Without Open Therm extension	94:1	With Open Therm extension (automatic recognition)
95:0	Without Vitocom 100 communication interface	95:1	With Vitocom 100 commu- nication interface (auto- matic recognition)
97:0	With LON communication module: The outside temperature of the sensor connected to the control unit is utilised internally (only for weather-compensated control units)	97:1	The control unit receives the outside temperature The control unit transmits the outside temperature to the Vitotronic 200-H
98:1	Viessmann system num- ber (in conjunction with monitoring of several sys- tems via Vitocom 300)	98:1 to 98:5	System number adjustable from 1 to 5
99:0	Never adjust		
9A:0	Never adjust		
9b:70	Set flow temperature for external demand 70 °C	9b:0 to 9b:127	Set flow temperature for external demand adjusta- ble from 0 to 127 °C (limited by boiler-specific parame- ters)

Code 2

Coding in the	Coding in the delivered condition		inge
9C:20	Monitoring LON subscrib-	9C:0	No monitoring
	ers.	9C:5	The time is adjustable from
	If a subscriber fails to	to	5 to 60 min
	respond, the values	9C:60	
	specified inside the con-		
	trol unit will be used after		
	20 min. Only then will a		
	fault message be issued.		
	(only for weather-com-		
	pensated control units)		
9F:8	Differential temperature	9F:0	Differential temperature
	8 K; only in conjunction	to	adjustable from 0 to 40 K
	with the mixer circuit (only	9F:40	
	for weather-compensa-		
	ted control units)		

Select boiler

Coding

Coding in the	Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
04:1	Minimum burner pause subject to the boiler load (specified by boiler coding card)	04:0	Minimum burner pause set permanently (specified by boiler coding card) Adjust for systems with low loss header.	
06:	Maximum limit of the boiler water temperature, specified in °C by the boiler coding card	06:20 to 06:127	Maximum limit of the boiler water temperature within the ranges specified by the boiler	
0d:0	Do not adjust			
0E:0	Do not adjust			
13:1	Do not adjust			
14:1	Do not adjust			
15:1	Do not adjust			

Select boiler (cont.)

Coding in the	Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
21:0	No service interval (hours run) selected	21:1 to 21:100	The number of hours run before the burner should be serviced is adjustable from 100 to 10 000 h One adjusting step ≜ 100 h	
23:0	No time interval for burner service	23:1 to 23:24	Interval adjustable from 1 to 24 months	
24:0	No "Service" display	24:1	"Service" display (the address is automatically set and must be manually reset after a service has been carried out)	
28:0	No burner interval ignition	28:1 to 28:24	Time interval adjustable from 1 h to 24 h. The burner is force-started once every 30 s (only when operating with LPG).	
2E:0	Never adjust			
2F:0	Venting program/fill program disabled	2F:1 2F:2	Venting program enabled Fill program enabled	
30:0	Never adjust			
38:0	Status burner control unit: Operational (no fault)	38:≠0	Status burner control unit: Fault	

DHW

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
56:0	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 10 to 60 °C	56:1	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 10 to above 60 °C Note Maximum value subject to boiler coding card. Observe the max. permissible DHW temperature.
58:0	Without auxiliary function for DHW heating	58:10 to 58:60	Input of a second set DHW temperature, adjustable from 10 to 60 °C (observe coding addresses "56" and "63")
5E:0	Circulation pump for cylinder heating stays in control mode at signal "External blocking"	5E:1	Circulation pump for cylinder heating stops at signal "External blocking"
		5E:2	Circulation pump for cylinder heating starts at signal "External blocking"
5F:0	Circulation pump for cyl- inder heating stays in control mode at signal	5F:1	Circulation pump for cylinder heating stops at signal "External demand"
	"External demand"	5F:2	Circulation pump for cylinder heating starts at signal "External demand"
65:	Information regarding the type of diverter valve (not adjustable): 1: Viessmann diverter valve 2: Wilo diverter valve 3: Grundfos diverter valve		

DHW (cont.)

Coding in the	e delivered condition	Possible change	
67:40	For solar DHW heating: set DHW temperature 40 °C. DHW reheating is suppressed above the selected set temperature (DHW heating blocked by the boiler).	67:0 to 67:95	Set DHW temperature adjustable from 0 to 95 °C (limited by boiler-specific parameters)
6C:100	Set speed; internal circulation pump with DHW heating 100 %	6C:0 to 6C:100	Set speed adjustable from 0 to 100 %
6F:	Maximum output for DHW heating in %, specified by the boiler coding card	6F:0 to 6F:100	Max. output for DHW heating adjustable from min. output to 100 %
71:0	DHW circulation pump: "ON" according to time	71:1	"OFF" during DHW heating to the first set value
	program	71:2	"ON" during DHW heating to the first set value
72:0	DHW circulation pump: "ON" according to time	72:1	"OFF" during DHW heating to the second set value
	program	72:2	"ON" during DHW heating to the second set value
73:0	DHW circulation pump: "ON" according to time program	73:1 to 73:6	"ON" from once per hour for 5 min up to 6 times per hour for 5 min during the time program
		73:7	Constantly "ON"

Solar

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
00:8	The solar circuit pump	00:2	The differential between
	starts when the collector	to	the actual cylinder temper-
	temperature exceeds the	00:30	ature and the start point for
	actual cylinder tempera-		the solar circuit pump can
	ture by 8 K.		be adjusted from 2 to 30 K.
01:4	The solar circuit pump	01:1	The differential between
	stops when the differen-	to	the actual cylinder temper-
	tial between the collector	01:29	ature and the stop point for
	temperature and the		the solar circuit pump can
	actual cylinder tempera-		be adjusted from 1 to
	ture is less than 4 K.		29 K.
02:1	Solar circuit pump (multi-	02:0	Solar circuit pump (multi-
	stage) is speed-control-		stage) is not speed-control-
	led with wave pack con-		led
	trol	02:2	Do not adjust
03:10	The temperature differen-	03:5	The differential tempera-
	tial between the collector	to	ture control between col-
	temperature and actual	03:20	lector temperature and
	cylinder temperature is		actual cylinder tempera-
	regulated to 10 K.		ture can be adjusted from 5 to 20 K
04:4	Controller amplification of	04:1	Controller amplification
	the speed control 4 %/K.	to	adjustable from 1 to
		04:10	10 %/K
05:10	Minimum speed of the	05:2	Minimum speed of the
	solar circuit pump 10 % of	to	solar circuit pump is adjust-
	the maximum speed	05:100	able from 2 to 100 %
06:75	Maximum speed of the	06:2	Maximum speed of the
	solar circuit pump 75 % of	to	solar circuit pump is adjust-
	the maximum possible speed	06:100	able from 2 to 100 %

Solar (cont.)

Coding in	the delivered condition	Possible change	
07:0	Interval function of the solar circuit pump switched off	07:1	Interval function of the solar circuit pump switched on. To capture the collector temperature more accurately, the solar circuit pump starts for short cycles.
08:60	The solar circuit pump will stop when the actual cylinder temperature reaches 60 °C (maximum cylinder temperature).	08:10 to 08:90	The maximum cylinder temperature can be adjusted from 10 to 90 °C
09:130	The solar circuit pump will be switched off when the collector temperature reaches 130 °C.	09:20 to 09:200	The temperature can be adjusted from 20 to 200 °C
0A:5	To protect the system components and heat transfer medium, the speed of the solar circuit pump is reduced when the differential between the actual cylinder temperature and set cylinder temperature is less than 5 K.	0A:0 to 0A:40	The differential between the set cylinder temperature and the start point for reducing the stagnation time can be adjusted from 0 to 40 K.
0b:0	Collector frost protection function switched off	0b:1	Collector frost protection function switched on (not required with Viessmann heat transfer medium).
0C:1	Delta T monitoring switched on. No flow rate captured in the collector circuit, or flow rate too low.	0C:0	Delta T monitoring switched off.
0d:1	Night circulation monitoring switched on. Unintentional flow rate is captured in the collector circuit (e.g. at night).	0d:0	Night circulation monitoring switched OFF.

Code 2

Solar (cont.)

Coding in th	e delivered condition	Possible cha	ange
0E:1	Calculation of solar yield with Viessmann heat transfer medium	0E:2	Calculation of solar yield with heat transfer medium water (do not adjust)
		0E:0	Calculation of solar yield switched off
0F:70	The flow rate in the collector circuit at the maximum pump speed is set to 7 l/min.	0F:1 to 0F:255	Flow rate in the collector circuit adjustable from 0.1 to 25,5 l/min
10:0	Target temperature control switched off (see coding address 11)	10:1	Target temperature control switched on
11:50	Set cylinder temperature for solar 50 °C. Target temperature control switched on (code 10:1): Temperature at which the solar heated water in the DHW cylinder is to be stratified.	11:10 to 11:90	The set cylinder temperature for solar can be adjusted from 10 to 90 °C
12:20	Minimum collector temperature 20 °C. The solar circuit pump is not started until the minimum collector temperature set at the collector temperature sensor is exceeded.	12:0 12:1 to 12:90	Minimum collector temperature function switched off The minimum collector temperature can be adjusted from 1 to 90 °C

Heating circuit 1, heating circuit 2, heating circuit 3

Coding

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
A0:0	Without remote control	A0:1	With Vitotrol 200A (automatic recognition)
		A0:2	With Vitotrol 300A or Vitohome 300 (automatic recognition)
A1:0	All possible settings at the remote control can be accessed	A1:1	Only party mode can be set at the remote control (only for Vitotrol 200A)
A3:2	Outside temperature below 1 °C: Heating cir- cuit pump "ON" Outside temperature above 3 °C: Heating cir- cuit pump "OFF"	A3:-9 to A3:15	Heating circuit pump "ON/ OFF" (see the following table)

Please note

If a value below 1 °C is selected, there is a risk that pipes outside the thermal envelope of the house could freeze up.

The standby mode, in particular, should be taken into consideration, e.g. during holidays.

Parameter	Heating circuit p	ump
Address A3:	"ON"	"OFF"
-9	-10 °C	-8 °C
-8	-9 °C	-7 °C
-9 -8 -7 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0	-8 °C	-6 °C
-6	-7 °C	-5 °C
-5	-6 °C	-4 °C
-4	-5 °C	-3 °C
-3	-4 °C	-2 °C
-2	-3 °C	-1 °C
-1	-2 °C	0 °C
0	-1 °C	1 °C
1	0 °C	2 °C
2	1 °C	3 °C
to	to	to
15	14 °C	16 °C

Code 2

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change	
A4:0	With frost protection	A4:1	No frost protection; this setting is only possible if code "A3:-9" has been selected. Note See "Please note" regarding coding address "A3"
A5:5	With heating circuit pump logic function (economy circuit): Heating circuit pump "OFF" when the outside temperature (AT) is 1 K higher than the set room temperature (RT _{set}) AT > RT _{set} + 1 K	A5:0 A5:1 to A5:15	Without heating circuit pump logic function With heating circuit pump logic function: Heating circuit pump "OFF"; see the following table

Parameter address	With heating circuit pump logic function: Heating cir-
A5:	cuit pump "OFF"
1	AT > RT _{set} + 5 K
2	AT > RT _{set} + 4 K
3	AT > RT _{set} + 3 K
4	AT > RT _{set} + 2 K
5	AT > RT _{set} + 1 K
6	AT > RT _{set}
7	AT > RT _{set} - 1 K
to	
15	$AT > RT_{set} - 9 K$

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change		
A6:36	Extended economy mode disabled	A6:5 to A6:35	Extended economy contro enabled, i.e. the burner and heating circuit pump will stop and the mixer close at a variable value, adjustable between 5 and 35 °C plus 1 °C. The base value is the adjusted outside temperature. This value is based or the actual outside temperature and a time constant that takes the cooling down of an average building into consideration.	
A7:0	Without mixer economy function (only for heating circuits with mixer)	A7:1	With mixer economy function (extended heating circuit pump logic): Heating circuit pump also "OFF": If a mixer has been attempting to close for longer than 20 min. Heating circuit pump "ON": If the mixer changes to control function If there is a risk of frost	
A8:1	Heating circuit with mixer creates a demand for the internal circulation pump	A8:0	Heating circuit with mixer creates no demand for the internal circulation pump	
A9:7	With pump idle time: Heating circuit pump "OFF" in case of set value modification by changing the operating mode or changing the set room temperature	A9:0 A9:1 to A9:15	Without pump idle time With pump idle time; adjustable from 1 to 15	

Code 2

Coding in	the delivered condition	Possible cha	ange
b0:0	With remote control: Heating mode/reduced mode: weather-compen- sated (change code only	b0:1	Heating mode: weather- compensated Reduced mode: with room temperature hook-up
	for the heating circuit with mixer)	b0:2	Heating mode: with room temperature hook-up Reduced mode: weather- compensated
		b0:3	Heating mode/reduced mode: with room temperature hook-up
b2:8	With remote control and for the heating circuit, operation with room temperature hook-up must be programmed: Room influence factor 8 (change code only for heating circuit with mixer)	b2:0 b2:1 to b2:64	Without room influence Room influence factor adjustable from 1 to 64
b5:0	With remote control: no room temperature-dependent heating circuit pump logic function (change code only for heating circuit with mixer)	b5:1 to b5:8	Heating circuit pump logic function, see the following table:

Parameter	With heating circuit pump logic function:				
address b5:	Heating circuit pump "OFF"	Heating circuit pump "ON"			
1	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 5 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 4 K			
2	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 4 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 3 K			
3	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 3 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 2 K			
4	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 2 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} + 1 K			
5	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} + 1 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set}			
6	RT _{actual} > RT _{set}	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} - 1 K			
7	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} - 1 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} - 2 K			
8	RT _{actual} > RT _{set} - 2 K	RT _{actual} < RT _{set} - 3 K			

Coding in th	e delivered condition	Possible change		
C5:20	Electronic minimum flow	C5:1	Minimum limit adjustable	
	temperature limit 20 °C	to	from 1 to 127 °C (limited by	
		C5:127	boiler-specific parameters)	
C6:74	Electronic maximum flow	C6:10	Maximum limit adjustable	
	temperature limit set to	to	from 10 to 127 °C (limited	
	74 °C	C6:127	by boiler-specific parameters)	
d3:14	Heating curve slope =	d3:2	Heating curve slope adjust-	
	1.4	to	able from 0.2 to 3.5 (see	
		d3:35	page 58)	
d4:0	Heating curve level = 0	d4:-13	Heating curve level adjust-	
		to	able from -13 to 40 (see	
		d4:40	page 58)	
d5:0	External heating program	d5:1	The external heating pro-	
	changeover changes to		gram changeover changes	
	"Constant operation with		to "Constant operation with	
	reduced room tempera-		standard room tempera-	
	ture" or "Standby mode"		ture" (independent of cod-	
			ing address 3A, 3b and 3C)	
d6:0	Heating circuit pump	d6:1	Heating circuit pump stops	
uo.u	stays in control mode at	uo. 1	at signal "External block-	
	signal "External block-		ing" (subject to coding	
	ing"		addresses 3A, 3b and 3C)	
	1119	d6:2	Heating circuit pump starts	
		40.2	at signal "External block-	
			ing" (subject to coding	
			addresses 3A, 3b and 3C)	
d7:0	Heating circuit pump	d7:1	Heating circuit pump stops	
	stays in control mode at		at signal "External	
	signal "External		demand" (subject to coding	
	demand"		addresses 3A, 3b and 3C)	
		d7:2	Heating circuit pump starts	
			at signal "External	
			demand" (subject to coding	
			addresses 3A, 3b and 3C)	

Code 2

Coding in the delivered condition		Possible change		
d8:0	No heating program changeover via extension EA1	d8:1	Heating program change- over via input DE1 at exten- sion EA1	
		d8:2	Heating program change- over via input DE2 at exten- sion EA1	
		d8:3	Heating program change- over via input DE3 at exten- sion EA1	
E1:1	Do not adjust			
E2:50	With remote control: No display correction of the	E2:0 to	Display correction –5 K to	
	actual room temperature	E2:49	Display correction –0.1 K	
		E2:51	Display correction +0.1 K	
		to	to	
FF.0	NACAL CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	E2:99	Display correction +4.9 K	
E5:0	Without external, variable speed heating circuit pump			
F1:0	Screed function disabled	F1:1 to F1:6	Screed drying function adjustable in accordance with 6 optional tempera- ture/time profiles (see page 137)	
		F1:15	Constant flow temperature 20 °C	
F2:8	Time limit for party mode or external heating pro-	F2:0	No time limit for party mode ^{*1}	
	gram changeover via key: 8 h *1	F2:1 to F2:12	Time limit adjustable from 1 to 12 h*1	
F8:-5	Temperature limit for terminating the reduced mode -5 °C, see example	F8:+10 to F8:-60	Temperature limit adjusta- ble from +10 to -60 °C	
	on page 140. Observe the setting of coding address "A3"	F8:-61	Function disabled	

^{*1} Party mode ends **automatically** in the "Heating and DHW" program, when the system changes over to operation with standard room temperature.

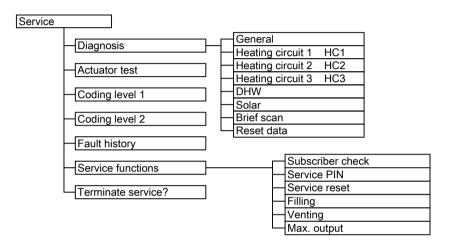
Coding in the	e delivered condition	Possible cha	inge
F9:-14	Temperature limit for raising the reduced set room temperature -14 °C, see example on page 140.	F9:+10 to F9:-60	Temperature limit for raising the set room temperature to the value selected for standard mode adjustable from +10 to -60 °C
FA:20	Raising the set boiler water temperature or the set flow temperature when changing from operation with reduced room temperature to operation with standard room temperature by 20 %. See example on page 141	FA:0 to FA:50	Temperature rise adjustable from 0 to 50 %
Fb:30	Duration for raising the set boiler water temperature or the set flow temperature (see coding address "FA") 60 min. See example on page 141.	Fb:0 to Fb:150	Duration adjustable from 0 to 300 min; 1 step ≙ 2 min

Diagnosis and service scans

Calling up the service menu

Press **OK** and **\equiv** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.

Service menu overview



Diagnosis

Scanning operating data

Operating data can be scanned in six areas. See "Diagnosis" in the service menu overview.

Operating data on heating circuits with mixers and solar can only be scanned if the components are installed in the system.

For further information on operating data, see chapter "Brief scan".

Note

"---" appears on the display if a sensor that has been scanned is faulty.

Calling up operating data

- 1. Press **OK** and **\equiv** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Diagnosis"
- Select required group, e.g. "General".

Diagnosis (cont.)

Resetting operating data

Saved operating data (e.g. hours run) can be reset to 0. The value "Adjusted outside temp" is reset to the actual value.

- 1. Press **OK** and **\equiv** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 3. "Reset data"

2. "Diagnosis"

4. Select required value (e.g. "Burner starts") or "All details".

Brief scan

In the brief scan, you can scan temperatures, software versions and connected components, for example.

- 1. Press **OK** and **\equiv** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Diagnosis"
- 3. "Brief scan".
- Press OK. The display shows 9 lines with 6 fields each.



For an explanation of the relevant values in the individual lines and fields, see the following table:

Line (brief scan)	Field					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
1:	Software version Control unit		Equipment version		Burner control unit version	
2:	System scheme 01 to 10		Number of KM BUS sub-	Maximum	demand ten	nperature

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Diagnosis (cont.)

Line (brief scan)	Field					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
3:		Software	Software	Software	Software	0
		version	version	version	version	
		Program-	Mixer	Solar con-	LON	
		ming unit	exten-	trol mod-	module	
			sion	ule SM1		
			0: No			
			mixer			
			exten-			
			sion			
4:	Software version		Туре		Appliance type	
	Burner cor	trol unit	Burner control unit			
5:	0	0		0	0	0
6:	Number of	LON sub-	Check	eck Max. output		
	scribers		digit	Details in 9	6	
	Heating ci	rcuit A1	Heating c	ircuit M2	Heating c	
	(without n	nixer)	(with mixe	er)	(with mixe	er)
7:	Remote	Software	Remote	Software	Remote	Software
	control	version	control	version	control	version
	0: w/o	Remote	0: w/o	Remote	0: w/o	Remote
	1: Vitotrol	control	1: Vitotrol	control	1: Vitotrol	control
	200A	0: no	200A	0: no	200A	0: no
	2: Vitotrol	remote	2: Vitotrol	remote	2: Vitotrol	remote con-
	300A	control	300A	control	300A	trol
	or		or		or	
	Vitohome		Vitohome		Vitohome	

Diagnosis (cont.)

Line (brief scan)	Field					
	1	2	3	4	5	6
	Internal circulation pump		Heating circuit pump, heating circuit M2		Heating circuit pump, heating circuit M3	
8:	Variable speed pump 0: without 1: Wilo 2: Grund- fos	Software version variable speed pump 0: no var- iable speed pump	Variable speed pump 0: with- out 1: Wilo 2: Grund- fos	Software version Variable speed pump 0: no vari- able speed pump	Variable speed pump 0: with- out 1: Wilo 2: Grund- fos	Software version Variable speed pump 0: no varia- ble speed pump
9:	Internal de	tails for calil	oration		Software version Exten- sion AM1	Software version Extension EA1

Checking outputs (actuator test)

1. Press **OK** and **\equiv** simultaneously for approx. 4 s.

2. "Actuator test"

The following relay outputs can be controlled subject to system design:

Display	Explanation
Base load start	Burner operates at minimum output; internal pump starts
Full load start	Burner operates at maximum output; internal pump
Outo internal start	starts
Outp. internal start	Internal output 20 (internal pump) enabled
Start valve heating	Diverter valve set to heating mode
Start valve centre	Diverter valve in central position (filling/draining)
Start valve cylinder	Diverter valve set to DHW mode
Htg circ pump HC2 start	Heating circuit pump output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Mixer HC2 open	"Mixer open" output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Mixer HC2 close	"Mixer close" output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)



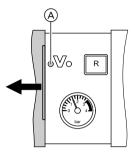
Diagnosis and service scans

Checking outputs (actuator test) (cont.)

Display	Explanation
Htg circ pump HC3 start	Heating circuit pump output enabled (extension to heat-
	ing circuit with mixer)
Mixer HC3 open	"Mixer open" output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Mixer HC3 close	"Mixer close" output enabled (extension to heating circuit with mixer)
Outp. int. exten. H1 start	Output at internal extension enabled
AM1 output 1 start	Output A1 at extension AM1 enabled
AM1 output 2 start	Output A2 at extension AM1 enabled
EA1 output 1 start	Contacts P - S at plug 157 for extension EA1 closed
Solar circuit pump start	Solar circuit pump 24 output at solar control module SM1 enabled
Solar circ pmp min start	Solar circuit pump output at solar control module SM1 switched to minimum speed
Solar circ pmp max start	Solar circuit pump output at solar control module SM1 switched to maximum speed

Fault display

If there is a fault, the red fault indicator (A) flashes. "A" flashes on the display and "Fault" is shown.



The fault code is displayed with **OK**. For an explanation of the fault code, see the following pages.

For some faults, the type of fault is also displayed in plain text.

Acknowledging a fault

Follow the instructions on the display.

Note

The fault message is shown in the standard display of the short menu.

If a fault messaging facility is connected, it will be switched off.

If an acknowledged fault is not remedied, the fault message will be re-displayed the following day and the fault message facility restarted.

Calling up acknowledged faults

Select **"Fault"** in the standard menu. The current faults will be displayed in a list.

Calling up fault codes from the fault memory (fault history)

The 10 most recent faults (including resolved ones) are saved and can be scanned.

Faults are sorted by date.

- Press **OK** and simultaneously for approx. 4 s.
- 2. "Fault history"
- 3. "Display?"

Fault codes

Displayed fault code	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
10	Regulates as if the outside temperature was 0 °C	Short circuit, out- side temperature sensor	Check the outside temperature sensor (see page 116).
18	Regulates as if the outside temperature was 0 °C	Lead break, out- side temperature sensor	Check the outside temperature sensor (see page 116).
20	Regulates without flow temperature sensor (low loss header)	Short circuit, system flow temperature sensor	Check the low loss header sensor (see page 117)
28	Regulates without flow temperature sensor (low loss header)	Lead break, system flow temperature sensor	Check the low loss header sensor (see page 117)
30	Burner blocked	Short circuit, boiler water temperature sensor	Check the boiler water temperature sensor (see page 117)
38	Burner blocked	Lead break, boiler water temperature sensor	Check the boiler water temperature sensor (see page 117)
40	Mixer closes	Short circuit, flow temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check flow temperature sensor
44	Mixer closes	Short circuit, flow temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check flow temperature sensor
48	Mixer closes	Lead break, flow temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check flow temperature sensor
4C	Mixer closes	Lead break, flow temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check flow temperature sensor
50	No DHW heating	Short circuit, cylinder temperature sensor	Check sensors (see page 117)

Displayed fault code	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
51	No DHW heating	Short circuit, outlet temperature sensor	Check sensors (see page 117)
58	No DHW heating	Lead break, cylin- der temperature sensor	Check sensors (see page 117)
59	No DHW heating	Lead break, outlet temperature sensor	Check sensors (see page 117)
92	No DHW heating	Short circuit, collector temperature sensor (connection to the solar control module)	Check sensor 6 to the solar control module.
94	No solar DHW heating	Short circuit, cylinder temperature sensor (connection to the solar control module)	Check sensor 5 to the solar control module.
9A	No solar DHW heating	Lead break, collector temperature sensor (connection to the solar control module)	Check sensor 6 to the solar control module.
9C	No solar DHW heating	Lead break, cylinder temperature sensor (connection to the solar control module)	Check sensor 5 to the solar control module.
9E	Control mode	No flow rate in the collector circuit or flow rate too low, or temperature limiter has responded	Check solar circuit pump and solar circuit. Acknowl- edge fault message.
9F	Control mode	Solar control mod- ule fault	Replace solar control module
A2	Emergency mode in case of insufficient system pressure	System pressure too low	Top up with water

Troubleshooting

Displayed fault code	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
Ā4	Control mode	Max. system pressure exceeded	Check system pressure. Check the function and sizing of the diaphragm expansion vessel. Vent the heating system. Coding address "0E" (group boiler/1) is set to "1" to document the fault. After the fault has been removed, reset manually to "0".
A7	Control mode as per delivered condition	Programming unit faulty	Replace programming unit
A8	Burner blocked. The venting program is started automatically (see page 66)	Air lock in the inter- nal circulation pump or minimum flow rate not ach- ieved	Vent the system if the fault message continues to be displayed
A9	The burner operates at its lower output if a heating circuit with mixer is connected. The burner is blocked if only one heating circuit without mixer is connected.	Internal circulation pump blocked	Check the circulation pump
b0	Burner blocked	Short circuit, flue gas temperature sensor	Check the flue gas tem- perature sensor
b1	Control mode as per delivered condition	Communication error, program- ming unit	Check connections and replace the programming unit if required
b4	Regulates as if the outside temperature was 0 °C	Internal fault	Replace the control unit
b5	Control mode as per delivered condition	Internal fault	Replace the control unit
b7	Burner blocked	Boiler coding card faulty	Plug in boiler coding card or replace, if faulty

Displayed fault code	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
b8	Burner blocked	Lead break, flue gas temperature sensor	Check the flue gas temperature sensor
bA	Mixer regulates to 20 °C flow temperature.	Communication error, extension kit for heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check the extension kit connections and coding
bb	Mixer regulates to 20 °C flow temperature.	Communication error, extension kit for heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check the extension kit connections and coding
bC	Control mode without remote control	Communication error, remote con- trol Vitotrol heating circuit 1 (without mixer)	Check connections, lead, coding address "A0" and remote control settings (see page 143).
bd	Control mode without remote control	Communication error, remote con- trol Vitotrol heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check connections, lead, coding address "A0" and remote control settings (see page 143).
bE	Control mode without remote control	Communication error, remote con- trol Vitotrol heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check connections, lead, coding address "A0" and remote control settings (see page 143).
bF	Control mode	Incorrect LON communication module	Replace the LON communication module
C1	Control mode	Communication error extension EA1	Check electrical connections
C2	Control mode	Solar control mod- ule communication fault	Check solar control mod- ule
C3	Control mode	Extension AM1 communication error	Check electrical connections



Displayed fault code	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
C4	Control mode	Communication error, Open Therm extension	Check Open Therm extension
Cd	Control mode	Communication error, Vitocom 100 (KM BUS)	Check connections, Vitocom 100 and coding address "95"
CF	Control mode	Communication error, LON com- munication module	Replace the LON commu- nication module
d6	Control mode	Input DE1 reports a fault at extension EA1	Remove fault at the appliance concerned
d7	Control mode	Input DE2 at extension EA1 reports a fault	Remove fault at the appliance concerned
d8	Control mode	Input DE3 at extension EA1 reports a fault	Remove fault at the appliance concerned
dA	Control mode without room influence	Short circuit, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 1 (without mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 1
db	Control mode without room influence	Short circuit, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 2
dC	Control mode without room influence	Short circuit, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 3
dd	Control mode without room influence	Lead break, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 1 (without mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 1 and remote control DIP switch settings (see page 143)
dE	Control mode without room influence	Lead break, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 2 (with mixer)	Check room temperature sensor, heating circuit 2 and remote control DIP switch settings (see page 143)

Fault codes (cont.)

Displayed fault code	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
dF	Control mode without room influence	Lead break, room temperature sen- sor, heating circuit 3 (with mixer)	Check room temperature sensor for heating circuit 3 and remote control set- tings (see page 143)
E0	Control mode	Fault external LON subscriber	Check connections and LON subscribers
E1	Burner in a fault state	lonisation current too high during cal- ibration	Check gap between ionisation electrode and burner gauze assembly (see page 40). In open flue mode, prevent very dusty conditions for the combustion air. Press reset button R .
E3	Burner in a fault state	Heat transfer too low during calibra- tion. Temperature lim- iter caused shut- down.	Ensure adequate heat transfer. Press reset button R .
E4	Burner blocked	Fault, supply voltage 24 V	Replace the control unit.
E5	Burner blocked	Fault, flame ampli- fier	Replace the control unit.
E6	Burner blocked	System pressure too low	Top up with water.
E7	Burner in a fault state	Ionisation current too low during cali- bration	Check ionisation electrode: Distance to burner gauze assembly (see page 40) Contamination of electrode Connecting lead and plug-in connections Check flue system; remedy flue gas recirculation if required. Press reset button R.

Troubleshooting

Fault codes (cont.)

Displayed fault code	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
E8	Burner in a fault state	The ionisation current lies outside the permissible range	Check gas supply (gas pressure and gas flow limiter), gas train and connecting lead. Check allocation of gas type (see page 32). Check ionisation electrode: Distance to burner gauze assembly (see page 40) Contamination of electrode
EA	Burner in a fault state	Ionisation current outside the permis- sible range during calibration (devia- tion from previous level too great)	Press reset button R. Check flue system; remedy flue gas recirculation if required. In open flue mode, prevent very dusty conditions for the combustion air. Press reset button R. Following several unsuccessful reset attempts, replace boiler coding card and press reset button R.
Eb	Burner in a fault state	Repeated flame loss during calibra- tion	Check gap between ionisation electrode and burner gauze assembly (see page 40). Check allocation of gas type (see page 32). Check flue system; remedy flue gas recirculation if required. Press reset button R .

Fault codes (cont.)

Ed EE	Burner in a fault state Burner in a fault	Parameter fault during calibration	Press reset button R or Replace boiler coding card and press reset but-
			ton R .
EE	state	Internal fault	Replace the control unit.
	Burner in a fault state	Flame signal is not present or too weak at burner start	Check gas supply (gas pressure and gas flow limiter); check gas train. Check the ionisation electrode and connecting cable. Checking ignition: Connecting leads to ignition module and ignition electrode Distance to ignition electrode and contamination (see page 40). Check condensate drain. Press reset button R.
EF	Burner in a fault state	The flame is lost immediately after it has built (during the safety time).	Check gas supply (gas pressure and gas flow limiter). Check flue gas/ventilation air system for flue gas recirculation. Check ionisation electrode (replace if required): Distance to burner gauze assembly (see page 40) Contamination of electrode Contamination of electrode

Troubleshooting

Fault codes (cont.)

Displayed fault code	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
F0	Burner blocked	Internal fault	Replace the control unit.
F1	Burner in a fault state	Flue gas temperature limiter has responded.	Check the heating system fill level. Vent the system. Press reset button R after the flue system has cooled down.
F2	Burner in a fault state	The temperature limiter has responded.	Check the heating system fill level. Check the circulation pump. Vent the system. Check the temperature limiter and connecting cables. Press reset button R .
F3	Burner in a fault state	Flame signal is already present at burner start.	Check the ionisation electrode and connecting cable. Press reset button R .
F7	Burner blocked	Short circuit or lead break, water pressure sensor	Check the water pressure sensor and the connecting cable.
F8	Burner in a fault state	The fuel valve closes too late.	Check the gas train. Check both control paths. Press reset button R .
F9	Burner in a fault state	Fan speed too low during burner start	Check the fan, the fan connecting cables and power supply; check the fan control. Press reset button R .
FA	Burner in a fault state	Fan not at stand- still	Check the fan, fan connecting cables and fan control. Press reset button R .
FC	Burner in a fault state	Gas train faulty or faulty modulation valve control or flue gas path blocked	Check the gas train. Check the flue gas system. Press reset button R .

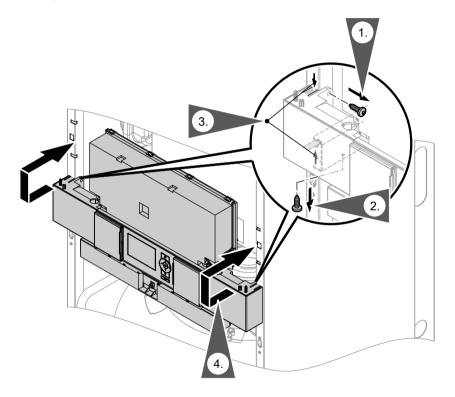
Fault codes (cont.)

Displayed fault code	System characteristics	Cause	Measures
Fd	Burner in a fault state	Fault, burner control unit	Check ignition electrodes and connecting cables. Check whether a strong interference (EMC) field exists near the appliance. Press reset button R . Replace control unit if the fault persists.
FE	Burner blocked or in a fault state	Boiler coding card or main PCB faulty	Press reset button R . Replace boiler coding card or control unit if the fault persists.
FF	Burner blocked or in a fault state	Internal fault or reset button R blocked	Start the appliance again. Replace the control unit if the appliance will not restart.

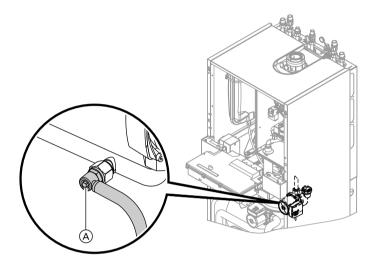
Repairs

Putting control unit in maintenance position

If required for commissioning and servicing, the control unit can be put in a different position.



Draining the boiler on the heating water side

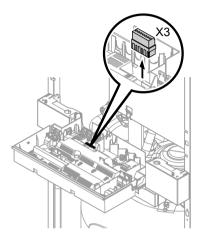


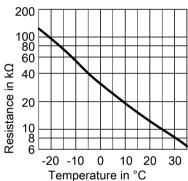
- **1.** Close the shut-off valves on the heating water side.
- **2.** Route hose at drain valve (A) into a suitable container or drain outlet.
- **3.** Open drain valve (A) and drain the boiler as much as required.

Troubleshooting

Repairs (cont.)

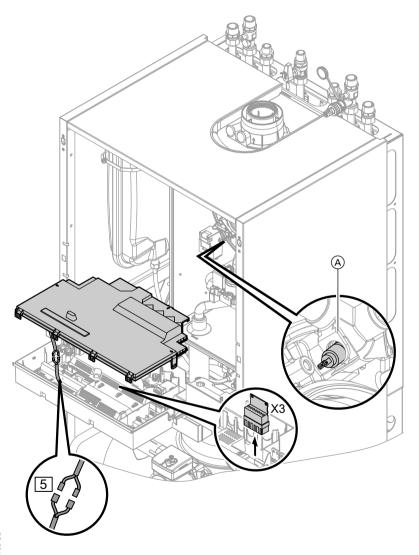
Checking the outside temperature sensor





- 1. Pull plug "X3" from the control unit.
- 2. Test the resistance of the outside temperature sensor across terminals "X3.1" and "X3.2" on the disconnected plug and compare it with the curve.
- Where actual values deviate severely from the curve values, disconnect the wires at the sensor and repeat test on the sensor itself.
- **4.** Subject to result, replace the lead or the outside temperature sensor.

Checking the boiler water temperature sensor, cylinder temperature sensor or flow temperature sensor of the low loss header





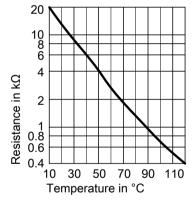
- Boiler water temperature sensor
 Pull the leads from boiler water
 temperature sensor (A) and check
 the resistance.
 - Cylinder temperature sensor
 Pull plug 5 from the cable harness at the control unit and check the resistance.
 - Flow temperature sensor
 Pull plug "X3" from the control unit
 and check the resistance across
 terminals "X3.4" and "X3.5".
- Check the sensor resistance and compare the actual values with the curve.
- 3. Replace the sensor in case of severe deviation.



Danger

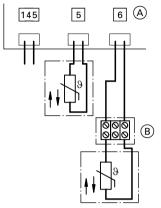
The boiler water temperature sensor is immersed in the heating water (risk of scalding).

Drain the boiler on the heating water side before replacing the sensor.



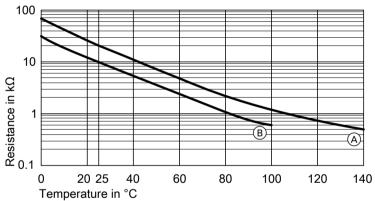
Checking collector temperature sensor or cylinder temperature sensor on the solar control module

The solar control module is attached to the l.h. side of the air box.



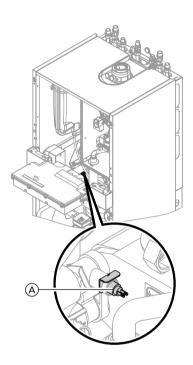
- - Collector temperature sensor
 Disconnect lead from terminal box

 (B) and measure its resistance.

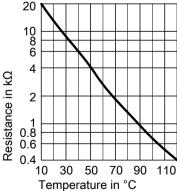


- A Collector temperature sensor
- B Cylinder temperature sensor
- **2.** Compare the sensor resistance with the curve.
- Replace the sensor in case of severe deviation.

Checking the outlet temperature sensor



1. Pull the leads from outlet temperature sensor (A).



- **2.** Check the sensor resistance and compare it with the curve.
- **3.** Replace the sensor in case of severe deviation.

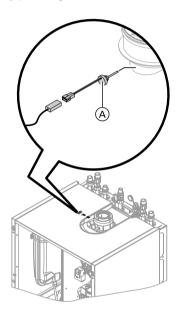


Danger

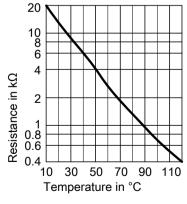
The outlet temperature sensor is immersed in the DHW (risk of scalding).
Drain the DHW side of the boiler before replacing the sensor.

Checking the flue gas temperature sensor

The flue gas temperature sensor locks out the boiler when the permissible flue gas temperature is exceeded. Reset the interlock after the flue system has cooled down by pressing reset button ${\bf R}$.



1. Pull the leads from flue gas temperature sensor (A).



- **2.** Check the sensor resistance and compare it with the curve.
- **3.** Replace the sensor in case of severe deviation.

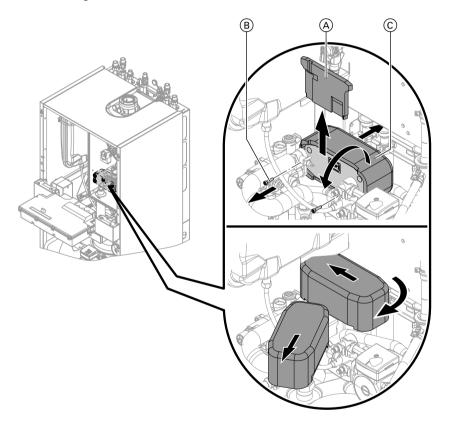
Troubleshooting

Repairs (cont.)

Checking the plate heat exchanger

Note

Drain the boiler on its heating water and DHW side. During removal, small amounts of water may trickle out and escape from the plate heat exchanger.

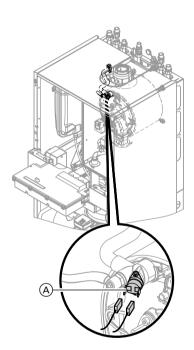


- **1.** Shut off and drain the boiler on its heating water and DHW side.
- **2.** Release the side closures and pivot the control unit forward.
- 3. Remove the siphon (see page 29).
- **4.** Push insulating mat (A) upwards and remove.
- **5.** Undo two screws (B) and pull out plate heat exchanger (C) with insulation to the front.

- 6. Check the connections on the heating water and DHW side for contamination and scaling; if required, replace the plate heat exchanger.
- Install in reverse order with new gaskets.

Checking the temperature limiter

If the burner control unit cannot be reset after a fault shutdown, although the boiler water temperature is below approx. 75 °C, check the following:

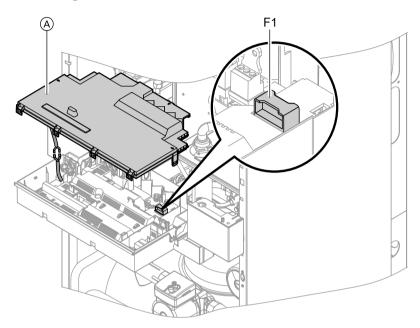


- 1. Pull the leads from temperature limiter $\widehat{\mathbb{A}}$.
- **2.** Check the continuity of the temperature limiter with a multimeter.
- **3.** Remove the faulty temperature limiter.
- **4.** Coat the replacement temperature limiter with heat conducting paste and install it.
- **5.** After commissioning, press reset button **R** on the control unit.

Troubleshooting

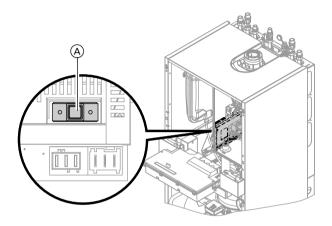
Repairs (cont.)

Checking the fuse



- 1. Switch OFF the power.
- **2.** Release the side closures and pivot the control unit down.
- 3. Remove cover (A).
- **4.** Check fuse F1 (see connection and wiring diagram).

Checking the solar control module fuse



1. Switch OFF the power.

2. Check fuse (A) in the solar control module (see connection and wiring diagram).

Extension kit for heating circuit with mixer

Checking the setting of rotary selector S1

The rotary selector on the PCB of the extension kit defines the assignment to the relevant heating circuit.

Heating circuit	Rotary selector S1 setting
Heating circuit with mixer M2 (heating circuit 2)	2 23°F
Heating circuit with mixer M3 (heating circuit 3)	4 23 %

Checking the rotational direction of the mixer motor

After being switched ON, the boiler implements a self-test. During this, the mixer is opened and closed again.

Troubleshooting

Repairs (cont.)

Note the rotational direction of the mixer motor during its self-test.

Then set the mixer manually to "Open" again.

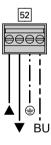
Note

The flow temperature sensor must now capture a higher temperature. If the temperature drops, either the motor is turning in the wrong direction or the mixer set is incorrectly fitted.



Mixer installation instructions

Changing the rotational direction of the mixer motor (if required)



1. Remove the upper casing cover of the extension kit.



Danger

An electric shock can be life-threatening.

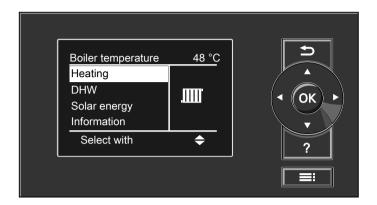
Before opening the boiler, disconnect from the mains voltage, for example at the fuse or the main isolator.

- 2. At plug 52, swap the cores at terminals "▲" and "▼".
- 3. Refit the casing cover.

Checking the Vitotronic 200-H (accessories)

The Vitotronic 200-H is connected to the control unit via the LON cable. To test the connection, carry out a subscriber check at the boiler control unit (see page 62).

Control unit



Heating mode

The control unit determines a set boiler water temperature subject to outside temperature or room temperature (if a room temperature-dependent remote control is connected) and to the slope/level of the heating curve.

The determined set boiler water temperature is transferred to the burner control unit. From the set and actual boiler water temperatures, the burner control unit calculates the modulation level and regulates the burner accordingly.

The electronic temperature limiter inside the burner control unit limits the boiler water temperature.

Heating the DHW primary cylinder from cold

The heating circuit pump is switched ON and the three-way diverter valve will be changed over, if the cylinder temperature sensor captures a temperature lower than the defaulted set temperature.

- The cylinder primary pump is switched ON if the boiler water temperature ≥ set DHW temperature.
- The burner is switched ON if the boiler water temperature ≤ set DHW temperature, and the cylinder primary pump is switched ON when the required boiler water temperature is reached.

Function description

Control unit (cont.)

The primary cylinder is heated up to the set DHW temperature. Heating stops when the set temperatures have been reached at the cylinder temperature sensor and at the outlet temperature sensor.

After heating, the cylinder primary pump and the three-way diverter valve remain ON for a further 30 s.

Boosting when DHW is drawn off

When DHW is drawn off, cold water enters at the bottom of the primary cylinder.

The heating circuit pump is switched ON and the three-way diverter valve is changed over, if the cylinder temperature sensor recognises a temperature lower than the set temperature.

- The cylinder primary pump is switched ON if the boiler water temperature ≥ set DHW temperature.
- The burner is switched ON if the boiler water temperature ≤ set DHW temperature, and the cylinder primary pump is switched ON when the required boiler water temperature is reached.

The DHW is controlled to the specified temperature via the cylinder temperature sensor.

The primary cylinder continues to be heated up after the draw off process has terminated, until the set DHW temperature has been reached at the cylinder temperature sensor.

The cylinder primary pump and the three-way diverter valve remain ON for a further 30 s.

DHW heating via solar collectors

If a temperature differential is measured between the collector temperature sensor and the cylinder temperature sensor of the solar control module, which is greater than the start temperature differential set in the control unit, the solar circuit pump is started and the DHW cylinder is heated.

The pump is stopped if the temperature falls below the stop temperature differential between the collector temperature sensor and the cylinder temperature sensor of the solar control module. The solar circuit pump is stopped if the set maximum temperature or the temperature set at the temperature limiter is reached.

Control unit (cont.)

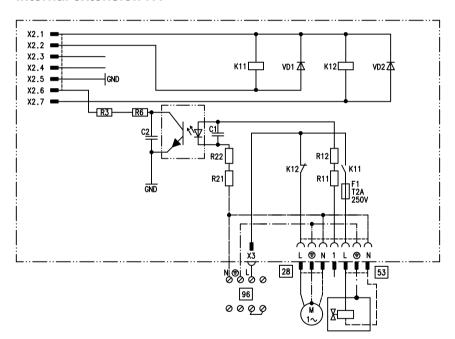
Boosting DHW heating

The booster heating function is activated if a switching period is selected for the fourth time phase.

The set temperature value for the heating boost is adjustable in coding address "58".

Internal extensions

Internal extension H1

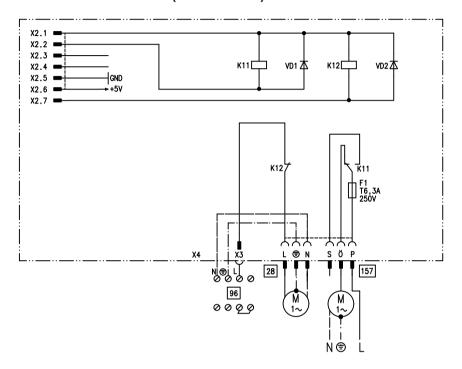


The internal extension H1 is integrated into the control unit casing. The cylinder primary pump is connected to relay output [28].

An external safety valve can be connected to [53]

Internal extensions (cont.)

Internal extension H2 (accessories)

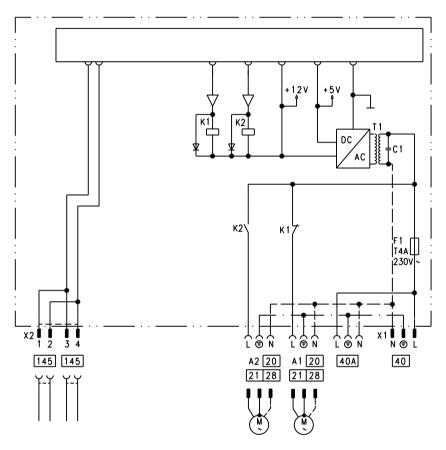


The internal extension H2 is integrated into the control unit casing instead of the internal extension H1. The cylinder primary pump is connected to relay output $\boxed{28}$.

An external extractor interlock can be connected to 157.

External extensions (accessories)

Extension AM1



- A1 Circulation pump
- A2 Circulation pump
- Power supply [terminals]
- 40 A Power supply terminal for additional accessories
- 145 KM BUS

Function description

External extensions (accessories) (cont.)

Functions

One of the following circulation pumps can be connected to each of the terminals A1 and A2:

- Heating circuit pump for the heating circuit without mixer
- Circulation pump for cylinder heating
- DHW circulation pump

Allocating functions for outputs A1 and A2

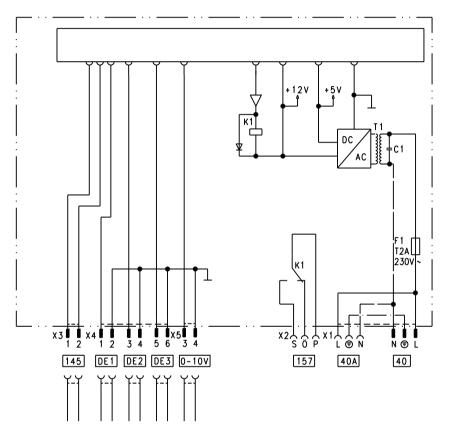
Select the function for these outputs via the codes on the boiler control unit:

Output A1: Code 33Output A2: Code 34

Function	Code	
	Output A1	Output A2
DHW circulation pump 28	33:0	34:0 (delivered
		cond.)
Heating circuit pump 20	33:1 (delivered	34:1
	cond.)	
Circulation pump for cylinder heating 21	33:2	34:2

External extensions (accessories) (cont.)

Extension EA1



DE1 Digital input 1 DE2 Digital input 2 Digital input 3 DE3

0 - 10 V 0 - 10 V input 40 Power supply [terminals]

Power supply terminal for addi-

tional accessories

157 Central fault message/feed pump/DHW circulation pump

(zero volt) **KM BUS**

145

40 A

External extensions (accessories) (cont.)

Digital data inputs DE1 to DE3

The following functions can be connected alternatively:

- External heating program changeover for each heating circuit
- External blocking
- External blocking with fault message input
- External demand with minimum boiler water temperature
- Fault message input
- Short operation of the DHW circulation pump

The hooked-up contacts must correspond to protection class II.

Input function assignment

Select the input functions via the codes on the boiler control unit:

DE1: Code 3ADE2: Code 3bDE3: Code 3C

Assigning the heating program changeover function to the heating circuits

Assign the heating program changeover function for the respective heating circuit via code d8 at the boiler control unit:

- Changeover via input DE1: Code d8:1
- Changeover via input DE2: Code d8:2
- Changeover via input DE3: Code d8:3

Select the effect of the heating program changeover via code d5:

Set the duration of the changeover via code F2.

Effect on the pumps of external blocking function

The effect on the internal circulation pump is selected with code 3E.

The effect on the relevant heating circuit pump is selected with code d6.

The effect on a circulation pump for cylinder heating is selected with code 5E.

Effect on the pumps of the external demand function

The effect on the internal circulation pump is selected with code 3F.

The effect on the relevant heating circuit pump is selected with code d7.

The effect on a circulation pump for cylinder heating is selected with code 5F.

DHW circulation pump runtime for brief operation

The runtime is set in code 3d.

Analogue input 0 - 10 V

The 0 - 10 V hook-up provides an additional set boiler water temperature:

0 - 1 V taken as "no default set boiler water temperature".

Output 157

The following functions can be connected to output 157:

- Feed pump to substation or
- DHW circulation pump or
- Fault message facility

External extensions (accessories) (cont.)

Function assignment

Select the function of output 157 via code 36 at the boiler control unit.

Control functions

External heating program changeover

The "External heating program changeover" function is connected via extension EA1. There are 3 inputs available at extension EA1 (DE1 to DE3). The function is selected via the following codes:

Heating program changeover	Code
Input DE1	3A:1
Input DE2	3b:1
Input DE3	3C:1

Assign the heating program changeover function for the respective heating circuit via code d8 at the boiler control unit:

Heating program changeover	Code
Changeover via input DE1	d8:1
Changeover via input DE2	d8:2
Changeover via input DE3	d8:3

You can select which direction the heating program changeover takes in coding address "d5":

Heating program changeover	Code
Changeover towards "Permanently reduced" or "Permanent	d5:0
standby" mode (subject to the selected set value)	
Changeover towards "Constant heating mode"	d5:1

The duration of the heating program changeover can be adjusted in coding address "F2":

Function description

Control functions (cont.)

Heating program changeover	Code
No heating program changeover	F2:0
Duration of the heating program changeover 1 to 12 hours	F2:1 to F2:12

The heating program changeover stays enabled for as long as the contact remains closed, but at least as long as the duration selected in coding address "F2".

External blocking

The "External blocking" and "External blocking and fault message input" functions are connected via extension EA1. There are 3 inputs available at extension EA1 (DE1 to DE3).

The function is selected via the following codes:

External blocking	Code
Input DE1	3A:3
Input DE2	3b:3
Input DE3	3C:3

External blocking and fault message input	Code
Input DE1	3A:4
Input DE2	3b:4
Input DE3	3C:4

The effect on the internal circulation pump is selected with code 3E.

The effect on the relevant heating circuit pump is selected with code d6.

External demand

The "External demand" function is connected via extension EA1. There are 3 inputs available at extension EA1 (DE1 to DE3).

The function is selected via the following codes:

Control functions (cont.)

External demand	Code
Input DE1	3A:2
Input DE2	3b:2
Input DE3	3C:2

The effect on the internal circulation pump is selected with code 3F.
The effect on the relevant heating circuit pump is selected with code d7.

The minimum set boiler water temperature in case of external demand is selected in coding address "9b".

Venting program

During the venting program, the circulation pump will be alternately switched ON and OFF for 30 s respectively over a period of 20 min.

For a certain period, the diverter valve is alternately set towards heating and DHW heating. The burner is switched OFF during the venting program.

Activate venting program: See "Venting the heating system".

Fill program

In the delivered condition, the diverter valve is set to its central position, enabling the system to be filled completely. After switching ON the control unit, the diverter valve no longer goes into its central position.

Afterwards, the diverter valve can be moved via the fill function into the central position (see "Filling the heating system"). In this position, the control unit can be switched OFF, and the system can be filled completely.

Screed drying function

The screed function enables screeds to be dried. For this, always observe the details specified by the screed manufacturer.

Filling with the control unit switched ON

If the system is to be filled with the control unit switched ON, the diverter valve is moved in the fill program to its central position and the pump starts.

When the function is enabled, the burner shuts down. The program is automatically disabled after 20 min.

Function description

Control functions (cont.)

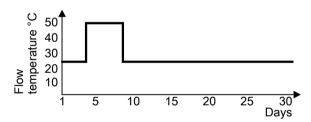
When the screed drying function is activated, the heating circuit pump of the mixer circuit is switched ON and the flow temperature will be held in accordance with the selected profile. After completion (30 days), the mixer circuit will again be regulated automatically via the set parameters.

Observe EN 1264. The report to be provided by the heating contractor must contain the following heat-up details:

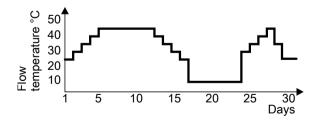
- Heat-up data with respective flow temperatures
- Max. flow temperature achieved
- Operating conditions and outside temperature during handover

The various temperature profiles are adjustable via coding address "F1". The function continues after power failure or after the control unit has been switched OFF. "Heating and DHW" will be started after the screed drying function has been terminated or if code "F1:0" is manually adjusted.

Temperature profile 1: (EN 1264-4) code F1:1



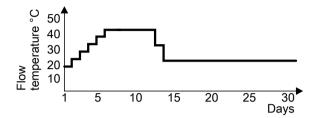
Temperature profile 2: (ZV parquet and flooring technology) code F1:2



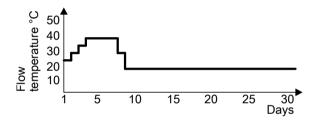
Service

Control functions (cont.)

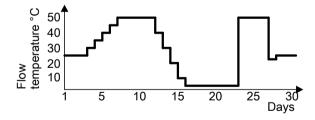
Temperature profile 3: Code F1:3



Temperature profile 4: Code F1:4



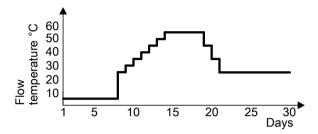
Temperature profile 5: Code F1:5



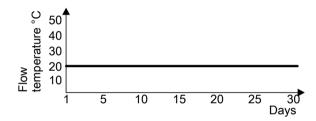
Function description

Control functions (cont.)

Temperature profile 6: Code F1:6



Temperature profile 7: Code F1:15



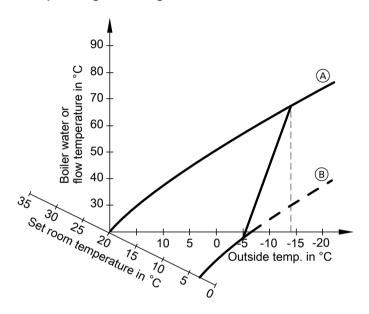
Raising the reduced room temperature

During operation with reduced room temperature, the reduced set room temperature can be automatically raised subject to the outside temperature. The temperature is raised in accordance with the selected heating curve, but no higher than the set standard room temperature.

The outside temperature limits for the start and end of the temperature raising can be adjusted via coding addresses "F8" and "F9".

Control functions (cont.)

Example using the settings in the delivered condition



- (A) Heating curve for operation with standard room temperature
- (B) Heating curve for operation with reduced room temperature

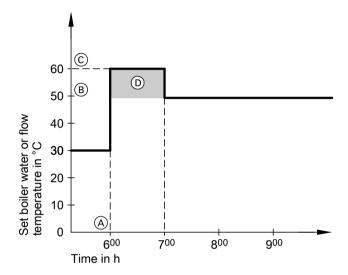
Reducing the heat-up time

During the transition from operation with reduced room temperature to operation with standard room temperature, the boiler water or flow temperature will be raised in accordance with the selected heating curve. The boiler water or flow temperature can be automatically increased.

The value and duration of the additional increase of the set boiler water or flow temperature can be adjusted in coding addresses "FA" and "Fb".

Control functions (cont.)

Example using the settings in the delivered condition



- A Start of operation with standard room temperature
- Set boiler water or flow temperature in accordance with the selected heating curve
- © Set boiler water or flow temperature in accordance with coding address "FA":

- Duration of operation with raised set boiler water or flow temperature in accordance with coding address "Fb":
 - 60 min

Allocating heating circuits to the remote control

The heating circuit allocation must be configured when commissioning the Vitotrol 200A or Vitotrol 300A.

Heating circuit	Configuration		
	Vitotrol 200A	Vitotrol 300A	
The remote control affects the heating circuit without mixer A1	H 1	HK1	
The remote control affects the heating circuit with mixer M2	H 2	HK2	
The remote control affects the heating circuit with mixer M3	H 3	HK3	

Note

One heating circuit can be allocated to the Vitotrol 200A.

Up to three heating circuits can be allocated to the Vitotrol 300A.

If the heating circuit allocation is later cancelled, reset coding address A0 for this heating circuit to 0 (fault message bC, bd, bE).

Electronic combustion controller

The electronic combustion controller utilises the physical correlation between the level of the ionisation current and the air factor λ . For all gas qualities, the maximum ionisation current results with air factor 1.

The ionisation signal is evaluated by the combustion controller, and the air factor is adjusted to between λ =1.24 and 1.44. This range provides for an optimum combustion quality. Thereafter, the electronic gas valve regulates the required gas volume subject to the prevailing gas quality.

To check the combustion quality, the CO_2 content or the O_2 content of the flue gas is measured. The actual values enable the prevailing air factor to be determined. The relationship between the CO_2 or O_2 content and air factor λ is illustrated in the following table.

Function description

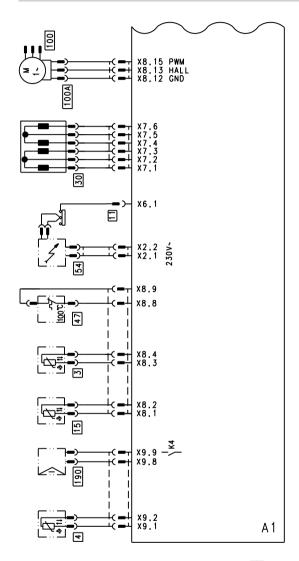
Electronic combustion controller (cont.)

Air factor $\lambda - CO_2/O_2$ content

Air factor λ	O ₂ content (%)	CO ₂ content (%) for nat-	CO ₂ content (%) for
		ural gas H	LPG P
1.24	4.4	9.2	10.9
1.27	4.9	9.0	10.6
1.30	5.3	8.7	10.3
1.34	5.7	8.5	10.0
1.37	6.1	8.3	9.8
1.40	6.5	8.1	9.6
1.44	6.9	7.8	9.3

To achieve an optimum combustion control, the system regularly carries out an automatic self-calibration; also after a power failure (shutdown). For this, the combustion is briefly regulated to max. ionisation current (equals air factor λ =1). The automatic calibration is carried out shortly after the burner start and lasts approx. 5 s. During calibration, higher than normal CO emissions may occur briefly.

Internal connection diagram



Α1 Main PCB

Electrical interfaces X...

3 Boiler water temperature sensor

Outlet temperature sensor

Ionisation electrode

Flue gas temperature sensor

30 Stepper motor for diverter valve 47

Temperature limiter

54 Ignition unit

Fan motor 100

190

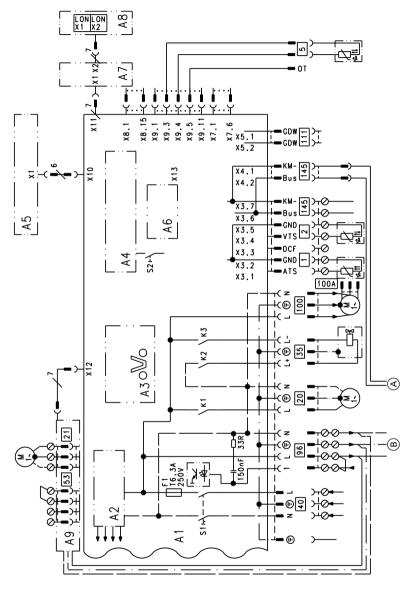
100 A Fan motor control

Modulation coil

11

15

External connection diagram



- Α1 Main PCB
- Power supply unit Α2
- А3 Optolink

- A4 Burner control unit
- Programming unit
- A5 Coding card A6

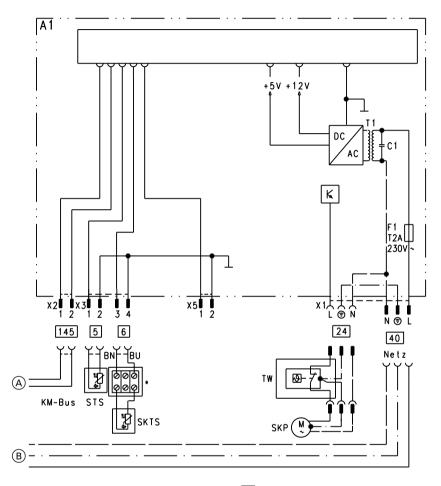
External connection diagram (cont.)

loss header

A7	Connection adaptor	5	Cylinder temperature sensor
A8	LON communication module		(plug on the cable harness)
A9	Internal extension H1	20	Internal circulation pump
S1	ON/OFF switch	21	Cylinder primary pump
S2	Reset button	35	Gas solenoid valve
X	Electrical interfaces	40	Power supply
A	KM BUS to the solar control mod-	96	Power supply accessories and
	ule		Vitotrol 100
B	Solar control module power sup-	100	Fan motor
	ply	100 A	Fan motor control
1	Outside temperature sensor	111	Gas pressure limiter
2	Flow temperature sensor, low	145	KM BUS

Designs

Connection diagram, solar control module



- A1 Main PCB
- TW Temperature limiter
- X... Electrical interfaces
- A KM BUS from the control unit
- B Power supply from the control unit
- Cylinder temperature sensor
- 6 Collector temperature sensor
- Solar circuit pump
- 40 Power supply
- 145 KM BUS

Parts lists

Quote the part and serial no. (see type plate) and the item number of the required part (as per this parts list).
Obtain standard parts from your local supplier.

- 001 Diaphragm expansion vessel
- 002 Connection line; diaphragm expansion vessel
- 003 Cap panel with gasket
- 004 Profiled seal
- 005 Boiler flue connection
- 006 Plug
- 007 Ventilation air gasket
- 008 Flue gas gasket
- 009 O-ring 8 x 2 (5 pce)
- 010 Heat exchanger
- 011 Moulded hose, return
- 012 Condensate hose
- 013 Siphon
- 015 Hose 19 x 800 mm, corrugated
- 016 Condensate hose (400 mm long)
- 017 Hose 19 x 1100 mm, corrugated
- 019 Condensate manifold
- 020 Spacer
- 021 Safety valve
- 022 Right-angle shut-off valve, central draw-off
- 023 Hose ferrule
- 024 Right-angle shut-off valve, DHW cylinder heating
- 025 Connection line, DHW heating
- 026 Bezel
- 027 Non-return valve
- 028 Air vent valve G3/8
- 029 Pressure gauge
- 030 Right-angle shut-off valve, cylinder cold water
- 031 Gas pipe
- 032 Flow pipe
- 033 Connecting pipe, cold water, cylinder

- 034 Heating water flow connecting pipe
- 035 Connection pipework, heating water return
- 036 Connection pipework, cold water
- 037 DHW connecting pipe
- 038 Heating water flow connecting pipe
- 039 Cold water connection
- 040 Heating water return connecting pipe
- 041 Connecting pipe, central draw-off
- 042 Solar return connecting pipe
- 043 Solar circuit pump connecting pipe
- 044 Solar flow connecting pipe
- 045 Connector for solar filling equipment
- 046 Filling facility for solar heat transfer medium
- 047 Solar connection elbow
- 048 Sensor well
- 050 Flow unit
- 051 Return unit
- 052 Overflow valve
- 053 Plug Ø 8/10 mm
- 054 Plate heat exchanger
- 055 Profiled gasket
- 056 Valve insert
- 057 Overflow pipe
- 058 Plate heat exchanger insulation shell
- 059 Plate heat exchanger insulation board
- 062 Burner gauze assembly
- 063 Burner gauze assembly gasket
- 066 Burner flange gasket
- 067 Fan
- 068 Gas train
- 069 Burner door
- 070 Ignition unit
- 071 Ionisation electrode gasket
- 072 Ignition electrode gasket
- 074 Gas nozzle
- 075 Venturi extension
- 080 Gasket set A 16 x 24 x 2.0



Parts lists

Parts lists (cont.)

081	Gasket set A 17 x 24 x 2.0	162	Sleeve
082	Gasket set A 10 x 15 x 1.5	164	Cylinder gasket
084	Gasket 23 x 30 x 2.0	166	Anode flange with gasket
085	O-ring gasket set 17.86 x 2.62	167	Flange insulation
086	O-ring 9.6 x 2.4	171	Sleeve
087	O-ring 14.3 x 2.4	172	Cover
880	O-ring 35.4 x 3.6	173	Sensor retainer
089	Set of plug connector retainers	174	Draw-off connector sleeve
090	Toggle fastener (set)	200	Side panel, left
092	Grommet	202	Side panel, right
093	Pipe clip ∅ 18	204	Top cover
	Pipe clip ∅ 18/1.5	205	Front panel, top
095	Hose clip DN 25	206	Front panel, bottom
096	Clip Ø 8	207	Adjustable foot
	Clip ∅ 10	208	Fixing elements
098	Clip ∅ 15		Top panel insert
	Clip Ø 18	300	Control unit
	Hose clip Ø 34.3 - 38.7	301	Casing back panel
	Locking clip, condensate drain	302	Boiler coding card
	Drain plug (set)	303	Fuse 6.3 A slow (10 pce.)
	Cap	304	Fuse holder
	Hose Ø 10 x 1.5 x 750	305	Programming unit for weather-
	Union nut G 1		compensated mode
107	Grommet	307	LON communication module
110	Quick-action air vent valve		(accessories)
111	Cylinder mounting bracket	308	PCB adaptor, LON module (acces
	Control unit support		sories)
	Check valve with casing	309	Internal extension H1
	Pipe clip Ø 18	315	Locking bolts, left and right
130	VIUPSO circulation pump		Slider, left and right
	VIUP circulation pump	318	Solar control module
	VI solar circuit pump	324	Solar cylinder temperature control
	VIUPS circulation pump motor		ler
	VIUP circulation pump motor		
	Circulation pump motor		aring parts
	Flue gas temperature sensor		Burner gasket
	Thermal circuit breaker		Insulation ring
142	Temperature sensor		Ignition electrode with gasket
	Cylinder temperature sensor		Ionisation electrode with gasket
	Cylinder temperature sensor, solar	165	Magnesium anode

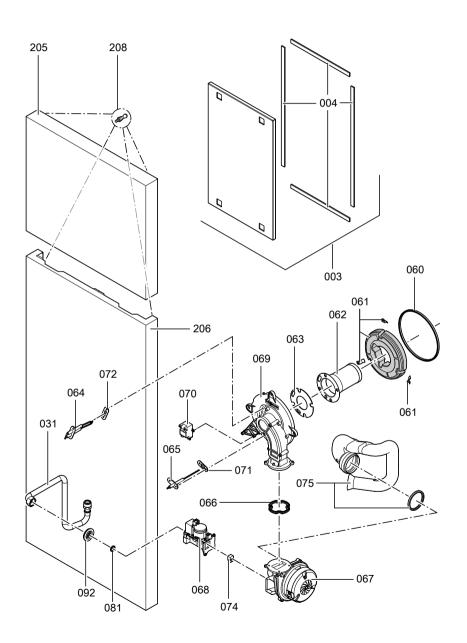
151 T&P valve160 Cylinder

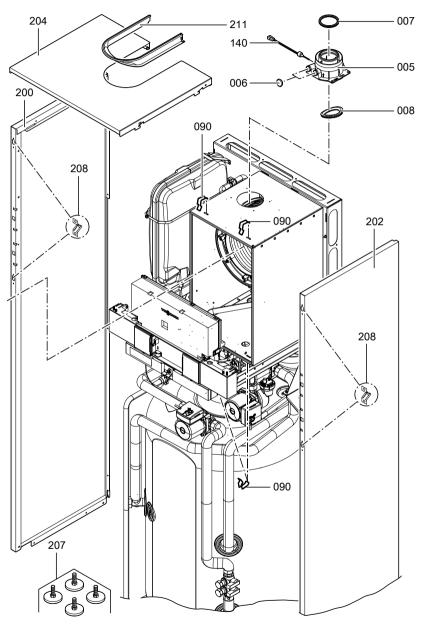
150 T&P valve connecting pipe

Parts not shown

- 108 Special grease
- 209 Touch-up paint stick, Vitowhite
- 210 Spray paint, Vitowhite
- 310 Cable harness X8/X9/ionisation
- 311 Cable harness 100/35/54 (auxiliary earth)
- 312 Cable harness stepper motor
- 313 Mating plug set
- 314 Cable fixing
- 317 Collector temperature sensor

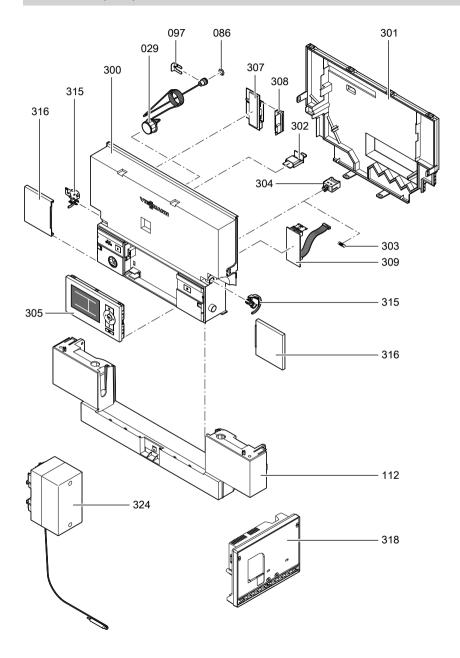
- 319 Adaptor lead for collector temperature sensor
- 320 Plug set, LV
- 321 Plug set, 230 V
- 322 KM BUS connecting cable 145
- 323 Power cable 40
- 401 Operating instructions for weathercompensated mode
- 402 Installation and service instructions
- A Type plate

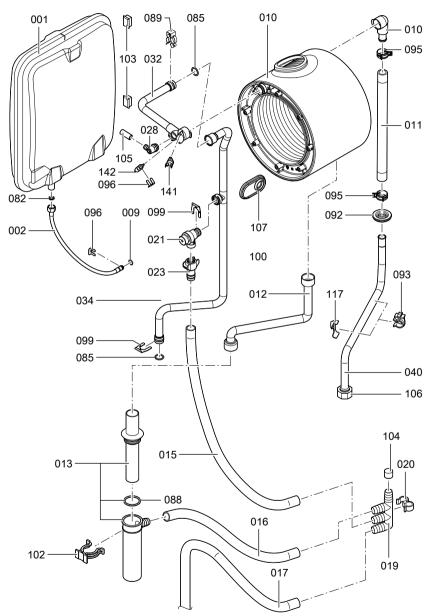


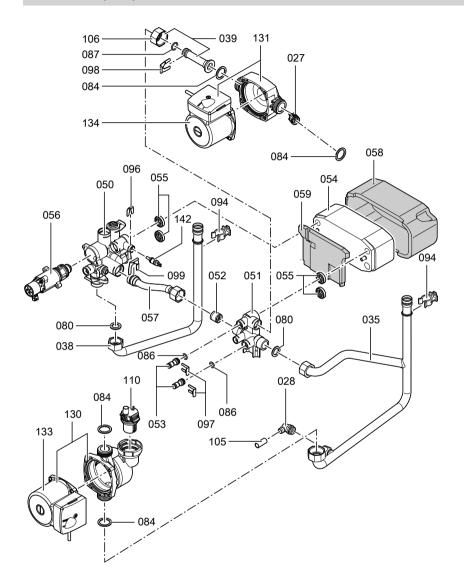


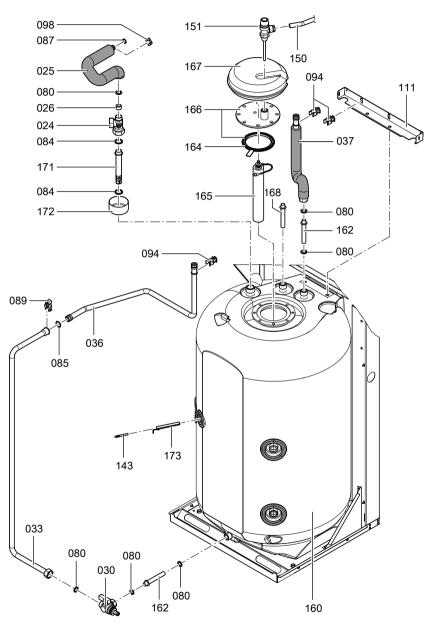
5412 755 GB

Parts lists

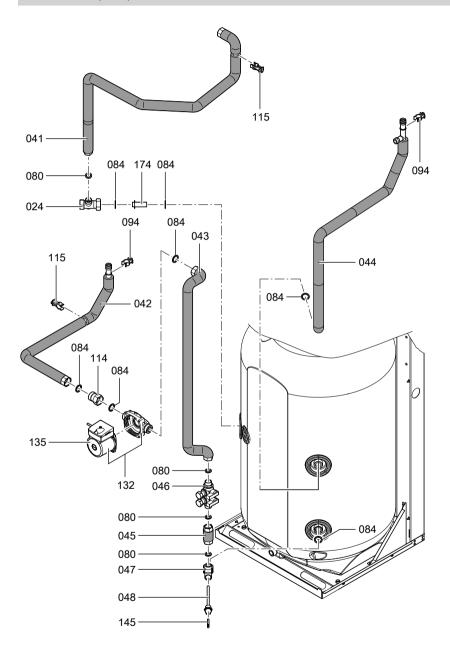








5412755 GB



Commissioning/service reports

Setting and test val- ues		Set value	Commis- sioning	Service
	Date: By:		3	
Static pressure	mbar	max. 57.5 mbar		
Supply pressure (flow pressure)				
for natural gas H	mbar	17.4-25 mbar		
for LPG	mbar	25-47 mbar		
Tick gas type				
Carbon dioxide content CO ₂				
■ at lower output	% by vol.			
■ at upper output	% by vol.			
Oxygen content O ₂				
■ at lower output	% by vol.			
■ at upper output	% by vol.			
Carbon monoxide content CO				
■ at lower output	ppm			
■ at upper output	ррт			

Specification

Specification

Rated voltage 230 V Electronic tempera-

Rated frequency 50 Hz ture limiter setting 82 °C

Rated current 6 A Temperature limiter

Protection class I setting 100 °C (fixed)

IP rating IP X 4 D to Line fuse (power sup-

EN 60529 ply) max. 16 A

Permissible ambient temperature

■ during operation 0 to +40 °C

■ during storage and

transport -20 to +65 °C

Rated output range				
at T _V /T _R 50/30 °C	kW	4.8 to 19	6.5 to 26	
at T _V /T _R 80/60 °C	kW	4.3 to 17.5	5.9 to 24.1	
Rated output for DHW heating	kW	4.3 to 17.5	5.9 to 26.4	
Rated heat input range	kW	4.5 to 17.9	6.2 to 29.7	
Power consumption	W	90	105	
Connection values				
in relation to the max. load				
Natural gas H	m³/h	1.89	3.23	
LPG	kg/h	1.40	2.39	
Product ID		C€-0085BU0051		
Cylinder heat-up time, 15 to 60 °C		19 mins		
Cylinder heat-up time, 70% volume		15 r	nins	

Note

The supply values are only for documentation purposes (e.g. in the gas contract application) or to estimate the supplementary volumetric settings. Because of factory settings, the gas pressure must not be altered from these values. Reference: 15 °C, 1013 mbar.

Declaration of conformity

Declaration of conformity for the Vitodens 242-F

We, Viessmann Werke GmbH&Co KG, D-35107 Allendorf, declare as sole responsible body, that the product **Vitodens 242-F** complies with the following standards:

 DIN 4753
 EN 55 014

 EN 483
 EN 60 335-1

 EN 625
 EN 60 335-2-102

 EN 677
 EN 61 000-3-2

 EN 806
 EN 61 000-3-3

EN 12897

In accordance with the following Directives, this product is designated **C€-0085**:

97/23/EC 2006/ 95/EC 92/42/EEC 2009/142/EC

2004/108/EC

This product meets the requirements of the Efficiency Directive (92/42/EEC) for **condensing boilers**.

Allendorf, 2 April 2010 Viessmann Werke GmbH&Co KG

pp. Manfred Sommer

Certificates

Manufacturer's certificate according to the 1st BlmSchV [Germany]

We, Viessmann Werke GmbH&Co KG, D-35107 Allendorf, confirm that the product **Vitodens 242-F** meets the NO_x limits specified by the 1st BImSchV paragraph 7 (2) [Germany].

Allendorf, 2 April 2010

Viessmann Werke GmbH&Co KG

pp. Manfred Sommer

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Applicability

Gas condensing/solar storage combi boiler

Type FB2B	from serial no.	
4.8 to 19 kW	7438 015	
6.5 to 26 kW	7438 016	

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